

## Wisconsin Motors, LLC

2020 Fletcher Creek Dr. Memphis, TN 38133 Ph 901-371-0353 or 800-932-2858 Fax 901-372-2183

www.wisconsinmotors.com

## AENL, AEN AENS

# INSTRUCTION BOOK AND PARTS LIST

## **IMPORTANT**

#### **READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY**

#### SERVICE FACILITIES

WISCONSIN MOTORS Distributors and Service Centers, located throughout the U.S. and foreign countries, have been carefully selected to insure complete and efficient repair and inspection service to owners of WISCONSIN MOTORS Engines. These service centers, equipped and staffed for complete engine repair, also stock engine parts to facilitate immediate delivery for the complete line of WISCONSIN MOTORS Engines.

#### STARTING AND OPERATING OF NEW ENGINES

Careful breaking in of a new engine will greatly increase its life and result in trouble-free operation. A factory test is not sufficient to establish the polished bearing surfaces, which are so necessary to the proper performance and long life of an engine. Neither is there a quick way to force the establishment of good bearing surfaces. These can only be obtained by running a new engine carefully and under reduced speeds and loads for a short time, as follows:

First, be sure the engine is filled to the proper level with a good quality of engine oil, see "Grade of Oil" chart.

Before a new engine is put to its regular work, the engine should be operated at low idle speed (1000 to 1200 R.P.M.) for one half hour, without load. The R. P. M. should then be increased to engine operating speed, still without load, for an additional two hours.

If at all possible, operate the engine at light loads, for a period totaling about eight hours, before maximum load is applied. This will greatly increase engine life.

The various bearing surfaces in a new engine have not been glazed, as they will be with continued operation, and it is in this period of "running in," that special care must be exercised, otherwise the highly desired glaze will never be obtained. A new bearing surface that has once been damaged by carelessness will be ruined forever.

Our engine warranty is printed on the inside back cover of this manual. Read it carefully.

For your own record and for ordering purposes:

MODEL	SPECIFICATION	SERIAL NUMBER

THE ABOVE INFORMATION, WHICH WILL BE FOUND ON THE INSTRUCTION PLATE ATTACHED TO THE AIR SHROUD OF THE ENGINE, SHOULD BE FILLED IN. YOUR PROMPT ATTENTION TO THIS MATTER WILL MAKE IT CONVENIENT FOR YOU IN THE FUTURE, AS THIS INFORMATION **MUST** BE GIVEN WHEN ORDERING ENGINE REPAIR PARTS.

### **BOOK OF INSTRUCTIONS**

## WISCONSIN Air-Cooled

### SINGLE CYLINDER ENGINES



READ THE STARTING AND OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS THOROUGHLY BEFORE STARTING A NEW ENGINE. BECOME ACQUAINTED WITH THE ENGINE COMPONENTS; THEIR LOCATION, MAINTENANCE AND ADJUSTMENT REQUIREMENTS.

#### NOTE:

MODELS AEN and AENS ARE OBSOLETE and WERE REPLACED BY MODEL AENL. ALL SERVICE REPLACEMENT PARTS FOR MODEL AENL CAN BE APPLIED TO MODELS AEN and AENS.

**FLYWHEEL ALTERNATOR** Instructions and Parts List are located in the rear section of this manual.

## Models AENL AEN, AENS

**ISSUE WM 20253** 

3" Bore — 3-1/4" Stroke 23 cu. in. Displacement

The AENL engine with LONG LIFE exhaust valve and seat insert has the letter 'D' suffixed to the model designation and is referred to as the Model AENLD.

#### INTRODUCTION

This manual has been compiled to suit the service requirements of the basic engine and accessories most commonly supplied with engines.

WISCONSIN MOTORS adapts its engines to suit individual customer requirements whenever practical. It evidently would become too involved to include all variations in one manual; therefore, should any problems arise concerning engine servicing, we advise that a Wisconsin distributor or authorized service station be contacted as they are capable of identifying all parts by the specification number stamped on the name plate of engine

Wisconsin heavy duty air-cooled engines are of the most advanced design and are built in a modern factory, equipped with the latest machinery available. Only the best materials, most suitable for the particular part, are used. During production every part is subjected to the most rigid inspection, as are also the completely assembled engines. After assembly, every engine is operated on its own power for several hours, and all adjustments are carefully made so that each engine will be in perfect operating condition when it leaves the factory.

Over 90 years of engineering experience back WISCONSIN MOTORS in the design of gasoline engines for every conceivable type of service. The performance of these engines is proof of the long satisfactory service you too can expect from your engine.

Like all fine machinery, the engine must be given regular care and be operated in accordance with the instructions.

## **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- Never fill fuel tank while engine is running or hot; avoid the possibility of spilled fuel causing a fire.
- Always refuel slowly to avoid spillage.
- •When starting engine, maintain a safe distance from moving parts of equipment.
- Do not start engine with clutch engaged.
- Do not operate engine in a closed building unless the exhaust is piped outside. This exhaust contains carbon monoxide, a poisonous, odorless and invisible gas, which if breathed causes serious illness and possible death.

- Never run engine with governor disconnected, or operate at speeds in excess of 3600 R.P.M. load.
- •Never make adjustments on machinery, while it is connected to the engine, without first removing the ignition cable from the spark plug. Turning the machinery over by hand during adjusting or cleaning might start the engine and machinery with it, causing serious injury to the operator.
- Precaution is the best insurance against accidents.

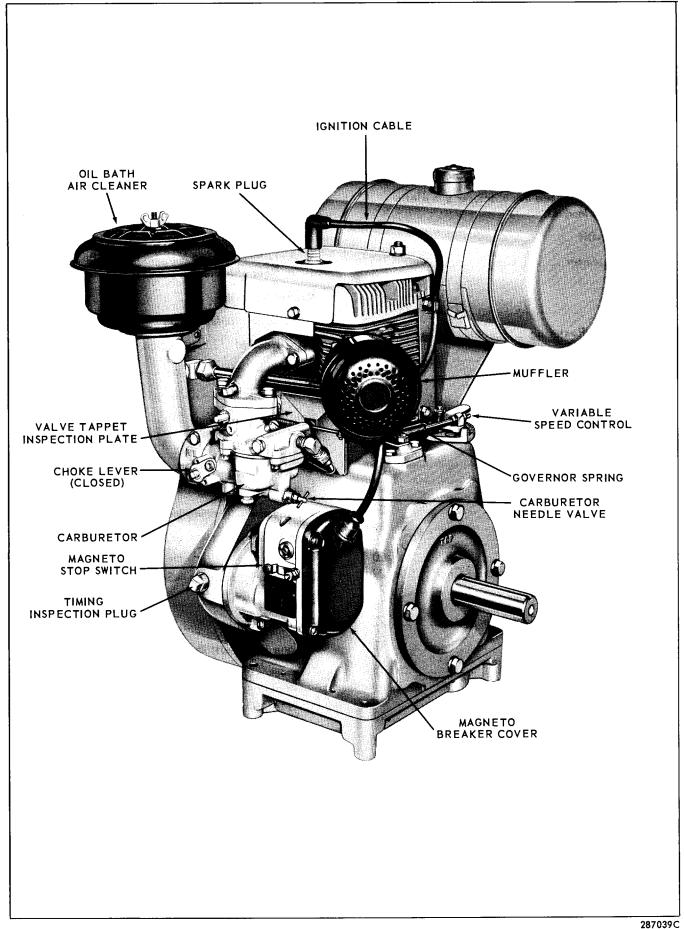
Keep this book handy at all times, familiarize yourself with the operating instructions.

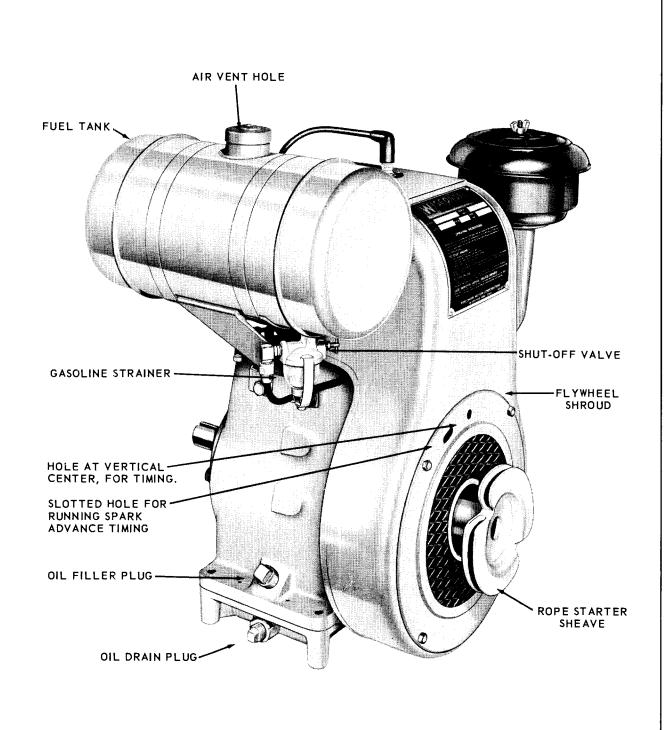
## INDEX

Ρ.	AGE		PAGE
Air Cleaners	9	Ignition	. 7
Alternator — Rear of Manual.		Ignition Switch	. 10
Battery Ignition - Timing	12	Illustration of Engine	. 4-5
Neon Lamp Timing	13	Lubrication	
Carburetor Adjustment	9	Lubrication System	
Carburetor Repair — See Manufacturer's Bulletin in Rear of Manual.		Magneto – Breaker Point Adjustment	
Clutch Take-Off	14	Magneto Ignition Spark	. 11
Clutch Adjustment	15	Magneto Repair — See Manufacturer's Bulletin in Rear of Manual.	
Cooling	7	Magneto Timing	. 11
Compression	17	Motor-Generator Operating Instructions	
Compression - Restoring	14	Oil — Grade of	
Cross Section of Engine	6	Parts List Section	
Disassembly and Reassembly	18	Reduction Gears	
Air Shroud	19 23	_	_
Carburetor and Air Cleaner	19	Rotation	
Connecting Rod and Piston	20	Safety Precautions	. 2
Crankshaft	22	Service Center Directory – Rear of Manual.	
Cylinder	22	Spark Plug	. 14
Cylinder Head	19		
Engine Base	20 18	Starting and Operating Instructions	. 7
Flywheel Fuel Tank	18	Starting and Operation of New Engine (See	
Oil Pump	20	Inside of Front Cover)	
Piston, Ring and Rod Clearance Chart	22	Starting - Rope Starter - Starting Procedure	. 8
Piston Rings	21		
Starter Sheave	18	Stopping Engine	. 9
Valves, Guides and Seat Inserts	22	Storage of Engine	. 16
Electric Wiring Circuits	13	Testing of Rebuilt Engine	. 18
Fuel	8	Troubles - Causes and Remedies	. 16
Fuel Pump	10	Backfiring Through Carburetor	
Fuel Strainer	10	Ignition Knocking	
Gear Train	22	Missing	. 17
General Design	7	OverheatsStarting Difficulties	
Generator and Timer Maintenance	13	Stops	
	24	Surging or Galloping	. 17
Governor Adjustment	23	Valves – Grinding and Tolerances	. 22
Governor - Description - Operation		Valve Tappet – Adjustment	. 23
High Temperature Safety Switch	14	Warm-Up Period — Overspeeding	. 9
Horsepower	7		

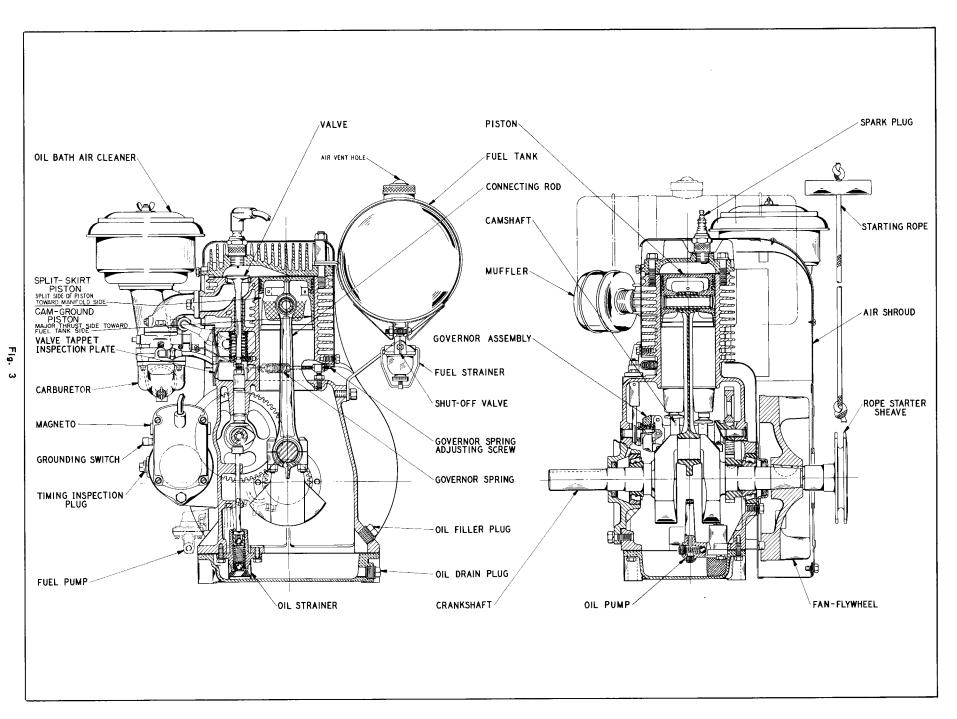
3

MI-427-3





287041C



#### **GENERAL DESIGN**

Wisconsin engines are of the four cycle type, in which each of the four operations of suction, compression, expansion and exhaust constitutes a complete stroke. This produces one power stroke for each two revolutions of the crankshaft.

#### **COOLING**

Cooling is accomplished by a flow of air, circulated over the cylinder and head of the engine, by a combination fan-flywheel encased in a sheet metal shroud. The air is divided and directed by ducts and baffle plates to insure uniform cooling of all parts.

Never operate an engine with any part of the shrouding removed – this will retard air cooling.

Keep the cylinder and head fins free from dirt and chaff. Improper circulation of cooling air will cause engine to overheat.

#### **CARBURETOR**

The proper combustible mixture of gasoline and air is furnished by a balanced carburetor, giving correct fuel to air ratios for all speeds and loads.

#### **GOVERNOR**

A governor of the centrifugal flyball type controls the engine speed by varying the throttle opening to suit the load imposed upon the engine. These engines are equipped with either a *fixed speed* or *variable speed* control, to regulate the governed speed of the engine.

#### IGNITION

The spark for ignition of the fuel mixture is furnished by a high tension magneto driven off the timing gears at crankshaft speed. The magneto is fitted with an impulse coupling, which makes possible a powerful spark for easy starting. Also, the impulse coupling automatically retards the spark for starting, thus eliminating possible kick back from engine while cranking.

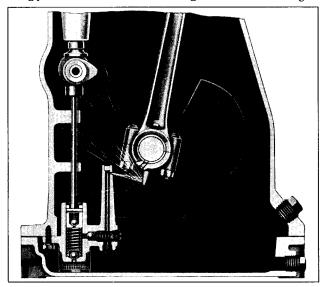


Fig. 4 141162C-1

**Battery ignition** (12 volt) timer, is furnished in place of magneto on engines equipped with flywheel alternator or generator.

#### **LUBRICATION SYSTEM (Fig. 4)**

A plunger type pump supplies oil to a spray nozzle which directs an oil stream against the connecting rod. Part of the oil enters the rod bearings thru holes in the rod, and the balance of oil forms a spray or mist which provides ample lubrication for all internal friction surfaces of the engine.

#### ROTATION

The rotation of the crankshaft is **clockwise** when viewing the flywheel or starting end of the engine. This gives **counter-clockwise** rotation when viewing the power take-off end of the crankshaft.

#### HORSEPOWER

R.P.M.	HORSEPOWER
1600	4.7
1800	5.4
2000	6.1
2200	6.8
2400	7.4
2600	7.9
2800	8.5
3000	8.9
3200	9.2
3400	9.2
3600	9.2

Horsepower given in the accompanying chart is for an atmospheric temperature of 60° Fahrenheit at sea level and at a Barometric pressure of 29.92 inches of mercury.

For each inch lower Barometer reading deduct 3½% from above horsepower.

For each 10° higher temperature there will be a reduction in horsepower of 1%.

For each 1000 ft. altitude above sea level, there will be a reduction in horsepower of 3½%.

The friction in new engines cannot be reduced to the ultimate minimum during the regular block test, but engines are guaranteed to develop at least 85 per cent of maximum power when shipped from the factory. The power will increase as friction is reduced during a few days of operation. The engine will develop at least 95% of maximum horsepower when friction is reduced to a minimum.

For continuous operation, allow 20% of horsepower shown, as a safety factor.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR STARTING AND OPERATING

#### LUBRICATION

Before starting a new engine, fill crankcase base with the proper grade of engine oil, as specified in "grade of oil chart". Fill thru the filler plug opening, illustrated in Fig. 4, to the level of the hole. The crankcase capacity is **3 pints**.

For run-in of new engines, use same oil as recommended in *Grade of Oil Chart*.

Use only high-grade highly refined oils, corresponding in body to the S. A. E. (Society of Automotive Engineers) Viscosity Numbers listed in *Grade of Oil Chart*. These will prove economical and assure long engine life.

#### SERVICE CLASSIFICATION OF OIL

In addition to the S.A.E. Viscosity grades, oils are also classified according to severity of engine service. use oils classified by the American Petroleum Institute as **Service SE** or **SF**. This type of oil is for engines performing under unfavorable or severe operating conditions such as: high speeds, constant starting and stopping, operating in extreme high or low temperatures and excessive idling.

#### GRADE OF OIL

SEASON OR TEMPERATURE	GRADE OF OIL
Spring, Summer or Autumn	SAE 30
+ 120°F to + 40°F	
Winter + 40°F to + 15°F + 15°F to 0°F Below Zero	SAE 20-20W SAE 10W SAE 5W-20
Use oils classified as S	Service SE or SF
Crankcase Capacity	3 Pts.

Follow summer recommendations in winter if engine is housed in warm building.

Check oil level every 8 hours of operation.

The old oil should be drained and fresh oil added after every 50 hours of operation.

To drain oil, remove drain plug illustrated in Fig. 4. Oil should be drained while engine is hot, as it will then flow more freely.

#### **FUEL**

The fuel tank should be filled with a good quality gasoline free from dirt and water. The capacity of the tank is 1½ gallons. Some of the poorer grades of gasoline contain gum which will deposit on valve stems, piston rings, and in the various small passages in the carburetor, causing trouble in operating, and in fact might prevent the engine from operating at all.

Use only reputable, well known brands of gasoline of the REGULAR GRADE.

The gasoline should have an octane rating of at least 90. Fuel with a low octane rating will cause detonation, and if operation is continued under this condition, severe damage will result to the engine. The

cylinder and piston will be scored, head gasket blown out, bearings will be damaged, etc.

Be sure that air vent in fuel tank cap is not plugged with dirt, as this would impede the flow of gasoline to the carburetor.

#### STARTING

#### **ROPE STARTER (Fig. 5)**

This engine is equipped with a rope starter, which has an advantage over a starting crank in that a pull on the rope will give two full revolutions of the crankshaft. This will result in easier starting, especially if direct connected loads are coupled to the engine, such as generators, compressors, or belted equipment, and when no clutch is used.

#### STARTING PROCEDURE

- 1. Check crankcase and air cleaner oil level, and fuel supply. Open fuel valve.
- If applicable, open high speed needle valve on carburetor 1¼ turns (See "Carburetor-Adjustment").
- 3. Disengage clutch, if fumished.
- Set throttle about 1/2 open if variable speed governor control is furnished. With a fixed speed governor, spring will hold throttle open for starting.
- 5. Close choke on carburetor and turn engine over once. Open choke half-way, turn engine over to compression with starter sheave and then turn back one-half turn. Wind rope fully on sheave and pull briskly to turn crankshaft over.

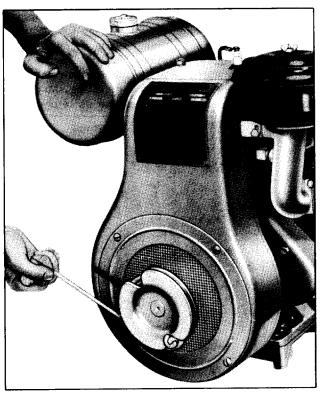


Fig. 5 140443C-1

MI-891-3 8

With starting motor, pull out ignition switch and depress starter button.

After engine starts, open choke fully. Less choking is necessary in warm weather or when engine is warm, than when it is cold. Should flooding occur, open choke fully and continue cranking.

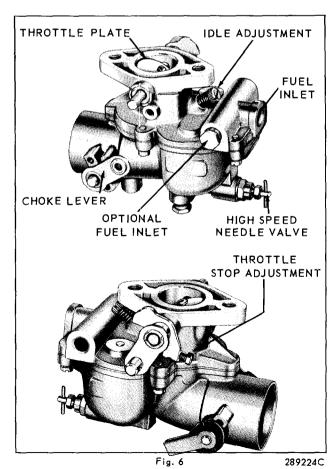
If all conditions are right, engine will start promptly after one or two attempts. After engine starts, allow it to warm up a few minutes, before applying load, as prescribed in 'Warm-Up Period' paragraphs.

New engines should be "run-in" gradually to insure trouble-free service. Refer to "Starting and Operation of New Engine", on the inside front cover of this manual, for correct "running-in" procedure.

#### CARBURETOR ADJUSTMENT (Fig. 6)

The main metering jet in the standard engine carburetor is of the fixed type and therefore no adjustment can be made.

On engines with an adjustable jet carburetor, the high speed needle valve should be opened ¾ to 1¼ turns. With the engine warmed up and running at normal operating speed, the needle valve should then be readjusted for best operation. This adjustment need only be made the first time the engine is started. In cold weather, starting may be facilitated by opening the needle valve slightly more, then readjusted to normal running position after engine is started.



The correct amount of throttle plate opening for low idle speed is obtained by means of the throttle stop adjustment. However, this is set at the factory so that no further adjustment is necessary. The idle adjustment is for smooth low speed operation and this adjustment, if necessary, must be made with the carburetor throttle lever closed.

For further information, refer to carburetor service instructions in the rear of this manual.

#### WARM-UP PERIOD

The engine should be allowed to warm up to operating temperature before load is applied. This requires only a few minutes of running at moderate speed. Racing an engine or gunning it, to hurry the warm-up period, is very destructive to the polished wearing surfaces on piston, rings, cylinder, bearings, etc., as the proper oil film on these various surfaces cannot be established until the oil has warmed up and become sufficiently fluid. This is especially important on new engines and in cool weather.

Racing an engine by disconnecting the governor, or by doing anything to interfere with the governor controlled engine speed, is extremely dangerous. The governor is provided as a means for controlling the engine speed to suit the load applied, and also as a safety measure to guard against excessive speeds, which not only overstrain all working parts, but which might cause wrecking of the engine and possible injury to by standers.

Strict adherence to the above instructions cannot be too strongly urged, and greatly increased engine life will result as a reward for these easily applied recommendations.

#### STOPPING ENGINE

Engines with magneto ignition have a lever type ground switch on the side of the magneto. To stop, depress lever and hold down until engine stops. See Fig. 1. Battery ignition engines are furnished with an ignition switch, "To Stop Push In".

If the engine has been running hard and is hot, do not stop it abruptly from full load, but remove the load and allow engine to run idle at 1000 to 1200 R.P.M. for three to five minutes. This will reduce the internal temperature of the engine much faster, minimize valve warping, and of course the external temperature, in cluding the manifold and carburetor will also reduce faster, due to air circulation from the flywheel.

#### MAINTENANCE

#### AIR CLEANERS

9

AENL engines are provided with a **dry element** type air cleaner, as illustrated in Fig. 7A, with the previously standard **oil bath** air cleaner, Fig. 7, now furnished as optional equipment.

The air cleaner must be serviced frequently, depending on the dust conditions where engine is operated. Daily attention to the air cleaner is one of the most important considerations in prolonging engine life.

#### OIL BATH AIR CLEANER, (Fig. 7)

Once each week; the filtering element should be thoroughly washed in a solvent. Remove oil and clean out air cleaner bowl. Add fresh oil to the level line indicated on bowl, using the same grade oil as is used in the crankcase.

Service daily, if engine is operating in very dusty conditions. Detailed instructions are on air cleaner.

Operating the engine under dusty conditions without oil in the air cleaner or with dirty oil, may wear out cylinder, piston, rings and bearings in a few days time, and result in costly repairs.

#### DRY ELEMENT AIR CLEANER, (Fig. 7A)

Service daily, if engine is operating in very dusty conditions. Remove cartridge and shake out the accumulated dirt (do not tap or strike element - it may become damaged). Wipe out dirt from inside cover.

Once each week; the filtering cartridge should be taken out and rinsed under a faucet with cold water, then wash by repeated dipping for several minutes in a solution of lukewarm water and a mild, non-sudsing detergent. Rinse in cold water from the inside out. and allow to dry overnight before installing. In cold weather, protect element from freezing until dry. Excessive smoke or loss of power are good indications that the element requires cleaning.

Do not use gasoline, kerosene or solvent for cleaning - Do not oil element.

After five washings or one year of service, replace cartridge. New cartridges are available at your Wisconsin Motor dealer.

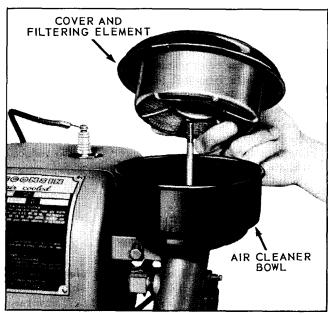


Fig. 7 208064C

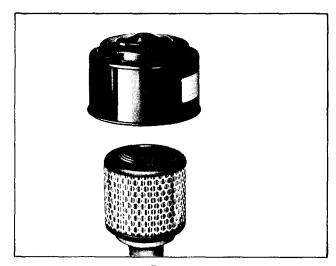


Fig. 7A 311747C

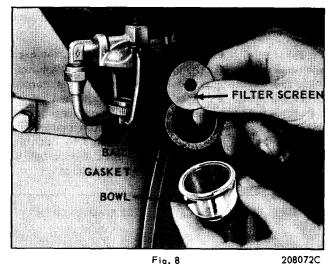


Fig. 8

#### FUEL STRAINER

A fuel strainer is very necessary to prevent dirt from entering the carburetor and causing trouble, or even complete stoppage of the engine.

The strainer is an integral part of the shut-off valve at the bottom of the tank. Remove and clean periodically.

A glass bowl fuel filter, Fig. 8, can be furnished in place of the shut-off valve strainer. When dirt and water accumulate the glass bowl and screen can be easily removed for cleaning. Twist bowl when removing to prevent damage to the gasket. Replace gasket if it has become damaged or hardened. Repair kits are available for service replacement, refer to parts list.

#### FUEL PUMP

Fuel pump is an optional accessory and can be furnished only upon request when engine is purchased from the factory. Instructions for fuel pump maintenance and repair are located in the back of manual.

#### IGNITION SWITCH

Magneto ignition is standard on these engines, with a lever type ground switch on the side of the magnews, which is always in the on or running position,

except when depressed for stopping the engine. See  $Fig.\ 1$  for location of stop switch.

#### **MAGNETO**

#### BREAKER POINT ADJUSTMENT (Fig's. 9, 10)

Magnetos are properly adjusted and timed before leaving the factory. The breaker point gap of the Fairbanks-Morse magneto and Wico magneto should have an opening of .015 inch at full separation. If the spark becomes weak after continued operation, it may be necessary to readjust the breaker points. To do this first remove the end cover on the magneto. See Fig's. 9 and 10 which show the end cover removed and the breaker points of the magneto exposed. The following instructions are for the Fairbanks-Morse magneto, but can be applied to the Wico magneto as well. The crankshaft should be rotated by turning the starting rope sheave by hand (this also rotates the magneto), until the breaker points are wide open. The opening or gap should then be measured with a feeler gauge and if necessary reset as shown in Fig. 9. To readjust points, first loosen the locking screws on the contact plate enough so that the plate can be moved. Insert the end of a small screw driver into the adjusting slot at the bottom of the contact plate and open or close the contacts by moving the plate until the proper opening is obtained. After tightening the locking screws, recheck breaker point gap to make sure

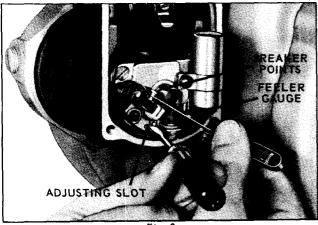
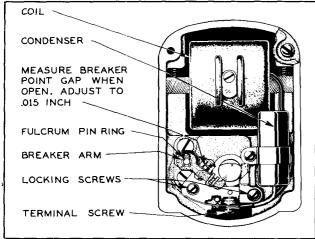


Fig. 9



END VIEW OF FAIRBANKS-MORSE MAGNETO

it has not changed. If it is found that the breaker points have become rough, they should be smoothed with a breaker point file before the above adjustments are made. Replace magneto end cover and gasket carefully, so that it will seal properly. For further information see Fairbanks-Morse or Wico Magneto Maintenance Instructions in the rear of this manual.

#### MAGNETO IGNITION SPARK (Fig. 11)

If difficulty is experienced in starting the engine or if engine misses firing, the strength of the ignition spark can be tested as follows: Remove the ignition cable from the spark plug and then wedge a piece of stiff bare wire up into the terminal boot with one end of the wire extending out. With the extended wire held about 1/8 inch away from the cylinder head shroud stud, as shown in Fig. 11, turn the engine over slow-

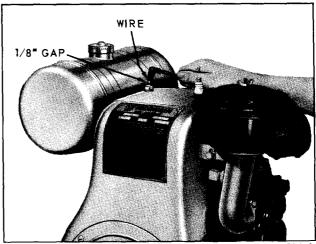


Fig. 11 140450C-2

ly by means of the rope starter sheave. When the impulse coupling in the magneto snaps, there should be a good spark at the wire to stud gap. If there is a weak spark or no spark at all, check breaker point gap as explained in the preceding paragraph. If this does not remedy the trouble, refer to magneto manufacturer's maintenance instructions in the rear section of this manual for condenser replacement and further service procedures.

#### MAGNETO TIMING (Fig's. 12, 13, 14)

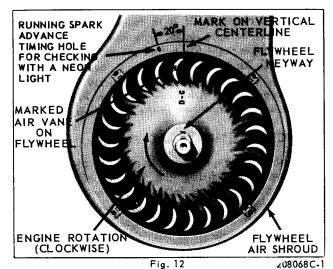
If it becomes necessary to remove the magneto for cleaning or repairs, it is important that the magneto be reassembled properly so that it is timed correctly to the engine.

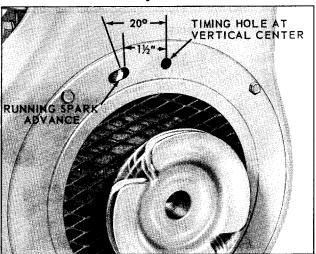
Removal of the rope sheave and air intake screen on the flywheel shroud, will expose the *timing marks* on the shroud and flywheel, as shown in  $Fig.\ 12$ . It is however, possible to time the magneto to the engine without removing the flywheel screen. A  $3/8^n$  dia. hole in line with the vertical center is located in the air intake screen as illustrated in  $Fig.\ 13$ . The marked air vane on the flywheel is visible thru this opening.

- 1. Remove spark plug to make cranking easier.
- 2. Turn engine over with the starter sheave until the edge of the D-C and 'X' marked vane on flywheel is in line with the mark on the vertical centerline of

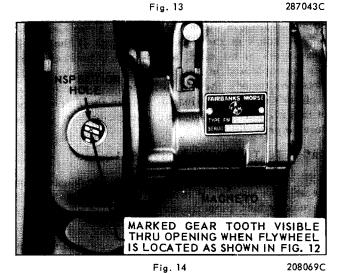
MI-894

11





287043C



the shroud as shown in Fig. 12, or in the center of the timing hole as illustrated in Fig. 13.

- 3. Leave the flywheel in this position. At this point the keyway for mounting the flywheel is on top.
- 4. Mount magneto to engine, meshing the gears so that when the magneto is in place, the 'X' marked tooth on the magneto gear will be visible in the center of the inspection hole of the crankcase as shown in Fig. 14.

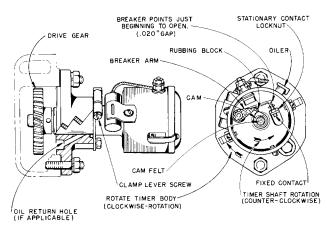


Fig. 15, IGNITION TIMER

When the magneto is properly timed, the impulse coupling will snap when the 'DC' marked vane of the flywheel, lines up with the vertical centerline mark on the flywheel shroud, or with the timing hole in air intake screen, while turning the engine over slowly with the rope starter sheave.

The running spark advance is 20°. For checking timing with a neon light, the running spark advance is indicated by a slotted hole on the flywheel screen rim, as shown in Fig. 13. The center of the radii for the right hand edge of the slotted hole is 200 or 11/2 inches before the vertical center of the cylinder.

#### BATTERY IGNITION

**TIMING** (Fig's. 12, 13, 15)

Ignition timer is used in place of a magneto, when 6 or 12 volt separate starter and generator is used.

Time engine or check timing in the following manner:

The ignition timer breaker point gap should be .020 inch. This opening must be checked before the timer body is set, otherwise any adjustment made to the breaker point opening will change the ignition advance adjustment. To readjust the breaker point gap, turn the engine over by means of the rope starter sheave so that the ignition timer breaker arm rubbing block is on a high point of the cam. Loosen the stationary contact locknut and screw fixed contact, in or out, until correct gap of .020 inch is obtained. Tighten locknut and recheck gap. See Fig. 15.

Timing marks on the flywheel and shroud are exposed when the rope starter sheave and air intake screen are removed, as illustrated in Fig. 12. However, a 3/8" dia. hole on the vertical center and a slotted hole to the left, on the rim of the air intake screen as shown in Fig. 13, makes it possible to time the engine without removing the sheave and screen, if so

- 1. Remove spark plug to make cranking easier.
- 2. Turn engine over with the starter sheave until the edge of the D-C and 'X' marked vane on the flywheel is in line with the mark on the vertical centerline of the shroud as shown in Fig. 12, or in the center of the 3/8" timing hole as shown in Fig. 13.

MI-895 12

- 3. Leave flywheel in this position, for mounting ignition timer assembly.
- 4. Assuming the timer assembly is removed from the engine, turn cam, by means of drive gear, in a counter-clockwise direction until breaker points are just beginning to open. Mount timer assembly to engine, being sure that oil return hole in adapter is in the downward position, see Fig. 15.
- Since the running spark advance of the engine is 20°, and the timer automatic advance is 15°, an initial advance setting of 5° must be obtained.
- 6. With the timer assembly mounted in place, loosen the clamp lever screw. Obtain the intial 5° advance as follows; with the breaker points just beginning to open, turn timer body in a clockwise direction through an angle of 5°, which is equal to 1/8 inch on the outside circumference of the timer body. Tighten clamp lever screw.
- 7. Mount timer cover and connect primary wire from ignition timer to coil. See wiring diagram, Fig. 16.

If care is exercised in the above operations, the spark timing will be accurate enough for satisfactory starting, however, the running spark advance **must be checked** with a neon lamp, as described in 'Neon Lamp Timing' paragraph.

#### NEON LAMP TIMING FOR TIMER IGNITION

Chalk or paint the end of the 'X' marked vane on the flywheel, white. Then, with the engine operating at  $1800\ R.P.M.$  or over, allow the flash from the neon lamp to illuminate the whitened vane. At the time of the flash, the leading edge of the vane should line up with the running spark advance timing hole on the flywheel shroud, shown in Fig. 12, or the corresponding  $20^{\circ}$  location in the slotted hole of the air intake screen rim, as shown in Fig. 13. If it does not, the clamp lever screw, shown in Fig. 15, should be loosened and the timer body turned slightly clockwise or counter-clockwise, as required, until the advance timing mark and the white vane coincide. Be sure clamp lever screw is then securely tightened.

**Do not time engine below 1800 R.P.M.** The automatic advance in the ignition timer will not be fully advanced and the timing would not be accurate.

#### GENERATOR AND TIMER MAINTENANCE

This model of engine can be equipped with either a 12 volt combination *motor-generator* or separate 6 and 12 volt *starter* and *generator*. Battery is not furnished.

The generator, motor-generator, and ignition timer should be periodically lubricated and inspected for external conditions which would affect their operation. Motor-generators without oilers have *pre-lub-ricated* bearings. It is recommended that the generator and motor-generator oilers be given 3 to 5 drops of medium engine oil after every 50 hours of operation.

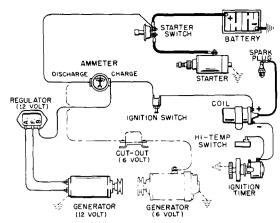


Fig. 16, STARTER AND GENERATOR WIRING

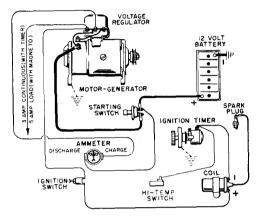


Fig. 17. COMBINATION MOTOR-GENERATOR WIRING

Inspect the brushes for wear, approximately every 200 hours of operation. If they are worn to less than half their original length, they should be replaced.

The oiler on the ignition timer and felt wick in the cam sleeve should have 3 to 5 drops of medium engine oil every 100 hours of operation.

#### **ELECTRICAL WIRING CIRCUITS**

**NOTE:** Beginning with engine serial No. 3991018, the standard wiring circuits for all 12 volt electrical equipment is negative ground polarity, instead of the previously furnished positive ground. All 6 volt systems remain positive ground.

The wiring diagrams, Fig. 16 and 17, illustrate negative ground circuits. If polarity of generator or motor-generator is for a positive ground circuit (engines built previous to serial No. 3991018), terminal connections at ammeter, coil and battery are just reversed from those illustrated.

**Do not** use positive ground generator and regulator in a negative ground circuit, or vice versa. Polarity does not affect starting motor, timer and coil.

#### MOTOR-GENERATOR OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

The combination motor-generator functions as a cranking motor when the **starting switch** is closed. When the switch is open and the engine is running, the unit will function as a generator. The generator out-

13 MI-896-2

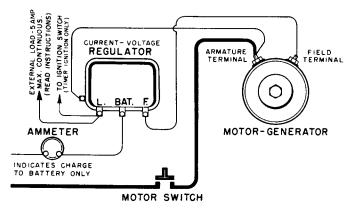


Fig. 18 MOTOR-GENERATOR REGULATOR WIRING

put and circuit voltage for the various battery and operating requirements are controlled by a current-voltage regulator mounted to the generator.

The total electrical output of this 12 volt combination motor-generator is 12 amperes. However, all of the current is not taken off of a single terminal. There are two terminals on the current-voltage regulator, illustrated in Fig. 18, for distributing the generator output. One terminal is marked 'BAT' and a wire is connected from it to the battery, thru an ammeter. The other terminal marked 'L' is for the timer ignition system, if applicable, and for operating lights or any other customer accessory. For a continuous load, not more than 5 or 6 amps should be taken from this terminal if engine has magneto ignition. With timer ignition, maximum draw should be 3 or 4 amps, since 2 amps is required for the ignition system. Current from the 'L' terminal is continuous and is not affected by the regulator windings. Whereas, the current to the 'BAT' terminal goes thru the regulator windings and is controlled to keep the battery charged.

The ammeter in this circuit indicates only the current going into the battery to keep it charged and does not indicate the total generator output. If it is necessary to check the amount of current coming from the 'L' terminal, it will be necessary to put a second ammeter in the circuit between the 'L' terminal and the load. Add the two values indicated on the ammeters to get the total generator output.

To check if the generator is charging, it is only necessary to observe the ammeter that is connected in the battery circuit. If it shows a charge, the system is functioning properly. If it shows a discharge, remove the load connected to the 'L' terminal until the battery current is restored and the ammeter does register a charge.

#### SPARK PLUG (Fig. 19)

The spark plug gap should be thirty thousandths (.030) of an inch, and plugs should be kept clean both inside and out. If the porcelain insulator is cracked, replace with a new plug of correct heat range, like Champion No. D-16J, AC No. C86 Commercial, or equal. The thread is 18 millimeter.

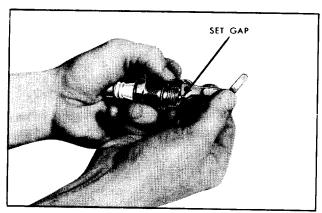


Fig. 19

104713C

Use a new gasket when mounting either old or new plug and thoroughly clean threads in cylinder head before installation. Tighten spark plug 25 to 30 ft. pounds torque in reassembly.

#### RESTORING COMPRESSION

On a new engine or one which has been out of operation for some time, the oil may have drained off the cylinder so that compression will be weak. This may cause difficulty in starting. To remedy this condition, remove the spark plug and pour about a fluid ounce of crankcase oil through the spark plug hole. Turn the engine over several times with the rope starter to distribute the oil over the cylinder wall. Assemble spark plug and compression should be satis factory.

#### HIGH TEMPERATURE SAFETY SWITCH

The high temperature safety switch is an accessory mounted to the cylinder head bolt at the take-off end and toward the fuel tank side. This safety switch will automatically stop the engine whenever cylinder head temperatures become critically high.

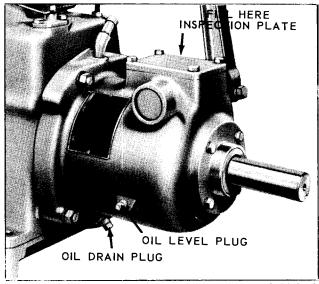
The switch is set by the manufacturer to operate at a predetermined temperature and consequently should not be tampered with. If an extreme cylinder head temperature causes the switch to automatically short out the magneto or timer and stop the engine, a waiting period of about 10 minutes will be required before the switch has cooled off sufficiently to allow the engine to be re-started. An overheated engine will score the cylinder walls, burn out connecting rod and crankshaft bearings, also warp piston and valves. The cause of the overheating condition will have to be remedied before the engine is re-started.

#### **CLUTCH AND REDUCTION GEARS**

#### CLUTCH TAKE-OFF (Fig. 20)

The clutch in the take-off assembly, that can be furnished with this model of engine, is of the multiple disc type running in oil. Use the same grade of oil in the clutch housing as is used in the crankcase. The oil should be filled to the height of the oil level plug in the clutch housing. Fill through the inspection plate opening; about *1 pint* of oil is required.

MI-897-2 14





140451C-1

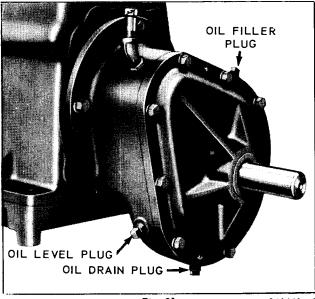


Fig. 21

140449C-1

15

#### REDUCTION GEARS (Fig. 21 and Fig. 22)

Reduction gears are furnished in several different ratios, some with spur gears, others with chains. All are of the same general design, except that some are furnished with clutches, others without.

#### Use same grade oil as used in engine crankcase.

For different installations these gears are assembled to the engines in various positions. Several plugs are furnished on these reduction gears so that the lubrication may be properly taken care of regardless of the position of installation. For instance, there will always be one plug on top to be used for filling oil. There will always be one plug below for draining oil, and there will be one plug on the side, slightly above the bottom, to be used as an oil level plug. The oil should always be filled when the engine is at rest. When the oil becomes dirty it should be drained while the engine is hot, and fresh oil added. The frequency at which these oil changes should be made depends entirely on the kind of service in which these gears are used, but even with light service:

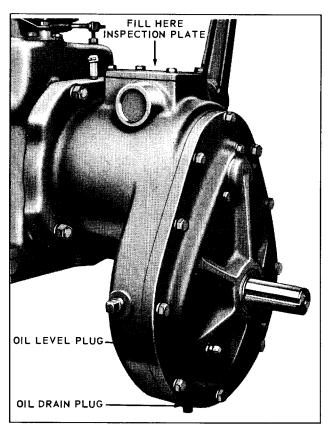
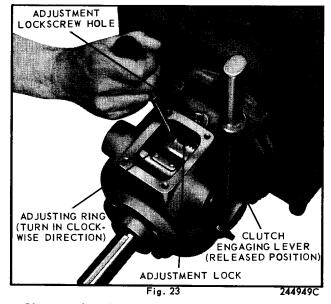


Fig. 22

140457C-1



Change oil at least every 500 hours of operation.

Add sufficient oil between changes to keep oil up to the oil level plug. The oil capacity for the reduction unit shown in Fig. 21 is 2/3 pint, and for the clutch reduction unit, Fig. 22, 1 pint.

#### **CLUTCH ADJUSTMENT (Fig. 23)**

If the clutch begins to slip, it should be readjusted to prevent it from becoming overheated and damaged. The clutch in the clutch take-off and clutch reduction units is adjusted by first removing the clutch inspection plate which will expose the notched adjusting ring. Release the clutch, by pushing the engaging lever forward.

MI-898

Turn engine over by means of the rope starter sheave, until the clutch adjustment lock is visible thru the inspection opening of the housing. Loosen adjustment lockscrew, one full turn. On take-off units, the lockscrew is accessible thru the pipe plug hole behind the inspection opening.

Keep the clutch from turning by holding the rope starter sheave firmly in place with the left hand. Then, by means of a screw driver, turn the adjusting ring one notch at a time in a clockwise direction, until a definite pressure is felt on the clutch lever when the clutch is being engaged. Securely tighten adjustment lockscrew. Assemble inspection plate, being sure that the gasket fits properly and is not broken.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR PROTECTING ENGINES FOR WINTER OR SHORT STORAGE PERIODS

When the work interval is completed, the following instructions should be carried out very carefully to protect the engine from the weather.

The outside of the engine, including the cooling fins on the cylinders and heads, should be thoroughly cleaned of all dirt and other deposits.

The air cleaner at the carburetor intake should be thoroughly cleaned of all oil and accumulated dust, and the sediment removed from the oil cup at the bottom of the cleaner.

To protect the cylinder, piston, rings and valves and keep them from rusting and sticking, a half and half mixture of kerosene and good engine oil, (the same kind of oil as used in the crankcase of the engine), should be injected into the pipe tap opening on the intake manifold while the engine is warm and running at moderate speed. About a quarter of a pint is necessary, or enough so that a heavy bluish smoke will appear at the exhaust. The ignition switch should then be shut off and the engine stopped. This fogging operation will give a coating of oil on the above mentioned parts, protecting them from the atmosphere. After the engine has stopped, disconnect the spark plug cable and turn engine over slowly thru the compression stroke until the flywheel key or take-off shaft keyway is up, or in the 12 o'clock position. Both valves will be closed and the piston will be on top in the cylinder bore, with the crankshaft in the described position. This will minimize rusting of the cylinder bore and help in retaining the oil fog previously injected into the engine.

All old used oil should be drained from the crankcase while the engine is warm, as the oil will then flow more freely than when cold.

Drain fuel system, including gasoline lines, carburetor, fuel pump and tank of all gasoline, to prevent lead and gum sediment interfering with future operation. Gasoline fumes from gradual evaporation is a dangerous *fire hazard*.

The air cleaner or carburetor intake, as well as the exhaust manifold opening, should be taped or other-

wise sealed off, for the duration of the storage period.

All exposed unpainted metal parts should be coated with grease or heavy oil.

Before starting the engine, after the storage period, remove crankcase drain plug so that any condensation which may have collected may be drained, before new crankcase oil is added. It is highly recommended that the engine base be removed, and scrubbed of all sediment which may have collected there. When reassembling the base, a new gasket should be used.

Be sure to fill crankcase with the correct grade of oil to the level of the filler plug hole. Do not use any oil heavier than SAE No. 30. Also be sure to put oil to the proper level in the air cleaner. (Refer to Lubrication and Air Cleaner.)

It is advisable to use a new spark plug at the beginning of the operating interval, especially if the engine has given considerable service.

Refuel engine and follow the starting instructions as shown on preceding pages of this manual.

It is suggested that machines be stored inside a building. If this is not possible, the engine should be protected from the weather by a proper covering.

## TROUBLES CAUSES AND REMEDIES

Three prime requisites are essential to starting and maintaining satisfactory operation of gasoline engines. They are:

- 1. A proper fuel mixture in the cylinder.
- 2. Good compression in the cylinder.
- 3. Good spark, properly timed, to ignite the mixture.

If all three of these conditions do not exist, the engine cannot be started. There are other factors which will contribute to hard starting; such as, too heavy a load for the engine to turn over at a low starting speed, a long exhaust pipe with high back pressure, etc. These conditions may affect the starting, but do not necessarily mean that the engine is improperly adjusted.

As a guide to locating any difficulties which might arise, the following causes are listed under the three headings: Fuel Mixture, Compression, and Ignition. In each case the causes of trouble are given in the order in which they are most apt to occur. In many cases the remedy is apparent, and in such cases no further remedies are suggested.

#### STARTING DIFFICULTIES

#### **FUEL MIXTURE**

No fuel in tank or fuel shut-off valve closed.

Fuel pump diaphragm worn out, so pump does not supply carburetor with fuel.

MI-899 16

Carburetor not choked sufficiently, especially if engine is cold. See 'Starting Procedure', Page 8.

Water, dirt, or gum in gasoline interfering with free flow of fuel to carburetor.

Poor grade or stale gasoline that will not vaporize sufficiently to form the proper fuel mixture.

Carburetor flooded, caused by too much choking especially if engine is hot.

Needle valve on carburetor insufficiently opened. See 'Carburetor Adjustment', Page 9.

Dirt or gum holding float needle valve in carburetor open. This condition would be indicated if fuel continues to drip from carburetor with engine standing idle. Often tapping the float chamber of the carburetor very lightly with the wood handle of a screw driver or similar instrument will remedy this trouble. Do not strike carburetor with any metal tools, it may be damaged. If the mixture in the cylinder, due to flooding, is not too rich to start the engine, starting should be tried, as it will usually correct the trouble. In this case the choke should be left open.

If, due to flooding, too much fuel should have entered the cylinder in attempting to start the engine, the mixture will most likely be too rich to burn. In that case the spark plug should be removed from the cylinder and the engine then turned over several times with the starting sheave, so the rich mixture will be blown out through the spark plug hole. The choke on the carburetor should of course be left open during this procedure. The plug should be dried off, assembled, starting tried again.

To test for clogged fuel line, loosen fuel line nut at carburetor slightly. If line is open, fuel should drip out at loosened nut.

#### COMPRESSION

If the engine has proper compression, considerable resistance will be encountered in the pull on the starting sheave. If this resistance is not encountered, compression is faulty. Following are some reasons for poor compression:

Cylinder dry due to engine having been out of use for some time. See 'Restoring Compression', Page 14.

Loose spark plug or broken spark plug. In this case a hissing noise will be heard in cranking engine due to escaping gas mixture on compression stroke.

Damaged cylinder head gasket or loose cylinder head. This will likewise cause hissing noise on compression stroke.

Valve stuck open due to carbon or gum on valve stem. Remove tappet inspection plate and note if valves are moving up and down as engine is turned over by hand. A stuck valve will not follow down. To clean valve stems, see 'Valves', Page 22.

Valve tappets adjusted with insufficient clearance under valve stems. See 'Valve Tappets', Page 23.

Piston rings stuck in piston due to carbon accumu-

lation. If rings are stuck very tight this will necessitate removing piston and connecting rod assembly and cleaning parts. See 'Connecting Rod and Piston', Page 20.

Scored cylinder. This will require reboring of the cylinder and fitting with new piston and rings. If scored too severely an entirely new cylinder crankcase may be necessary.

#### IGNITION

See 'Magneto Ignition Spark', Page 11 or 'Battery Ignition Timing', Page 12. No spark may also be attributed to the following:

Ignition cable disconnected from magneto, time:, coil or spark plug.

Broken ignition cables, causing short circuits.

Ignition cable wet or oil soaked.

Spark plug insulator broken.

Spark plug wet or dirty.

Spark plug point gap wrong. See Page 14.

Condensation on spark plug electrodes.

Magneto or Timer breaker points pitted or fused.

Magneto or Timer breaker arm sticking.

Magneto or Timer condenser leaking or grounded.

Spark timing wrong. See 'Magneto Timing', Page 11, or 'Battery Ignition Timing', Page 12.

#### **ENGINE MISSES**

Spark plug gap incorrect. See Page 14.

Worn and leaking ignition cable.

Weak spark. See 'Magneto Ignition Spark', Page 11, or 'Battery Ignition Timing', Page 12.

Loose connections at ignition cable.

Magneto or Timer breaker points pitted or worn.

Water in gasoline.

Poor compression. See 'Compression', Page 17.

#### ENGINE SURGES OR GALLOPS

Carburetor flooding.

Governor spring hooked into wrong hole in lever, or governor rod incorrectly adjusted. See 'Governor Adjustment', Page 24.

#### **ENGINE STOPS**

Fuel tank empty.

Water, dirt or gum in gasoline.

Gasoline vaporized in fuel lines due to excessive heat around engine (Vapor Lock). See 'Stopping Engine', Page 10.

Vapor lock in fuel lines or carburetor due to using winter gas (too volatile) in hot weather.

Air vent hole in fuel tank cap plugged. Engine scored or stuck due to lack of oil.

17 MI-900

Ignition troubles. See 'Ignition', Page 17.

#### **ENGINE OVERHEATS**

Crankcase oil supply low. Replenish immediately.

Ignition spark timed wrong. See 'Magneto Timing', Page 11, or 'Battery Ignition Timing', Page 12.

Low grade of gasoline.

Engine overloaded.

Restricted cooling air circulation.

Part of air shroud removed from engine.

Dirt between cooling fins on cylinder and head.

Engine operated in confined space where cooling air is continually recirculated, consequently becoming too hot.

Carbon in engine.

Dirty or incorrect grade of crankcase oil.

Restricted exhaust.

Engine operated while detonating due to low octane gasoline or heavy load at low speed.

#### **ENGINE KNOCKS**

Poor grade of gasoline or of low octane rating. See 'Fuel', Page 8.

Engine operating under heavy load at low speed.

Carbon or lead deposits in cylinder head.

Spark advanced too far. See 'Magneto Timing', Page 11, or 'Battery Ignition Timing', Page 12.

Loose or burnt out connecting rod bearing.

Engine overheated due to causes under previous heading.

Worn or loose piston pin.

#### ENGINE BACKFIRES THROUGH CARBURETOR

Water or dirt in gasoline.

Engine cold.

Poor grade of gasoline.

Sticky inlet valve. See 'Valves', Page 22.

Overheated valves.

Spark plug too hot. See 'Spark Plug', Page 14.

Hot carbon particles in engine.

## DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY OF ENGINE

Engine repairs should be made only by a mechanic who has had experience in such work. When disassembling the engine, it is advisable to have several boxes available so that parts belonging to certain groups can be kept together. Capscrews of various lengths are used in the engine, therefore great care must be

exercised in reassembly so the right screw will be used in the proper place.

Tighten the cap screws and nuts of the manifold, cylinder head, engine base, connecting rod, main bearing plate and the spark plug to the specified torque readings indicated in the paragraphs of reassembly, relative to these parts.

While the engine is partly or fully dismantled, all of the parts should be thoroughly cleaned. **Use all new** gaskets in reassembly and lubricate all bearing surfaces.

The following procedure is for complete disassembly of an engine. As disassembly progresses, the order may be altered somewhat, as will be self-evident to the mechanic. Reassembly of the engine should be made in the reverse order.

#### **TESTING OF REBUILT ENGINE**

An engine that has been completely overhauled, such as having the cylinder rebored and fitted with new piston, rings and valves, should go through a thorough "run-in" period before any load is applied to the engine.

The engine should be started and allowed to run for about one-half hour, at about 1200 to 1400 R.P.M. without load. The R.P.M. should then be increased to engine operating speed, still without load, for an additional three and one-half to four hours.

The proper "running-in" of the engine will help to establish polished bearing surfaces and proper clearances between the various operating parts and thus add years of trouble free service to the life of the engine.

#### **ACCESSORIES**

On engines furnished with clutch or reduction units, these should be removed first if the engine is to be completely overhauled. Also remove muffler, spark plug cable and electrical equipment.

#### FUEL TANK (Fig. 24)

Disconnect fuel line at fuel strainer. Remove capscrews mounting the fuel tank bracket to the crankcase and cylinder head. The tank and bracket assembly can be removed as a unit.

Cylinder head cover can also be removed at this time.

#### ROPE STARTER SHEAVE (Fig. 25)

The rope starter sheave can be loosened by a sharp blow against the handle of a wrench, fitted to the hexagon hub of the sheave, in a counter-clockwise direction. Remove **sheave** as shown in Fig. 25.

#### FLYWHEEL (Fig. 26)

Remove air intake screen by taking out the four screws which mount the screen to the shroud.

The flywheel is mounted to a taper on the crankshaft. Take a firm hold on the flywheel fins, pull outward

MI-901 18

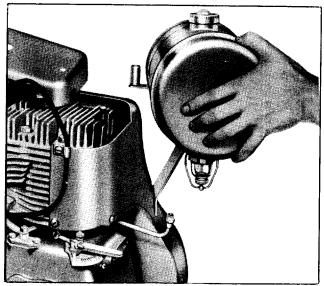


Fig. 24 140436C-1

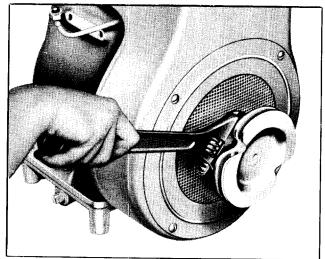


Fig. 25 140445C-1

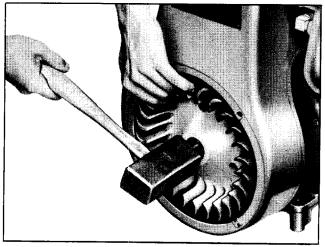


Fig. 26

and at the same time strike the end of the crankshaft several times with a babbitt hammer. The flywheel will slide off the taper of the crankshaft. Do not use a hard hammer as it may ruin the crankshaft and bearings. Remove Woodruff key from crankshaft.

In reassembly; be sure the Woodruff key is in position on the shaft and that the keyway in the flywheel is

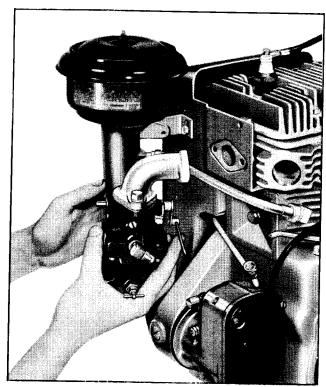


Fig. 27

140455C-1

lined up accurately with the key. After mounting; seat flywheel on crankshaft taper by slipping a piece of pipe over the end of the crankshaft and against the hub of the flywheel, and striking the end of the pipe a sharp blow with the hammer.

#### CARBURETOR AND AIR CLEANER (Fig. 27)

Loosen the fuel line at the carburetor and breather line at the cylinder. Then, remove the cotter pin from the governor control rod and pull the rod out of the governor lever. Loosen and remove the capscrew and lockwasher which holds the air cleaner bracket to the engine and the two capscrews and lockwashers which clamp the manifold to the cylinder. The entire assembly of the manifold, carburetor and air cleaner can then be removed as illustrated.

In reassembly; tighten the screws for mounting the manifold to 9 foot pounds torque.

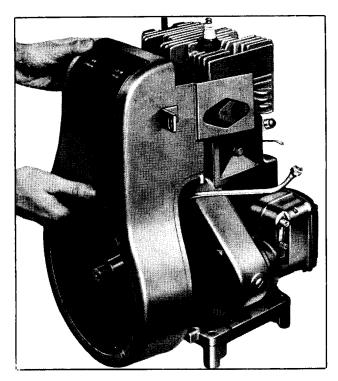
#### AIR SHROUD (Fig. 28)

Take out the four screws which mount the air shroud to the cylinder and cylinder head. Remove the two lower screws that fasten the shroud to lugs on the crankcase and take off the air shroud as shown.

#### CYLINDER HEAD

The cylinder head must be removed if it is necessary to regrind valves, or to work on the piston, rings or connecting rod. All of the cylinder head screws are plainly in view and can be easily removed.

Before reassembling the cylinder head, all carbon and lead deposits should be removed. It is recommended that a new cylinder head gasket be used in reassembly as the old gasket will be compressed and hard so that it may not seal properly. Use a mixture of



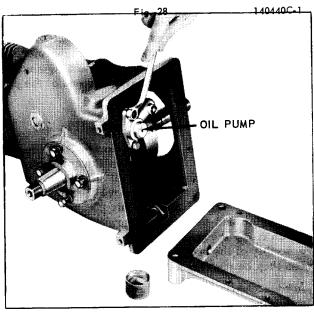


Fig. 29 140437C-1

graphite and oil on the cylinder head screws to prevent them from rusting tight in the block. **Torque** cylinder head screws to **32 foot pounds**.

#### ENGINE BASE and OIL PUMP (Fig's. 29 and 30)

Magneto can be removed at this time to prevent it from becoming damaged while removing engine hase.

Be sure oil is drained from base — place engine on its side and remove the twelve base to crankcase capscrews and washers. In reassembly, use a new base gasket — tighten capscrews 7 to 9 foot pounds torque.

Dismantle the oil pump by taking out the two capscrews which hold it to the crankcase. All parts of the pump should be thoroughly washed in solvent to remove all traces of thickened oil and sludge.

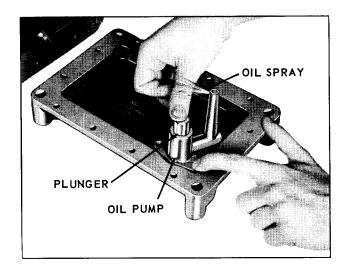


Fig. 30 140435C-2

The oil pump plunger is fitted to the bore with a clearance of .003 to .005 inch. If the clearance is greater than .008 inch, the plunger and oil pump body should be replaced. Inspect the check ball seat in the bottom of the pump cylinder. This seat must be perfectly clean, and must not be worn or pitted. The check ball should be dropped into the cylinder and tapped into the seat lightly. Insert retainer spring and plunger into bore.

Before assembling oil pump to crankcase, fill base partially with engine oil and test the operation of the pump by working the plunger up and down as shown in Fig. 30.

In reassembly; be sure push rod makes contact with plunger and the strainer screen is in good condition and properly mounted. See oil pump in Fig. 32.

#### CONNECTING ROD and PISTON(Fig's. 31, 32, 33, 34)

After removal of engine base and oil pump, the connecting rod will be accessible. By means of a 1/2" socket wrench, loosen and remove hex locknuts from the rod bolts. Then, by tapping the ends of the bolts lightly, the connecting rod cap will break free from the bolts.

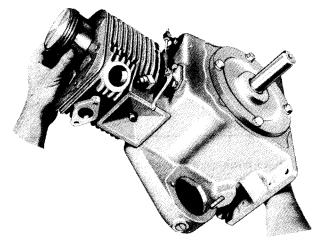
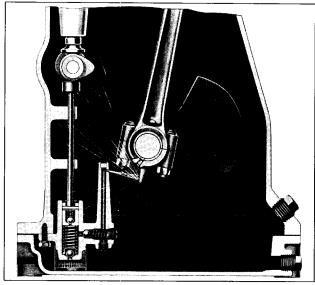


Fig. 31 140444C-1

MI-903-2

20





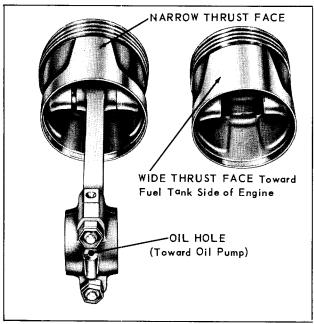


Fig. 33 287047C

Scrape off all carbon deposits that might interfere with removal of pistons from upper end of cylinder. Turn crankshaft until piston is at top, then push connecting rod and piston assembly upward and out thru top of cylinder,  $Fig.\ 31$ . Be careful not to mar the crank pin by allowing the rod bolts to strike or scrape acrossit.

**NOTE:** This model of engine was originally furnished with babbitt cast connecting rod bearings. Shell bearing rods are now being used for current production engines, and are interchangeable with babbitt bearing rods for service replacement. Care should be taken in reassembly to mount bearings properly. The cap should be assembled to the rod so that the locating lug of both bearing halves are on the same side as illustrated in Fig. 34. Refer to chart, Fig. 37, for clearance between bearing and crank pin.

Cam ground piston is mounted to the connecting rod with the wide thrust face, Fig. 33, opposite oil hole

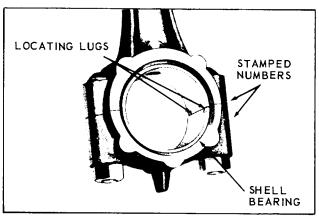


Fig. 34 316307C

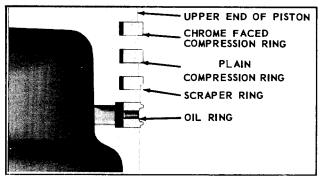


Fig. 35 92200C-1B

in rod cap. When assembling to engine, the wide section of the piston skirt is toward the maximum thrust side, which is the fuel tank side of engine.

The AENL engine was originally designed with a split-skirt piston, which has since been replaced by a cam-ground piston. When reassembling the split-skirt piston, the split should be toward the manifold side of the engine. Clearance between the piston and cylinder must be measured in the center of the thrust face at the bottom of the piston skirt. Refer to Chart, Fig. 37 for proper skirt clearance for both split-skirt and cam-ground pistons.

In reassembly; use a suitable ring compressor and stagger the piston ring gaps 90° apart around the piston. Oil the piston rings, wrist pin, rod bearings and cylinder walls before assembly.

CAUTION: Identical numbers are stamped on the side of the rod with its corresponding cap. These numbers must be on the same side of the connecting rod when mounted in engine. Be sure that oil hole in connecting rod cap is facing toward oil pump spray, as illustrated in  $Fig.\ 32.$  Install new nuts on connecting rod bolts and torque 18 to 20 foot pounds.

#### PISTON RINGS (Fig. 35)

If an expander tool is not available, install rings by placing the open end of the ring onpiston first. Spread ring only far enough to slip over piston and into correct groove, being careful not to distort ring. The outer diameter of the top compression ring is **chrome plated**. Assemble bottom ring first and work upward, installing top ring last. Mount scraper ring with

21 MI-904-2

scraper edge down, otherwise oil.pumping and excessive oil consumption will result. Refer to  $Fig.\ 35$  for correct placement of rings.

#### CYLINDER

If cylinder is scored or worn more than .005 inch over standard size, it should be reground and fitted with oversize piston and rings. This work should be done at a Wisconsin engine service center.

If in the opinion of the service center a chrome rering is necessary, use **Wisconsin TriCrome** piston ring set indicated in parts list section.

#### VALVES and SEAT INSERTS (Fig. 38)

Remove valve tappet inspection plate and compress valve springs with a standard automotive type valve lifter as illustrated. Remove retainer locks and take out valves from top of cylinder block. Clean out carbon and gum deposits from the valves, seats, ports and guides. Replace valves that are badly burned, pitted or warped.

Valve grinding should be done by an authorized Wisconsin service center that has the experience and equipment to do a precision job. Before grinding valves, inspect valve guides for possible replacement. Refer to Valve Guide paragraph. The valve face is ground at 45° to the vertical center line of the valve stem and the valve seat insert should also be ground at a 45° angle. After grinding, lap valves in place until a uniformring will show entirely around the face of the valve. Clean valves, and wash block thoroughly with a hot solution of soap and water. Wipe cylinder

CYLINDER	3.0005 to 2.9995	
PISTON TO CYLINDE AT PISTON SKIRT (THRUST FACE)	CAM-GROUND .003 to .0035*	SPLIT-SKIRT .0045 to .005"
PISTON RII	.010 to .022"	
PISTON RING	TOP RING	.002 to .0035"
SIDE CLEARANCE	2nd, 3rd RING	.001 to .0025"
IN GROOVES	OIL RING	.0025 to .004"
PISTON P CONNECTING R	.0005 to .0011"	
PISTON PIN T	.0000 to .0008" tight	
CONNECTING CRANK PIN – SIDE		.009 to .018"
CONNECTING ROD : TO CRANK PIN DI		.0011 to .0030"
CONNECTING R BEARING TO		.0007 to .0020
Standard Crank Pin Dimensions 1.255 1.250	1 R.	1.1260 1.1255 DIA.

Fig. 37 PISTON, RING AND ROD CLEARANCES CHART

MI-905-2

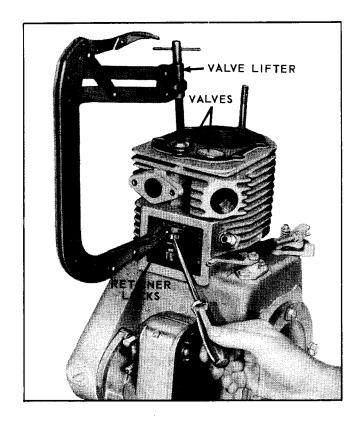


Fig. 38

14044\_C-1

walls with clean lint free rags and light engine oil, especially if cylinders were rebored and honed.

Long life exhaust valve and seat insert are furnished on engine model AENLD. This model is also equipped with a positive type exhaust valve rotator.

Valve guides in the cylinder block are replaceable. The valve stem has a clearance of .003 to .005" in the guide. When the clearance becomes .007", the guide should be driven out and a new guide pressed in place. Use Wisconsin Motor DF-72 driver.

The inlet and exhaust **seat** inserts can be removed, when replacement becomes necessary, by means of Wisconsin Motor **DF-66-A** insert puller.

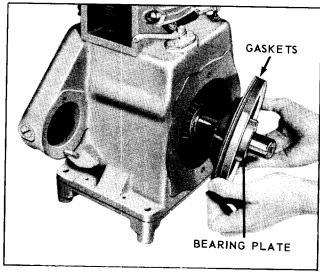
#### CRANKSHAFT and GEAR TRAIN (Fig's. 39, 40)

To remove the crankshaft, first remove the four capscrews in main bearing plate. The plate can then be pried off, as illustrated in Fig. 39, and crankshaft removed from that end of crankcase. In reassembly; use same quantity and thickness of bearing plate gaskets as were removed, since these are necessary to provide proper end play for the tapered roller crankshaft bearings. End play should be .001 to .003 inch when engine is cold. There is practically no wear in these tapered roller bearings so that readjustment is seldom necessary when properly assembled.

Gear train, illustrated in Fig. 40, shows the timing marks on both the crankshaft and camshaft gears. Proper matching of the timing marks is necessary for correct valve timing and smooth engine operation.

In reassembly; mount main bearing plate correctly. The word 'TOP', cast on the outside of the plate,

22





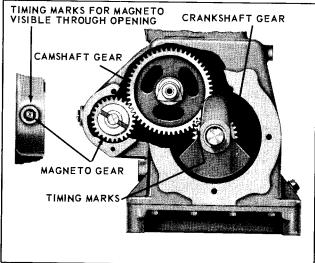


Fig. 40 141160C

specifies the proper mounting position. An inverted mounting would prevent the main bearing from being properly lubricated. Tighten main bearing plate capscrews, 20 to 22 foot pounds torque.

#### CAMSHAFT (Fig. 41)

The camshaft rotates on a stationary pin in the crankshaft and can be taken out after the crankshaft is removed. Pry out expansion plug from crankcase and drive camshaft pin from flywheel end out through opposite end of crankcase, Fig. 41.

In reassembly; the camshaft support pin must be driven through the case from the take-off end of the engine, and after tappets are assembled. Use new expansion plugs in end holes.

#### **VALVE TAPPET - ADJUSTMENT (Fig. 42)**

The valve tappets are taken out after the camshaft is removed. In reassembly, the tappets must of course be inserted in proper position in crankcase, before the camshaft is assembled.

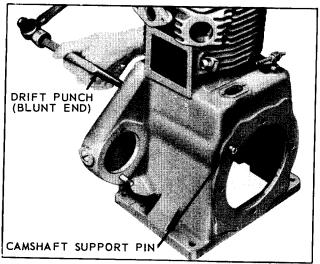


Fig. 41 140453C-1

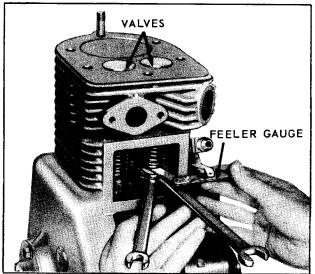


Fig. 42

140446C-1

MI-906-2

Tappet adjustment can be made immediately after assembling the valves, springs and locks. With the tappets in their lowest position and the engine cold, the clearance should be:

inlet - .008 inch

exhaust - .016 inch

#### **GOVERNOR**

The governor is assembled on to the camshaft. All wearing parts of governor are hardened so replacement is very seldom necessary.

In reassembly; the spacer is slipped on to the camshaft first. The flyweights are then separated far enough so that the thrust sleeve can be slipped between. By then sliding the thrust sleeve back, the flyweights will be closed down between the two flanges of the thrust sleeve. See Fig. 43.

#### **GOVERNOR OPERATION**

The function of the governor is as follows: The fly-

23

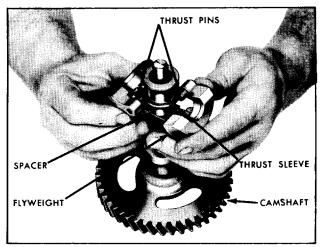


Fig. 43 79360C

weights are hinged to the end of the camshaft. Hardened pins on the flyweights bear against the flanged
sliding sleeve, moving it back and forth as the flyweights move in or out. The motion of the sleeve is
transmitted through a yoke connected to the governor
lever, which in turn is connected to the carburetor
throttle. A spring connected to the governor lever
tends to hold the governor flyweights to their inner
position, also to hold the carburetor throttle open. As
the engine speed increases the centrifugal force in
the flyweights acts against the spring and closes the
throttle to a point where the engine speed will be
maintained practically constant under varying load
conditions. This speed can be varied to suit conditions by adjusting the governor spring tension.

#### **GOVERNOR ADJUSTMENT**

The governor rod connection to the carburetor must be very carefully adjusted for length, otherwise the governor will not function properly and may cause the engine to surge badly. Referring to Fig. 44, the governor rod should be moved as far as possible toward the carburetor, which will open the carburetor throttle wide. The governor lever should then be moved as far as possible in the same direction, all of this being done with the rod disconnected from the lever as shown. Holding both parts in the above position, the rod should be screwed in or out of the swivel block on the carburetor, until the bent end of the rod will exactly register with the hole in the lever. The rod should then be dropped into the lever and the cotter pin inserted to keep the rod in place.

The governor lever is furnished with 5 holes, as shown in Fig. 45, for attaching the governor spring. It is very important that the spring is hooked into the proper hole to suit the speed at which the engine is operated. The Governor Lever Chart shows the full load and no load speeds of the engine and the hole corresponding thereto. After the governor spring has been hooked into the proper hole, the spring tension must be applied by means of the adjusting nuts. More tension on the spring gives higher speeds and less tension, lower speeds. The fixed speed control and

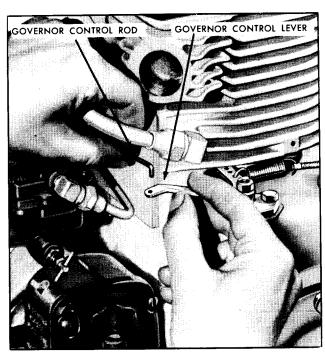


Fig. 44 1413310

the variable speed control, illustrated in Fig. 46, are both adjusted in the same manner.

A tachometer or revolution counter should be used against the crankshaft to check speed while adjusting the governor spring tension. The engine speed without load will vary, from 100 to 260 revolutions per minute higher than the speed with load. For instance, if the engine is to operate at 3000 R.P.M. under full

GOVERNOR LEVER		LOAD R.P.M.	NO LOAD R.P.M.	HOLE NO.
	丁	1700	1960	2
( • <b>)</b> _		1800	2030	2
2-51	اير	1900	2085	2
352	yweights	2000	2150	2
Ü	. <u>ē</u>	2100	2215	2
With TC-322-51		2200	2450	3
	-	2300	2495	3
	Ī	2400	2545	3
1 1	Ī	2500	2640	
_	$\Box$	2600	2820	3
1/2		2700	2870	3
%	; [	2800	2930	3
<u> </u>	Flyweights	2900	3000	3
	님	3000	3100	3
- 1 <b>1</b> 3	, O	3100	3300	4
,   <b> </b>	١٠	3200	3380	4
1 ±		3300	3430	4
		3400	3520	4
		3500	3720	5
// (		3600	3780	5
SPRING HOLE NO. 1 2 3		5		

Fig. 45

MI-907 24

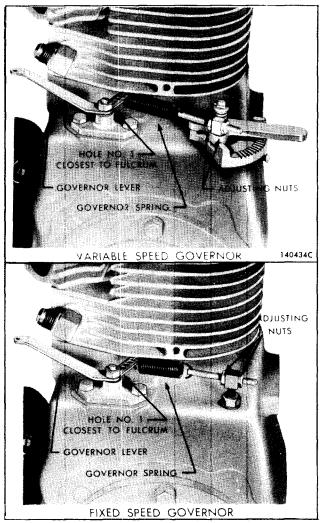


Fig. 46 140433C

load, the speed with no load will be 3100 R.P.M. and this should be kept in mind when adjusting the governor. Refer to the Governor Lever Chart, Fig.~45, for the exact variation between load speed and no load (high idle) speed.

MI-908 25

## REPAIR PARTS LIST

#### READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS BEFORE ORDERING PARTS

The MODEL, SPECIFICATION and SERIAL NUMBERS of your engine, shown on the name plate prominently located on the engine, MUST BE GIVEN WHEN ORDERING PARTS.

COPY THE ABOVE SPECIFIED INFORMATION INTO THE SPACES PROVIDED BELOW SO THAT IT WILL BE AVAILABLE TO YOU WHEN ORDERING PARTS.

MODEL		SERIAL NO.	". <u></u>
SIZE	R.P.M.	SPEC. NO.	



## TO INSURE PROMPT AND ACCURATE SERVICE, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MUST ALSO BE GIVEN.

- 1. State exactly, quantity of each part and part number.
- 2. State definitely, whether parts are to be shipped by express, freight or parcel post.
- 3. State exact mailing address.

#### **SERVICE FACILITIES**

Wisconsin Engine Distributors and Service Centers, located throughout the U.S. and foreign countries, have been carefully selected in order to assure complete and efficient repairs and inspection service to owners of Wisconsin Engines. These service centers, equipped and staffed for complete engine repair, also stock parts to facilitate immediate delivery for all Wisconsin Air Cooled Engine Models. Order parts from the Wisconsin Distriburor or Service Center in your locality.

27 MP-1205

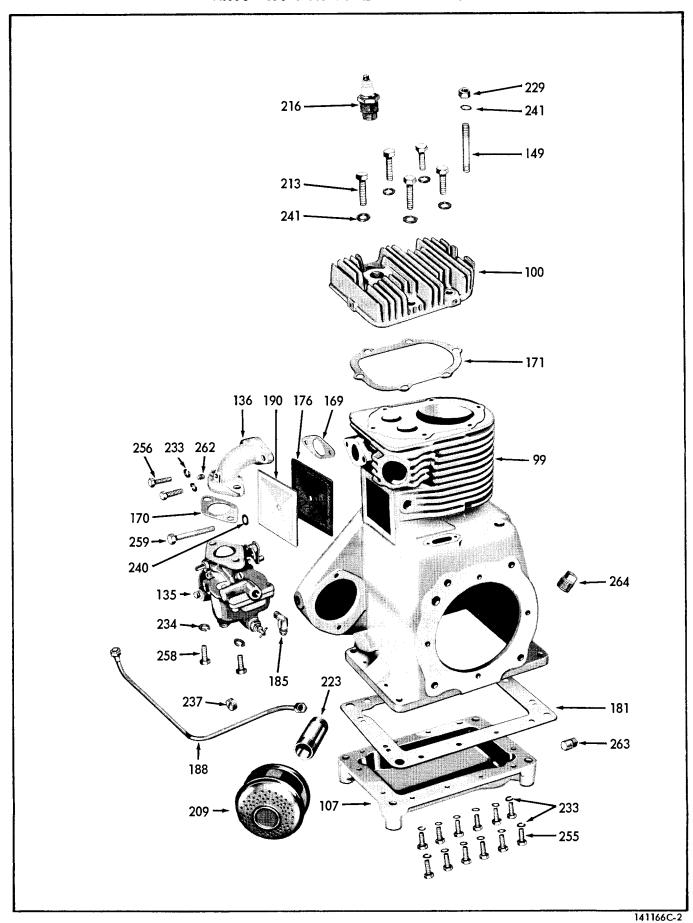


Fig. 45, CRANKCASE, BASE, HEAD AND CARBURETOR GROUP

Parts are identified by reference number. See parts list for correct part number.

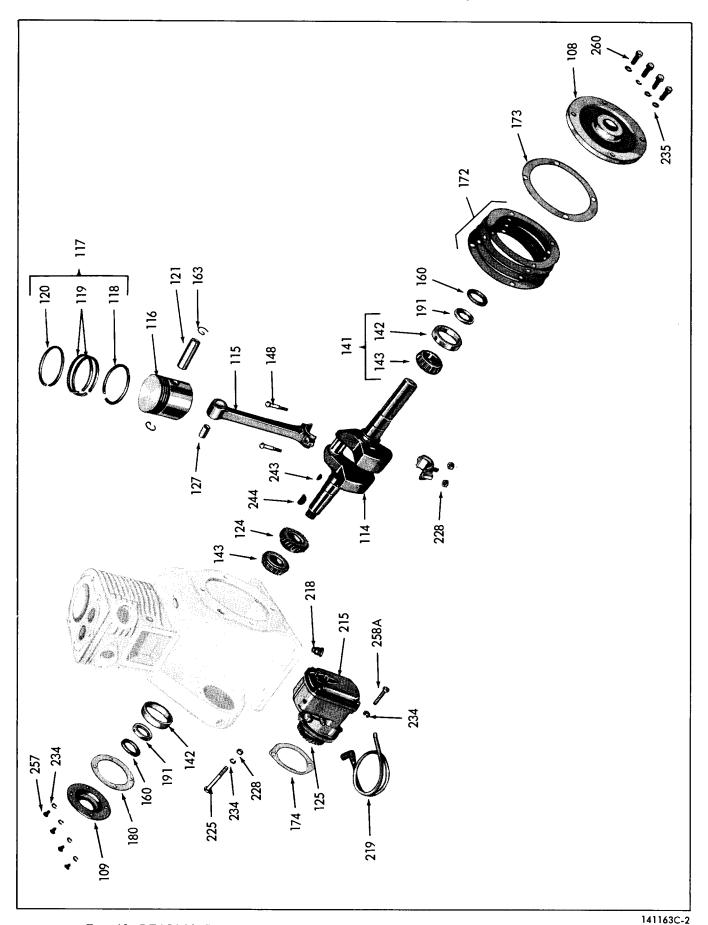


Fig. 46, BEARING PLATE, CRANKSHAFT, PISTON AND CONNECTING ROD GROUP

Parts are identified by reference number. See parts list for correct part number.

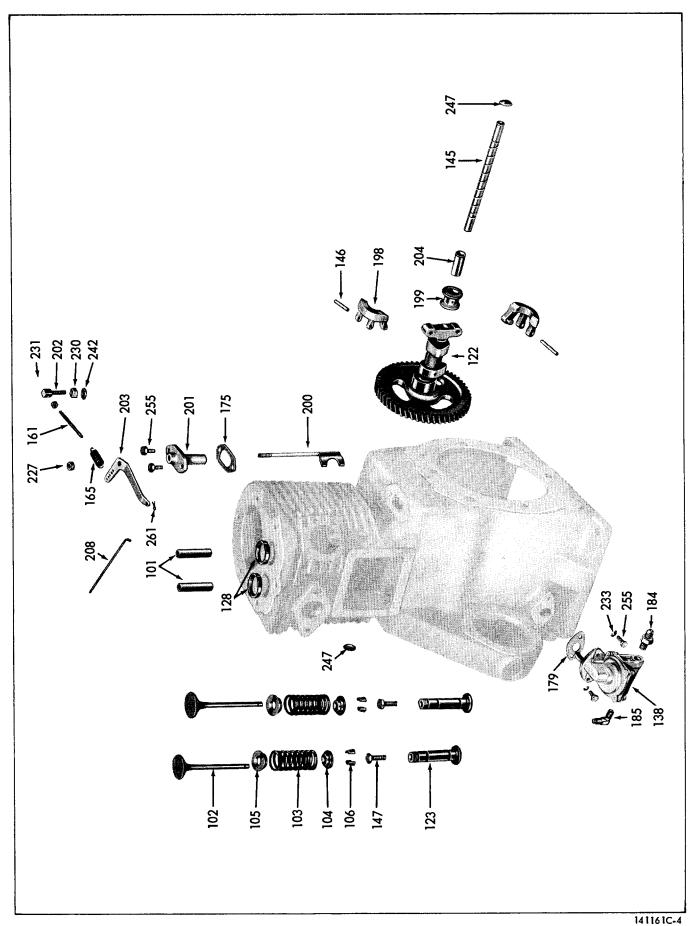
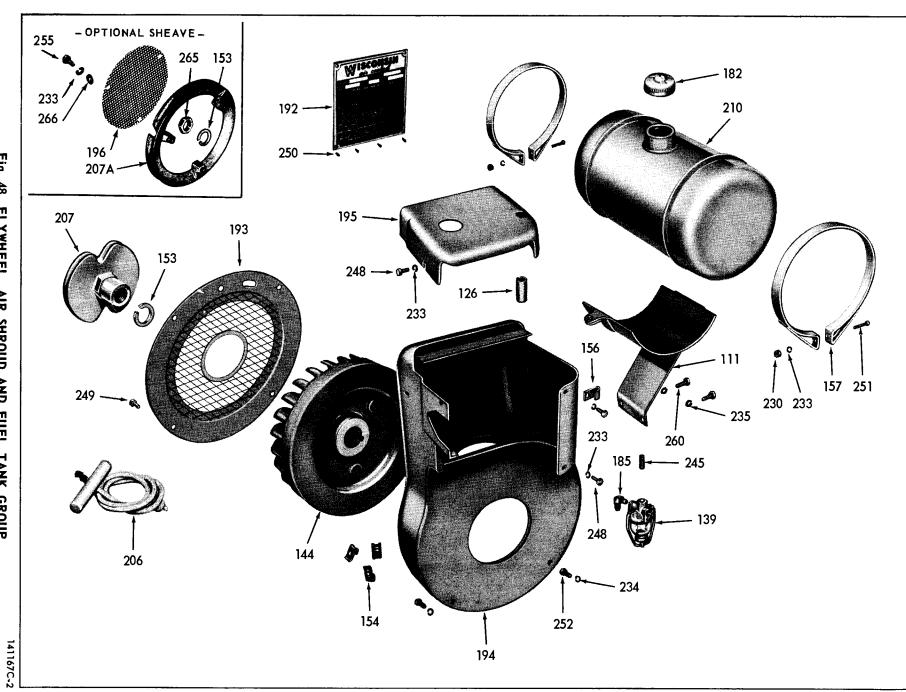


Fig. 47, VALVES, GOVERNOR, FUEL PUMP AND CAMSHAFT GROUP

Parts are identified by reference number. See parts list for correct part numbers.



#### PARTS LIST FOR MODEL AENL ENGINE

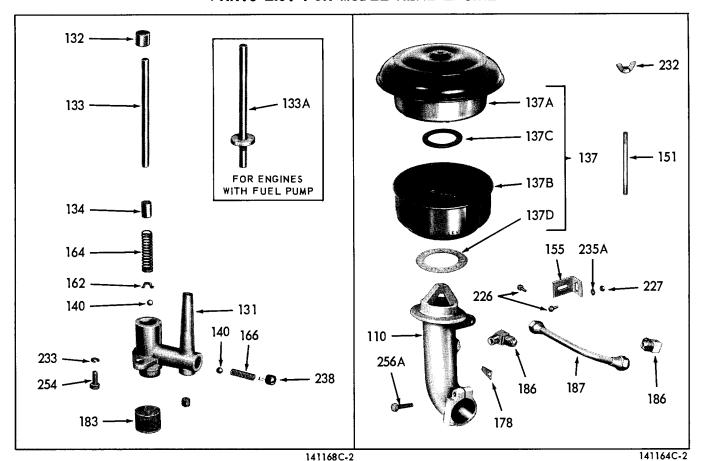


Fig. 49, Ref. No. 130, OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY

Fig. 50, AIR CLEANER ASSEMBLY

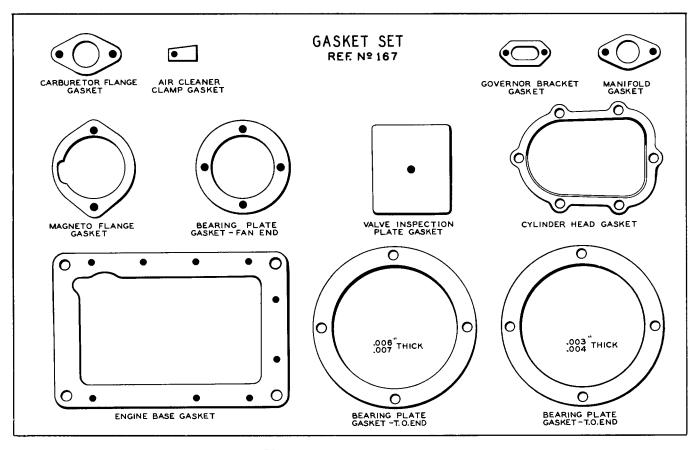


Fig. 51, Ref. No. 167, GASKET SET

Parts are identified by reference number. See parts list for correct part numbers. 32

#### Mod | AENL Standard engine SERVICE PARTS LIST

Accessories begin on page 38. RECOIL STARTER (Form MU-8), in rear section of manual.

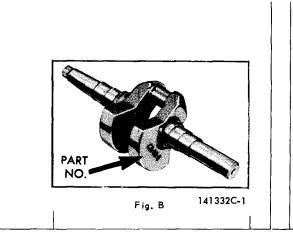
All parts can be applied to obsolete models AEN and AENS.

NOTE: Model AENLD has LONG LIFE exhaust valve, seat insert and VALVE ROTATOR. All other parts are identical to Model AENL

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	ı	Net	
99	AA-91-A. Any stamped on the this number to	CYLINDER and CRANKCASE ASSEMBLY — Complete	nur . <b>A.</b> Oy gi	nber Add	
		PART NO.			
		Fig. A 90845C	1		
100	AB-101-B	CYLINDER HEAD	1	2	8
101	AD-43 AE-75-B	VALVE STEM GUIDE	2		1
102	AE-75-D	EXHAUST VALVE, standard	2		4
	(AENLD)	EXTROST VALVE, long the	1		4
103	AF-49-A	VALVE SPRING, std. inlet and exh 2-5/16 free length. Spring rated at 49 pounds when compressed to approx. 1*3/8 height.	2		2
	AF-51	VALVE SPRING, exhaust with long life valve, less valve rotators	1		2
	AF-54 (AENLD)	VALVE SPRING, exhaust, with long life valve and VALVE ROTATOR 1-13/16" free length, rated at 85 pounds, when compressed to approx. 1-1/8".	1		2
104	A G-26	SEAT for valve spring, std	2		1
	AG-31 (AENLD)	VALVE ROTATOR and spring SEAT (exhaust) used with long life valve	l		1
105	AG-34-A	VALVE SPRING LOCATOR	2		1
	AH-9	LOCK for valve spring seat	2 pr	i	1
106	A11-7	• •	1	- 1	- T

Ref.	Part	Description		Net	
No.	Number		Req	Lb	02
108	BG-241-S1	MAIN BEARING PLATE ASSEMBLY Take-off end. Standard. Consisting of: 1 BG-241 Plate 1 PH-193 Seal 1 ME-59-1 Cup 1 SD-39 Retainer	1	4	12
	require a spec	es equipped with clutch or clutch reduct: cial main bearing plate as specified in manual where these accessories are locc	the		
109	BG-242-S1 BG-344-S1	BEARING RETAINER PLATE with oil seal, flywheel end (Standard)	1	2	5
110	BI-291-6-S1	AIR CLEANER BRACKET ASSEMBLY For 1-5/8" O.D. carburetor air hom. Consisting of: 1 BI-291-6 Bracket 1 QD-647 Gasket 1 XD-8 Screw BI-291-S1 (for 1½" O.D. carburetor air hom)replaced by BI-291-6-S1, not inter- changeable unless carburetor is changed	1		14
111	BK-126 (Std.) BK-85 (Old Style)	FUEL TANK BRACKET for WE-415 Rectangulor tank. BK-126-51 tank and bracket assembly with steel binder strapping. BRACKET for WE-306-A and WE-414, Round tonk	1	1	8
114	See Fig. B	CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY	1	13	

NOTE: The standard and basic engine crankshaft part number (raised letters on side of counterweight), is CA;48-D. Dash numbers are added to the basic part number to identify special machining at the take-off end. The dash (-) number will be found stamped on the cheek facing the take-off end of the shaft, as illustrated in Fig. B. Order by complete part number, (dash number added to basic number) and by giving the model, specification and seriol numbers of the engine.



Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

#### Model AENL Parts List

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description		Net Lb		_	Ref. No.	Part Number	Description		Ne Lb	Wt.
115	DA-49B-51	CONNECTING ROD - shell bearing type Assembly includes: 1 HG-133A Bushing 2 PB-148 Bolts 2 PD-246 Locknuts	1	1	6		131	KA-64A-5!	OIL PUMP BODY ASSEMBLY	1		10
	Refer to follo	connecting rod is furnished LESS shell owing HA139 part number for standard a arings available.					132	KF-19-A	CAP for pump plunger rod	1	L	1
		DA-49A-21-S1, 17-S1, 9-S1, DA-49A-S1					133	K F-26	PLUNGER ROD for oil pump, standard	1		2
		Babbitt Lined connecting rods repl'd by DA-49B-S1 and shell bearings.					1334	KF-26-C	PLUNGER ROD ASSEMBLY	1		4
	HA 139 \$	SHELL BEARING (2 halves)	1		2				KF-26-3-S1, replaced by KF-26-C.		Į	
		NOTE: The following undersize shell bearings are also available.  HA 139 \$1 (.001* undersize)					134	KF-23-1	PLUNGER for oil pump	1		4
		HA 139 52					135	L-63-K-S1 (Std.) L-63-E-S1	CARBURETOR with gasket	1	3	
116	DB-209-5	(HA 131 etc. replaced by HA 139 etc.) PISTON, cam-ground, standard size Pistons are also furnished .010", .020"	1		В			(Optional)	Zenith #12199L-48-G and L-48-AD, replaced by L-63E, but Bl-291-6-S1 air cleaner bracket must		3	
		and .030" oversize. DB-209-3, -2, replaced by DB-209-5.						LQ-39	be used. REPAIR KIT for L-63K, L-63E	1		3
117	DR-6-E	PISTON RING SET, standard size DR-6-A, replaced by DR-6-E. Consisting of:	1		4			on carbureto placement ca	al carburetors are identified by Part Number name plate. Refer to this number for arburetor or parts. See carburetor bulletins	serv	ice r	re-
118 119	DC-186 DC-163 DC-163-1	OIL RING  COMPRESSION RING, 2nd groove  SCRAPER RING, 3rd groove	1 1 1		1 1 1		136	LC-269-A	ervice replacement parts list.	1		12
120	DC-163-D	COMPRESSION RING, chrome faced, top groove	1		1		137	LO-24	AIR CLEANER - Oil Bath type	1	1	12
	DR-37	TRI CROME RE-RING SET, std. size	1	ļ	6		137A 137B		Service parts:   81-179B1   Cap and filter assembly   81-176B1K01 Oil cup			
		Piston ring sets are also furnished .010", .020" and .030" oversize.					1370 1370		81-615A1         Filter gasket            QD-540         Base gasket			
121	DE-65	Piston Pin, standard size	1		3			LO-175 (Standard)	AIR CLEANER - Dry Element type Service parts: LO-175-B Element	1	1	4
122	EA-110B-51	CAMSHAFT ASSEMBLY	1	2	8				LO-175-D Body	1 1		8
123	F-63	PA-314-1 Support pin VALVE TAPPET with lockscrew	2		4		138	LP 62B S1 LQ 51	FUEL PUMP (not standard)	1 1		10 2
124	GA-39	CRANKSHAFT GEAR	1		В				LP-42B-S1 replaced by LP-62B-S1. LQ-28 Repair Kit for LP-42B-S1. NOTE: Refer to fuel pump instruction			
125	GD 113	GEAR, magneto drive For Y 117 FM, or Y 118 Wico magneto	1		12	2			sheet in back of manual for maintenance and repair			
		GD 145 gear, for obsolete FM, Y 135					139	RG-41 (Std.) LP-43	SHUT-OFF VALVE and STRAINER	1		5
126	HF-432	SPACER for cylinder head stud	1		3			(Optional)	NOTE: See illustration in back of parts	1		
127	HG-133-A	PISTON PIN BUSHING	1		1		140	ME-38-A	list for service replacement parts.	,		1
128	HG 201 HG 273D (AENLD)	VALVE SEAT INSERT, standard SEAT INSERT, exhaust — long life (HG 201D, replaced by HG 273D)	2 1		1	1 1	140		CHECK BALL for oil pump, 5/16 dia. ME-38, replaced by ME-38A.			
130	K-100-G	OIL PUMP ASSEMBLY (Fig. 49)	1	1			141	ME-84	MAIN BEARING ASSEMBLY	2		12
		Replaces K-100-E, K-100, beginning with serial #4402043, interchangeable.					142		I ME-59-1 Cup * I ME-84-1 Cone * * Not sold separately.			

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT**: Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

#### Model AENL Parts List

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description		Net Lb		Ref.		Description		Net Lb	
	series Reco Start) flywh	nning with engine serial No. 5789735, the il Start Flywheel reploces NC143 series (eel — Not Interchangeable - unless Shrouengine Base/Crankcase is modified.	Rop	e -		167	Q-22	GASKET SET	1		6
144	NC 215	FLYWHEEL, standard	1	24 16				1 QD-484 1 QD-571 1 QD-675 9 QD-487-A 1 QD-612-A			
	N 108 - I	FLYWHEEL with GH 48 Ring-Gear NC 143ES1 previous to serial #5789735		25		169		GASKET for intake manifold	1		1
	N 108 -2	FLYWHEEL with rotor and ring gear for 10 amp Flywheel Alternator. N 104-5 previous to serial No. 5789735.		25		170 171		GASKET for carburetor flange	1		1
	N 108-3	For 25 amp Flywheel Alternator		25		172	QD-487-A	GASKET for bearing plate, T.O. end — .006 thick	6		1
	NOTE: Order	other special flywheels by Spec and Seria	il No	's.				.003" end play.			
145	PA-314-1	CAMSHAFT SUPPORT PIN	1		4	173	QD-487-B	GASKET for bearing plate, T.O. end — .003 thick	1		1
146	PA-340	ROLL PIN for governor flyweights	2		1	174	QD-570-A	GASKET for magneto flange	1		1
147	PB-169-A	ADJUSTING SCREW for valve tappet	2		1	175	QD-571	GASKET for governor yoke shaft bracket	1		1
148	PB-148	CONNECTING ROD BOLT	2		2	176	QD-612-A	GASKET for valve tappet insp. plate	1		1
149	PC-321	STUD (3-1/16* long) for cylinder head and cover spacer	1		3	178	QD-647	GASKET for slot in air cleaner bracket	1		1
	PC-458	STUD (3-1/4" long) for cylinder head — when mounting ignition coil	1		3	179		GASKET for mounting fuel pump	1		1
151	PC-372-A	STUD for oil or dry element air cleaners	1		2	180	QD-674 QD-833	GASKET for bearing plate, flywheel end GASKET for engine with Flywheel alternator	1		1
1 53	PE-101	LOCKWASHER, 7/8" special (pos. type) For mounting rope starter sheave.	1		1	181	QD-675	GASKET for engine base	1		1
		<b>PE-38,</b> 7/8*, light Positive type — for sheave with 'V' belt drive.				182		CAP (screw type) for WE-414, WE-415 tanks	1		2
1 54	PG-315	SPEED NUT for SE 6D flywheel screen	4		1		RC-123-A	CAP with gauge, available for WE-414, WE-415 fuel tanks			4
155	PG-343-C	SUPPORT CLIP for air cleaner bracket	1		1			RC-87 cap for obsolete WE-306A bayonet neck type fuel tank			2
156	PG-430	SUPPORT CLIP for ignition cable	1		1	183	RD-137-C	OIL STRAINER for pump	1		1
157	PG-1196 PG-504	FUEL TANK STRAP for WE-415, Rectangular tank	2		4	184	RF-269	RD-112-2, replaced by RD-137-C.  STRAIGHT FITTING for fuel pump outlet	1		1
	on engines se	fuel tank	le ir	ı the	.	185	RF-1439 RF-1225 (Optional)	ELBOW for flexible fuel line in carb ELBOW for bundyweld tubing fuel line l-in carburetor l-in fuel strainer outlet l-in fuel pump inlet	1 3		1 1
160	PH-193	CORK OIL SEAL for crankshaft	2		1	186	RF-296	ELBOW for breather line	2		1
61	PI-121-A	ADJUSTING SCREW for governor spring	1		1	187	RM-494	BREATHER LINE, tubing with nuts,	,		4
62	PK-50-A	RETAINER for oil pump check ball	1		1	-	LK 30	HOSE CLAMP, fuel line (not illust.)	2		1
63	PK-52	RETAINING RING for piston pin	2		1	188	LL-178-18	FLEXIBLE FUEL LINE, 18* long, 1/4* neoprene tubing	1		3
64	PM-58-E	SPRING for oil pump plunger	1		1		RM-980 (Optional)	FUEL LINE, 19½" long, 1/4" bundy-weld tubing with nuts	1		
65	PM-74		1		2		Du 10-	Fuel tank to carburetor.			
66	PM-165	SPRING for oil pump outlet	1		1		RM-197 (Optional)	FUEL LINE, 1/4" tubing, 121/4" long, with nuts, fuel pump to carburetor	1	Ì	2

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

## Model AENL Parts List

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Reg	$\overline{}$	Wt.	Ref.	Part Number	Description		Net Lb	
190 191	SA-68 SD-39	COVER for valve tappet inspection  RETAINER for crankshaft oil seal	1 2		2	215	Y 117 S1	MAGNETO with gear and ignition cable Fairbanks Morse No. FMXD1B7U YQ8 Points and Condenser Kit	1	5	12
192	SD-312	NAME PLATE  NOTE: When ordering name plate, give  Model, Specification and Serial Numbers.	1		1			YQ9 Overhaul Kit Y135BS1 (FMS1B7U),repld.by Y117S1 YQ19 Points and Condenser Kit YQ20 Overhaul Kit			
193	SE 6D SSE 124	SCREEN, flywheel, with 2-3/4 dio.hole SCREEM assem. (solid) for SE339A shrd. Includes: 1 SE 340 Screen 3 PC 635 Studs 3 PD 77 Nuts 3 PE 3 Woshers 3 PH 199A Washers	1	1			Y 118 S1	For obsolete Y135 series magnetos  MAGNETO with gear, Wico No. XH-2504 (not available) use Y117 S1 for replant.  YQ5 Points and Condenser Kit YQ2 Overhaul Kit		5	4
194	SE 339	AIR SHROUD for Recoil Start engines Beginning with engine serial # 5789735 SE 154 for Rope Start, before # 5789735.	,	5				NOTE: See magneto Bulletins in rear of manual far service parts list			
	SE 339A	AIR SHROUD for Electric Stort engines SE 154A, Replaced by SE 339A, except		5		216	YD-6-S1	SPARK PLUG, CHAMPION No. D-16-J, 18 mm, with gasket	1		2
195	SE-155	add SSE 124 Screen assembly	1		11		YD-6-S2 (Optional)	AC No. C86 Commercial			
196	SE 303	SCREEN for UC 202 Rope Sheave	1		2	218	Y D-20	RUBBER NIPPLE, magneto tower	1		1
197	SE-172	ROTATING SCREEN (not illustrated)	1		8	219		IGNITION CABLE assembly For Y 117 and Y 118 S1 magnetos	1		3
198	TC-322-51	GOVERNOR FLYWEIGHT ASSEMBLY For speeds below 2600 R.P.M. load. (Includes TC-328-D Thrust Pin). FLYWEIGHT ASSEMBLY for load	2		21/2		YL 339B 22	Far obsolete Y 135 series magnetos  STANDARD HARDWARE			3
199	TC-323-A	speeds 2600 R.P.M. and above	1		21/4	223	LJ-315	PIPE NIPPLE, 1" x 2½" long	1		3
200	TC-324-D	GO VERNOR YOKE	1		3	225	PB-164	For muffler mounting.  SCREW, 5/16*-24 thread x 2-5/8* long,			
201	TC-325	BRACKET for governor shaft support	1		3			hexagon head	1		2
202	TC-330 TC-432	PIN for governor adjusting screw	1		1	226	PB-184	SCREW, 1/4"-28 thread x 5/8" long, hexagon head, self locking	1		1
204	TC-433	GOVERNOR SPACER	1		l		XA-123	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 3/4" long, hex. head For cleaner bracket clip to shroud.	1		I
206	U-268	STARTING ROPE ASSEMBLY(obsolete)	1		В	227	PD-9 PD-77	NUT, 1/4"-28 thread, hexagon steel For governor control lever. NUT, 1/4"-20 thread, hexagon head	1		1
- 1	UC 103F S1 UC 202	ROPE SHEAVE, 5 inch dia. (obsolete)  ROPE SHEAVE, 8 inch dia., optionally used with NC 215 Flywheel	1	1	6		1 5-77	For air cleamer bracket clip. Was PD-9 used with PB-184.			•
	TE: For rewind st VE 304	arter ass'y, see section following parts list.  ROD, gavernar control	,		1	228	<b>PD-1</b> 0	NUT, 5/16-24 thread, hexagon steel For mounting magneto (upper hole).	1		1
209	WD 66A S2 WE-415-S1	MUFFLER with LJ 315 Pipe Nipple	1				PD-246	LOCKNUT, 5/16-24 thread, special For connecting rod bolts.	2		1
	WE-414-S1	FUEL TANK, Rectangular shape Includes: RC-122 filler cap FUEL TANK, Round, with cap	1	2	12	229	PD-11	NUT, 3/8"-24 thread, hexagon steel For cylinder head stud.	1		1
	ping which is	cank is mounted to bracket with steel bind not serviceable. When replacing fuel ta ment straps (Ref. 157). Refer to Ref. No.	nk o	only.	,	230	PD-77	NUT, 1/4"-20 thread, hexagon steel For gov. spring adjusting screw pin.	1		1
	tank-bracket o	issembly,	 1	. 101			PD-239	NUT, 1/4 -20 thread, square, steel For fuel tank strap clamp screws.	2		1
213	XD-30	SCREW (Special hardness) 3/8-16 thread x 1½ long	5		2	231	PD-115	NUT, Nc. 10-32 thread, hexagon steel For governor spring adjusting screw.	2		1
						232	PD-147	WING NUT, 1/4~20 thread For mounting air cleaner.	1		1

## Model AENL Parts List

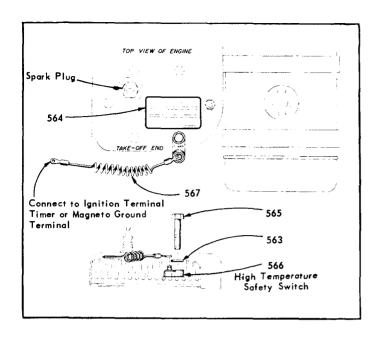
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description		Net Lb		Ref No.		Description		Net Lb	
233	PE 3	LOCKWASHER, 1/4" spring lock 2-for mounting oil pump to crankcase	27		1	252	XB 87	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 3/4 long socket hd. For SE 339 air shroud to base	2		1
		12-for mounting engine base 4-for air shroud to cyl. block and head 2-for SE 339 air shroud mtg. to base					XA 113	SCREW, 5/16"- 18 x 1/2 long phil. hd. For obsolete SE 154 air shroud to case	2		1
		2-for mounting intake manifold 2-for mounting fuel pump 3-for rope sheave mounting				254	XD-5	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 5/8" long, hex. head For oil pump mounting.	2		1
234	PE 4	LOCKWASHER, 5/16" spring lock 2-for mounting magneto 4-for main bearing plate-flywheel end 2-for SE 154 air shroud to crankcase 2-for mounting carburetor	10		1	255	XD-6	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 3/4" long, hex. hd. 12-for mounting engine base. 2-for mounting fuel pump. 2-for governor shaft support. 3-for rope sheave mounting	19		1
235	PE-5	LOCKWASHER, 3/8" spring lock	6		1	256	XD-7	SCREW, 1/4 = 20 x 1 = long, hex. head For mounting monifold.	2		1
235A	PE-74	2-for fuel tank bracket to crankcase.  LOCKWASHER, 1/4" internal-external "Everlock", plated	l		1	2 56	A XD-8	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 1-1/4" long, hex. hd. For air cleaner bracket clamp. XB-20, fillister hd., replaced by XD-8.	1		1
2 <b>3</b> 7	X K-3	PIPE PLUG, 3/8" square head	1		1	257	XD-15	SCREW, 5/16-18 x 3/4 long, hex. hd. For bearing retainerplote—flywheel end.	4		1
238	PF-165	For timing inspection hole in crankcase PF-25 (slotted plug) replaced by XK-3.				258	XD-16	SCREW, 5/16*-18 thread x 7/8* long, hexagon head	2		l
236	FF-105	PIPE PLUG (special) for oil pump out let spring retainer	1		1	258	 A XD-17 	SCREW, 5/16*-18 x 1* long, hex. hd For mounting magneto, lower hole.	1		1
240	PH-14	WASHER, 5/16" I.D. x 19/32" O.D. x 1/16" thick, copper	1		1	259	XD-23	PG-362 Stud, replaced by XD-17.  SCREW, 5/16*-18 x 2* long, hex. hd	1		2
241	PH-22	WASHER, 3/8" I.D. x 11/16" O.D. x 1/16" thick, plain steel	6		1	260	XD-27	For valve tappet inspection plate.  SCREW, 3/8"-16 x 1" long, hex. head  4-for main bearing plate—take-off end.	6		1
242	PH-30-A	WASHER, 1/4" I.D. x 7/16" O.D. x 1/16" thick, plain steel	1		1	261	X1+32	2-for fuel tank bracket to crankcase.  COTTER PIN, 3/64" dia. x 3/8" long For control rod to governor lever.	1		1
243	PL-55	WOODRUFF KEY, No. 6	1		1	262	X K+1	PIPE PLUG, 1/8" square head In inlet manifold. (optional)	1		1
244	PL-87	WOODRUFF KEY, No. 22	1		1	263	ХК-3	PIPE PLUG, 3/8" square head	1		1
245	RF-794	NIPPLE, 1/8" x 3/4" long, close pipe For fuel strainer mounting. (optional)	1		1	264	XK-4	PIPE PLUG, 1/2° square head	1		2
247	SA-26	EXPANSION PLUG, 5/8"For camshaft end holes.	2		1	26 5	PD 142	NUT, 7/8"-14, hex jamFlywheel mounting-with rope sheave	1		2
248	XA-33	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 3/8" long, indented hexagon head	4		1	266	PH 196	WASHER, 1/4", plain steel	3		1
249	XA-34	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1/2" long, indented hexagon head	4		1						
250	XA-67	SCREW, Parker Kalon No. 4, Type 'A', 1/4" long, stove head, self-tapping sheet metal screw, for name plate	4		1						
251	XA-61	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 1-3/4" long, rd. hd. For fuel tank straps.	2		1						

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER. IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

37

MP-1269-3

## YC-66-D-S1 HIGH TEMPERATURE SAFETY SWITCH KIT

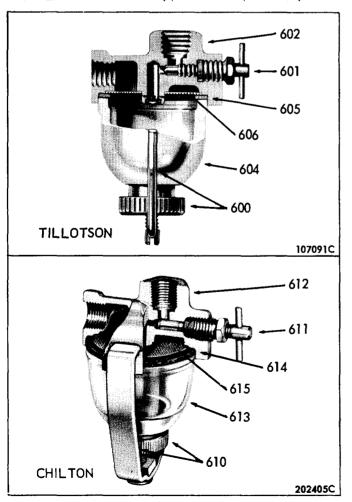


Ref.	Part	Description	No.		
No.	Number		Reg	LЬ	Oz
	YC-66-D-51	HIGH TEMPERATURE SAFETY SWITCH KIT — Complete			8
563	PH-22	<b>WASHER,</b> 3/8" I.D., plain steel	1		1
564	SD-233	INSTRUCTION DECAL	1		1
56.5	XD-31	CAPSCREW, 3/8"-16 thread x 1¾" long, hexagon head	l		ı
566	YC-66-D	HIGH TEMPERATURE SAFETY SWITCH	1		3
567	YL-357-42	WIRE ASSEMBLY, 42" long, with terminals. (Wire coiled to suit all models.)	1		1

### LP-43 FUEL STRAINER ASSEMBLIES

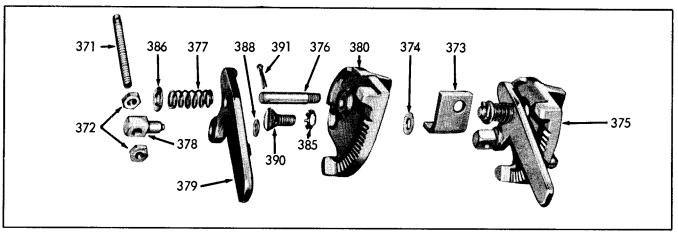
The LP-43 small fuel strainer is furnished by either the TILLOTSON or CHILTON Companies. The strainers are interchangeable as complete units, but only the glass bowl, gasket and screen (LQ-31 Kit) are interchangeable as service replacement parts.

NOTE: Code number 75 or 17, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code as shown.



Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req	Wt.
	OW-480-T	TILLOTSON FUEL STRAINER AS- SEMBLY — Order (Wisconsin LP-43)	1	6
600	75-07766	CLAMP WIRE and NUT ASSEMBLY	1	1
601	75-07769	NEEDLE VALVE ASSEMBLY	1	1
602	75-07770	COVER	1	2
	LQ-31	REPAIR PARTS KITConsisting of:	1	3
604		Glass Bowl	1	1
605		Gasket	1	1
606		Screen	1	1
		OPTIONAL		
	830	CHILTON FUEL STRAINER ASSEMBLY — Order (Wisconsin LP-43)	1	6
610	17-830-15A	BAIL ASSEMBLY	1	2
611	17-100-6-7-8-9	NEEDLE VALVE ASSEMBLY	1	1
612	17-830-1	COVER	1	2
	LQ-31	REPAIR PARTS KIT	1	3
613		Glass Bowl	1	1
614		Gasket	1	1
615		Screen	1	1

## TT-74-D VARIABLE SPEED GOVERNOR CONTROL ASSEMBLY



141786C-1

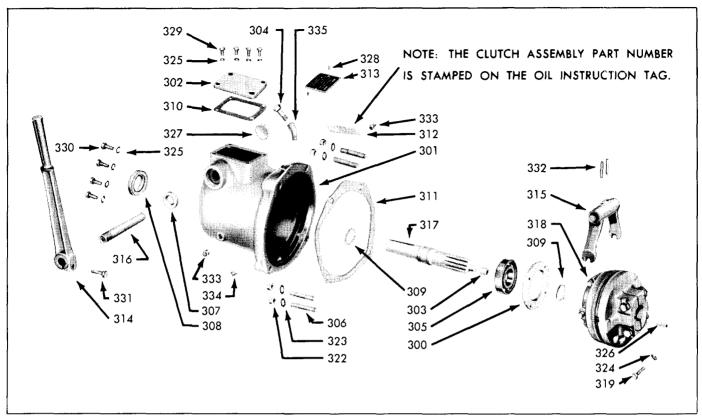
REF.	PART		NO.	NET W	EIGHT
NO.	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REQ.	LBS	οz
	TT-74-D	CONTROL ASSEMBLY - Complete		1	2
371	PI-121-A	SCREW for governor spring adjusting	1		1
372	PD-115	NUT, No. 10-32 thread, hexagon steel nutFor adjusting screw.	2		1
373	PG-563	BRACE for control bracket	1		1
374	QD-695	GASKET for mounting bracket to crankcase PH-221 Washer, replaced by QD-695.	1		1
375	VE-584-A	CONTROL ASSEMBLY Consisting of all the following parts:	1	1	
376	PC-393-2	PIN for lever support	1		1
377	PM-117	SPRING for lever support pin	1		1
378	TC-301-3	SWIVEL BLOCK for adjusting screw	1		1
379	<b>VB-179-A</b>	CONTROL LEVER	1		2
380	VC-35	CONTROL BRACKET	1		10
		STANDARD HARDWARE			
385	PE-55	WASHER, ¼" countersunk everlock For bracket support screw.	1		1
386	PH-84	WASHER, ¼" I.D. x ½" O.D. x 1/16" thick, plain steel For support pin spring.	1		1
388	PH-253	WASHER, 5/32" I.D. x 3/8" O.D. x 1/32" thick, plain steel	1		1
390	XC-14	SCREW, ¼"-20 thread x 5/8" long, flat head	1		1
391	XI-1	COTTER PIN, 1/16" dia. x 1/2" long, steelFor support pin spring.	1		1

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER. IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

39

MP-753

## WW-102 CLUTCH AND POWER TAKE-OFF ASSEMBLY



141165C

NOTE: Engines equipped with a clutch and power take-off assembly require a special main bearing plate assembly, crankshaft and cylinder-crankcase as follows:

BG-241-1-S1 MAIN BEARING PLATE ASSEMBLY (not illustrated)

Consisting of:

1 BG-241-1 Plate

1 ME-59-1 Bearing cup

1 PH-265 Oil seal

CA-48D-1-S2 CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY (not illustrated)

Gear

Consisting of:

1 CA-48D-1 Shaft

1 GA-39

1 HG-182 2 ME-84 Bushing Bearings 1 PL-55 Key

THE PART NUMBER OF THE CYLINDER-CRANKCASE CAN BE FOUND STAMPED ON THE FUEL TANK MOUNTING PAD ON THE CRANKCASE

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req			Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req	$\overline{}$	1
	WW-102	CLUTCH and POWER TAKE-OFF				307	PH-234-A	OIL SEAL for shifter lever shaft	1		2
		Consisting of:	1	28		308	PH-280	OIL SEAL for take-off shaft	1		3
300	BG-156	PLATE for bearing retainer	1		8	309	PK-97	RETAINING RING for bearing	2		1
301	BG-230-2	CLUTCH HOUSING	1	6		310	QD-551	GASKET for inspection hole cover	1		1
302	BH-115-A	COVER for inspection hole (stamping)	1		2	311	QD-650-1	GASKET for housing mounting	1		1
		BH-115 (cast iron), replaced by BH-115A				312	SD-79	TAG for oil instructions	1		1
303	HG-182	PILOT BUSHING for crankshaft	1		1	313	SD-125-A	INSTRUCTION PLATE	1		1
304	LO-44	BREATHER ASSEMBLY	1		1			For clutch adjustment. SD-132, replaced by SD-125-A.			
305	ME-79-A	BEARING for take-off shaft, N.D. No.	1		10	314	VB-55-1	SHIFTER LEVER	1	2	
306	PC-392	STUD for mounting clutch housing	4		2	315	VB-64-A	SHIFTER YOKE	1	1	4

## WW-102 CLUTCH AND POWER TAKE-OFF ASSEMBLY

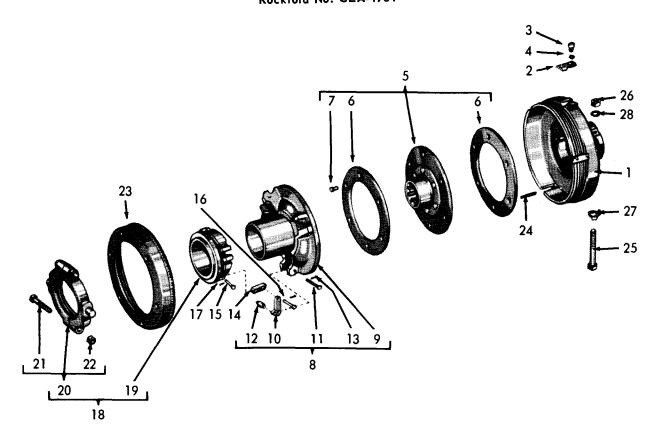
Ref.	Part	_	No.	Net	Wt.
No.	Number	Description		LЬ	$\overline{}$
316	WA-61	SHAFT for shifter yoke	1	1	
317	WA-101	TAKE-OFF SHAFT	1	2	8
318	₩C-280-B	CLUTCH, Rockford Model 4-1/2 LOC No. CLA-1761	1	8	6
319	XD-14-2	SET SCREW for clutch drive hub	1		1
		STANDARD HARDWARE			
322	PD-12	NUT, 7/16"-20 thread, hexagon steel For clutch housing studs.	4		1
323	PE-6	LOCKWASHER, 7/16" Positive	4		1
324	PE-46	LOCKWASHER, 5/16" External Everlock For drive hub set screw.	1		1
325	PH-30	WASHER, 1/4" I.D. x 7/16" O.D. x 1/16" thick, plain copper 4-for inspection hole cover. 4-for bearing retainer plate.	8		1
326	PL-86	KEY, 1/4" square x 1" long	1		1
327	SA-58	PLUG, 1-3/8" expansion	1		1
329	XA-34	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1/2" long, round	4		1
330	XD-8	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1-1/4" long, hexagon head	4		1
331	XD-30	SCREW, 3/8"-16 thread x 1-1/2" long, hexagon head	1		1
332	PA-341	ROLL PIN, 1/4" dia. x 1-1/8" long For shifter yoke to shaft. XH-26, No. 4 x 1-3/8" long, taper pin, replaced by PA-341.	2		1
333	XK-1	PIPE PLUG, 1/8" square head	2		1
334	XK-2	PIPE PLUG, 1/4" square head	1		1
	хк-3	PIPE PLUG, 3/8" square head	1		l
335	XK-77-A	STREET ELL, 1/8" x 45°, brass For breather mounting. XK-77, replaced by XK-77-A.	1		1

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT**: Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

41

MP-755-3

## WC-280B CLUTCH ASSEMBLY Rockford No. CLA-1761

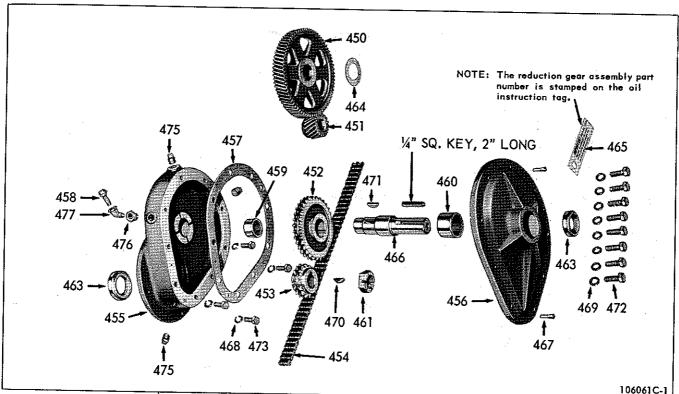


206584C-A

NOTE: Code number 63, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code as shown.

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.	Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
1	63-CL-7248-1	CLUTCH HOUSING	1	18	63-UCL-7-5229	RELEASE SLEEVE ASSEMBLY	1
2	63-CL-7012	ADJUSTMENT LOCK	1	19		Consisting of: 63-CL-5229 Release sleeve	1
3	63-CL-8807-1	SCREW for adjustment lock, 1/4"-20 thread x 3/8" long, hexagon head	1	20		63-UCL-14-4966 Release bearing assembly Consisting of:	1
4	63-CL-3468	WASHER for adjustment lock, 1/2" Shakeproof	1	21	*	Release bearing (2 halves) 63-CL-3335-1 Hex. hd. screw, 5/16-24	
5	63-UCL-5230	DRIVE MEMBER ASSEMBLY	1	22		thread x 1-3/4" long	2
6	*	Splined center and plate assembly	, ,		40.61.4044	thread	
7		63-CL-1011 Brass rivet	6	23	63-CL-4964	ADJUSTING RING	'
8	63-UCL-1-5228-A	PRESSURE PLATE and LEVER ASSEMBLY	1	24	63-CL-5087	SPRING	3
9		Consisting of: 63-UCL-5228 Pressure plate assembly	1	25	63-CL-5318	CLAMP SCREW, 3/8"-24 thread x 2-1/2" long, hexagon head	2
10		63-CL-5543 Lever	6	26	63-CL-5319	NUT, 3/8-24 thread, light hexagon	2
12		63-LM-408 Roller	3	27	63-CL-5211	SCREW LOCK	2
		63-CL-4775 Roller and 63-CL-4971 Pin replaced by 63-LM-408.		28	63-PT-353	LOCKWASHER, 3/8" Positive	2
13		63-CL-5092 Cotter pin, 1/16* x 3/8* long	3				
14	63-CL-4776	CONNECTING LINK	6				
15	63-CL-5153	LINK PIN (long)	3				
16	63-CL-5152	LINK PIN (short)	3			(*) Not serviced separately from sub- assembly it is included in.	
17	63-CL-5092	COTTER PIN for link pins, 1/16" x 3/8"	6			dasembly it is included in-	

## WW-64-B etc. and WW-64-E etc. REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLIES



ASSEMBLY PART NUMBER	REDUCTION RATIO	ROTATION AT	NET WE		
TART NUMBER		TAKE-OFF SHAFT	LBS	oz	
₩₩-64-E ₩₩-64-B	4 to 1	Counter-Enginewise	25		
WW-64-E-1 WW-64-B-1	2:076 to I	Counter-Enginewise	25		
₩ <b>₩-64-E-2</b> ₩₩-64-B-2	3.4 to 1	Engine-Wise (chain drive)	24		

NOTE: Beginning with engine Serial No. 1422515, WW-64-E etc. reduction gear assemblies replace WW-64-B etc. and are interchangeable as complete units. The basic differences are in the design of the housing, cover and gasket, and these are not interchangeable unless all three parts are used together.

REF.	PART	DESCRIPTION	ASSEMBLY	NO.	NET W	/EIGHT
NO.	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	USED IN	REQ.	LBS	oz
450	GG-119-3	DRIVEN GEAR — 64 teeth	<b>WW-64-E</b> WW-64-B	1	5	2
450	GG-122-3	DRIVEN GEAR - 54 teeth	WW-64E-1 WW-64B-1	1	4	4
451	GG-120-2	DRIVER GEAR — 16 teeth	<b>WW-64-E</b> WW-64-B	1		8
451	GG-121-2	DRIVER GEAR - 26 teeth	WW-64E-1 WW-64B-1	1	1	11
452	GG-122-1	DRIVEN SPROCKET — 34 teeth	WW-64E-2 WW-64B-2	1	3	1
453	GG-123	DRIVER SPROCKET - 10 teeth	<b>WW-64E-2</b> WW-64B-2	1		5
454	GJ-15	CHAIN - 1/2" pitch - 40 pitches long	WW-64E-2 WW-64B-2	1	1	6
455	B <b>G-244-A</b> BG-244	MAIN HOUSING	WW-64E, -1, -2 WW-64B, -1, -2	1	12 11	8
456	<b>BH-144-A</b> BH-144	COVER	WW-64E, -1, -2 WW-64B, -1, -2	1	6	12
457	<b>QD-623-A</b> QD-623	GASKET for cover to housing	WW-64E, -1, -2 WW-64B, -1, -2	1		1

## INTERCHANGEABLE PARTS OF WW-64-B etc. and WW-64-E etc. REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLIES

NOTE: Engines equipped with reduction units require a

CA-48D-2-S1 CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY (not illustrated) consisting of:

1 CA-48D-2 Crankshaft

2 ME-84 Bearings

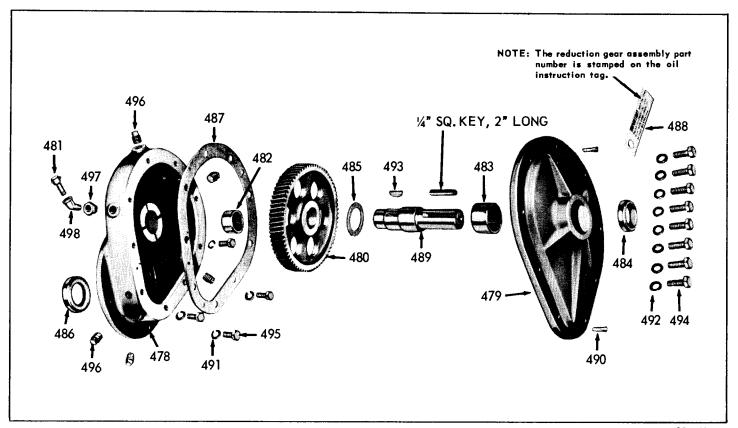
1 GA-39

Gear

1 PL-55 Key

REF.	PART	DESCRIPTION	NO.	NET W	EIGHT
NO.	NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	REQ.	LBS	0Z
458	L0-44	BREATHER	1		1
459	ME-92	NEEDLE BEARING inner, Torrington No. B-1816X	1		3
460	ME-93	NEEDLE BEARING outer, Torrington No. B-2420X	1		4
461	PD-221	LOCK-NUT, 3/4"-16 thread, for driver gear mounting	1	EQ. LBS  1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 8 1 1 1 8 4	2
463	PH-265	OIL SEAL, Victor No. 60320	2		3
464	PH-333-D	THRUST WASHER for WW-64-E assembly (.022" thick)	1		1
.465	SD-79	TAG for oil instruction	1		1
466	WA-69	TAKE-OFF SHAFT	1	2	2
		STANDARD HARDWARE		ļ	
467	PA-289	TAPER PIN, 3/16" dia. x 5/8" long, half taper	2		1
468	PE-5	LOCKWASHER, 3/8" Positive	4		1
469	PH-14	WASHER, 5/16" plain copper  For mounting cover to housing.  PE-4 Lockwasher, replaced by PH-14.	8		1
470	PL-16	KEY, No. 11 Woodruff, for drive gear mounting.	1		1
471	PL-50	KEY, No. 16 Woodruff, for driven gear mounting	1		1
472	XD-17	SCREW, 5/16"-18 thread x 1" long, hexagon head	8		1
473	XD-27	SCREW, 3/8"-16 thread x 1" long, hexagon head	4		1
475	XK-2	PIPE PLUG, 1/4" square head	4		1
476	XK-21	<b>REDUCER BUSHING,</b> 1/4" to 1/8" pipe	1		1
477	XK-77-A	STREET ELL, 1/8" x 45°	1		1

## WW-64E-6, 6.059 TO 1 REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLY



157740C-1

NOTE: Engines equipped with this reduction unit require

#### CA-48D-112-51 CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY (17 tooth spiral gear)

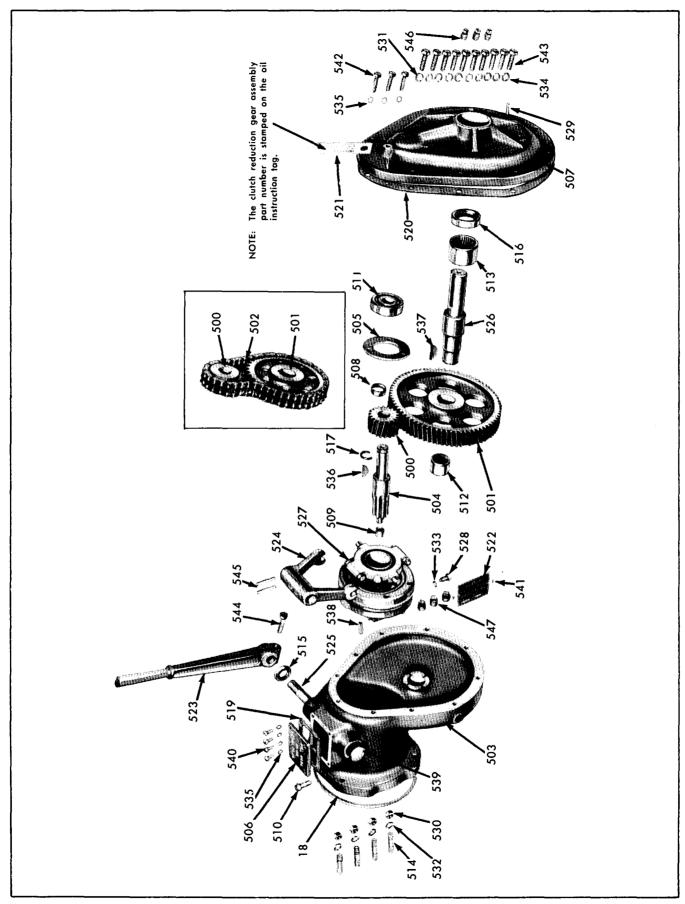
Consisting of:

1 CA-48D-112 Crankshaft Coar

1 GA-39

2 ME-84 Bearings 1 PL-55 Kev

			GA	-39		Gear		I PL-55 Key		
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	1	Ne Lb	Wt.	Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req	
	WW-64E-6	REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLY	1	27		490	PA-289	STANDARD HARDWARE  TAPER PIN, 3/16" dia. x 5/8' long, half taper	2	
	BG-244A-1	HOUSING and ENGINE BEARING	1	12		491	PE-5	For cover to housing mounting.  LOCKWASHER, 3/8" Positive  For housing to crankcase mounting.	4	1
479 480	BH-144-A GG-136-5	DRIVEN GEAR — 103 teeth	l l	6		492	PH-14	WASHER, 5/16" plain copper	8	1
	LO-44 ME-92	BREATHER ASSEMBLY  NEEDLE BEARING, inner — Torrington	1		1	493	PL-50	KEY, No. 16 Woodruff	1	1
	ME-93	No. B-1816X	1		3	494	XD-17	SCREW, 5/16"-18 thread x 1" long, hexagon head	8	1
484	PH-265	No. B-2420X OIL SEAL for take-off shaft, Victor No. 60320	1		<b>4</b> 3	495	XD-27	SCREW, 3/8"-16 thread x 1" long, hexagon head	4	1
485	PH-333-E	THRUST WASHER for driven gear (.005" thick) Replaces PH-333-A.	2		1	496	XK-2	PIPE PLUG, 1/4" square head	2	1
486	PH-374	OIL SEAL for crankshaft, National No. 50129	1		3	497	PF-51 XK-21	PIPE PLUG, 1/4" slotted—for plugging optional drain and level holes	4	1
487 488 489	QD-623-A SD-79 WA-69	TAG for oil instruction	1 1 1	2	1 1 2	498	XK-77-A	For breather mounting.  STREET ELL, 1/8" x 45°, brass For breather mounting.	1	1



99747C

# WW-79-A Etc. CLUTCH REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLIES FOR AEN ENGINE

			FUR AEN ENGINE	
Ref. No. 504	Clutch Shaft Part No.	WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95	WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95	WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95 WA-95
Ref. No. 503	Housing Part No.	BG-232 BG-232 BG-232 BG-232 BG-232 BG-232 BG-232	BG-232-1 BG-232-1 BG-232-1 BG-232-1 BG-232-1 BG-232-1 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2 BG-232-2	BG-232-3 BG-232-3 BG-232-3 BG-232-3 BG-232-3 BG-232-3 BG-232-3
Ref. No. 502	Chain Part No.	GJ-19 GJ-20 GJ-19	GJ-19 GJ-20 GJ-19 GJ-19 GJ-20	GJ-19 GJ-20 GJ-19
Ref. No. 501	Driven Gear Part No.	6G-137 6G-132 6G-132 6G-136 6G-136 6G-134-1 6G-134-1	66-137 66-132 66-132 66-136 66-135 66-134 66-137 66-137 66-137 66-137 66-136 66-136 66-136	6G-137 6G-132 6G-119-2 6G-136 6G-135 6G-134-1 6G-134-1
Ref. No. 500	Driver Gear Part No.	GG-138 GG-133 GG-123 GG-140 GG-141 GG-142 On Shaff	GG-138 GG-123 GG-139 GG-141 GG-142 On Shaft GG-138 GG-138 GG-139 GG-139 GG-140 GG-140	GG-138 GG-133 GG-139 GG-140 GG-141 GG-141
O	Take-off Shaft	Engine-Wise Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise	Engine-Wise Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Engine-Wise Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise	Engine-Wise Engine-Wise Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise Counter Engine-Wise
	Reduction Ratio	2.12 to 1 3.08 to 1 4.00 to 1 2.03 to 1 2.96 to 1 4.06 to 1 5.06 to 1 6.00 to 1	2.12 to 1 3.08 to 1 4.00 to 1 2.96 to 1 5.06 to 1 6.00 to 1 2.12 to 1 3.08 to 1 2.03 to 1 2.96 to 1 2.96 to 1 5.06 to 1	2.12 to 1 3.08 to 1 4.00 to 1 2.03 to 1 2.96 to 1 5.06 to 1 6.00 to 1
	Assembly Part Number	WW-79-A WW-79A-1 WW-79A-2 WW-79A-3 WW-79A-4 WW-79A-5 WW-79A-5	WW-79A-8 WW-79A-10 WW-79A-11 WW-79A-12 WW-79A-13 WW-79A-14 WW-79A-15 WW-79A-15 WW-79A-17 WW-79A-19 WW-79A-20 WW-79A-21 WW-79A-21 WW-79A-21	WW-79A-25 WW-79A-25 WW-79A-27 WW-79A-27 WW-79A-29 WW-79A-30 WW-79A-30
	Position of Take-Off Shaft is Determined When Viewed From Cranking End of Engine	TAKE-OFF SHAFT BELOW	TAKE-OFF SHAFT ON LEFT HAND SIDE as viewed from cranking end TAKE-OFF SHAFT ON RIGHT HAND SIDE as viewed from cranking end	TAKE-OFF SHAFT ON TOP

See following page for weights and description

## WW-79-A Etc. CLUTCH REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLIES

### WEIGHTS OF PARTS SHOWN ON PRECEDING PAGE

	NET	WT.		NET	WT.	DART WINDER	NET	WT
PART NUMBER	LBS	oz	PART NUMBER	LBS	οz	PART NUMBER	LBS	οz
BG-232	20		GJ-19 (23" long)	1	9	WW-79A-14	54	8
BG-232-1	20		GJ-20 (23½" long)	1	10	WW-79A-15	54	8
BG-232-2	20		WA-95	1	3	WW-79A-16	53	8
3G-232-3	20	i '	WA-95-A	1	8	WW-79A-17	53	8
GG-119-2 (61 teeth)	4	14	WW-79-A	53	8	WW-79A-18	53	
GG-123 (10 teeth)		5	WW-79A-1	53	8	₩₩-79A-19	54	ĺ
GG-132 (40 teeth)	3	13	WW-79A-2	53		WW-79A-20	55	
GG-133 (13 teeth)		11	WW-79A-3	54		WW-79A-21	54	8
GG-134 (78 teeth)	7	1	WW-79A-4	55		WW-79A-22	54	8
GG-134-1 (76 teeth)	6	12	WW-79A-5	54	8	WW-79A-23	54	8
GG-135 (73 teeth)	6	8	WW-79A-6	54	8	WW-79A-24	53	8
G-136 (68 teeth)	6	4	WW-79A-7	54	8	WW-79A-25	53	8
G-137 (36 teeth)	3	8	WW-79A-8	53	8	WW-79A-26	53	
GG-138 (17 teeth)	1	5	WW-79A-9	53	8	WW-79A-27	54	
G-139 (30 teeth)	1	15	WW-79A-10	53		WW-79A-28	55	1
GG-140 (23 teeth)	1	8	WW-79A-11	54		WW-79A-29	54	8
GG-141 (18 teeth)		12	WW-79A-12	55		WW-79A-30	54	8
GG-142 (15 teeth)	ì	5	WW-79A-13	54	8	WW-79A-31	54	8

## INTERCHANGEABLE PARTS OF WW-79-A Etc. CLUTCH REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLIES

NOTE: Engines equipped with a clutch reduction gear assembly require a special main bearing plate, crankshaft and cylinder-crankcase as follows:

BG-241-1-S1 MAIN BEARING PLATE ASSEMBLY (not illustrated) consisting of:

1 BG-241-1 Bearing Plate 1 ME-59-1 Bearing Cup 1 PH-265 Oil Seal

CA-48D-1-S2 CRANKSHAFT ASSEMBLY (not illustrated) consisting of:

1 CA-48D-1 Crankshaft 1 HG-182 Bushing 1 PL-55 Key

1 GA-39 Gear 2 ME-84 Bearings

## THE PART NUMBER OF THE CYLINDER-CRANKCASE CAN BE FOUND STAMPED ON THE FUEL TANK MOUNTING PAD OF THE CRANKCASE.

Ref.	Port	Description			Wt.	Ref.	Part	Description			
No.	Number		Req	ГР	Oz	No.	Number		Keq	LЬ	Uz
505	BG-233	PLATE for bearing retainer	1		4	518	QD-650-1	GASKET for housing to crankcase mounting	1		1
506	BH-115-A	COVER for inspection hole (stamping) BH-115 (cast iron), replaced by BH-115A	1		2	519	QD-551	GASKET for inspection hole cover	1		1
507	ВН-157	COVER for housing	1	9		520	QD-651	GASKET for cover to housing	l		1
508	HF-230	SPACER for clutch shaft bearing	1		1	521	SD-79	TAG for oil instruction	l		1
509	HG-182	BUSHING for clutch shaft pilot	1		1	522	SD-125-A	INSTRUCTION PLATE	1		1
510	LO-44	BREATHER	1		1			SD-132, replaced by SD-125-A.			
511	ME-10	BEARING for clutch shaft	1		6	523	VB-55-1	SHIFTER LEVER	1	2	
512	ME-92	NEEDLE BEARING inner, Torrington	١,		3	524	VB-64-A	SHIFTER YOKE	1	1	4
		No. B-1816X	,		3	525	WA-61	SHIFTER SHAFT	1	1	
513	ME-93	NEEDLE BEARING outer, Torrington No. B-2420X	1		4	526	WA-69	TAKE-OFF SHAFT	1	2	2
514	PC-392	STUD for housing to crankcase mounting	4		2	527	WC-280-B	CLUTCH, Rockford Model 4½ LOC, No.	,	8	6
515	PH-234-A	OIL SEAL for shifter lever shaft	1		2			NOTE: See Rockford illustration and parts list for clutch parts. Page 42.	`		
516	PH-265	OIL SEAL for take-off shaft	1		3		WB 14.6				١.
517	PK-76	RETAINING RING for clutch shaft mtg	1		1	528	XD-14-2	SET SCREW for clutch drive hub	1		1

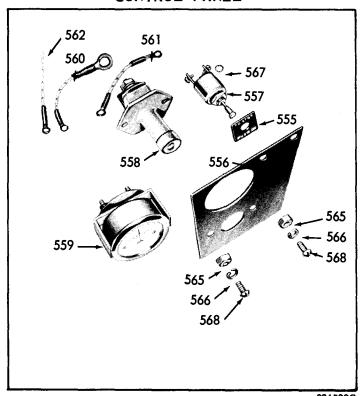
## INTERCHANGEABLE PARTS OF WW-79-A Etc. CLUTCH REDUCTION GEAR ASSEMBLIES

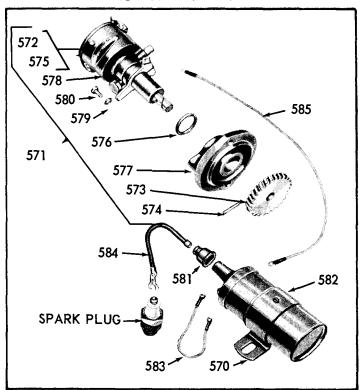
Part	Description	No.		Wt,
Number		Req	Lb	Oz
				İ
PA-289		2		1
,	For cover to housing mounting.			ĺ
PD-12	NUT, 7/16*-20 thread, hexagon	4		1
PE-4	LOCKWASHER, 5/16" Positive	7		1
PE-6	LOCKWASHER, 7/16" Positive	4		1
PE-46	LOCKWASHER, 5/16" external Everlock For drive hub set screw.	1		1
PH-14	WASHER, 5/16" I.D. x 19/32" O.D. x 1/16" thick, plain copper	3		1
PH-30	WASHER, 1/4" I.D. x 7/16" O.D. x 1/16" thick, plain copper	7		1
PL-16	KEY, No. 11 Woodruff	1		1
PL-50	KEY, No. 16 Woodruff	1		1
PL-86	KEY, 1/4" square x 1" long For drive hub mounting.	1		1
SA-58	PLUG, 1-3/8" expansion	1		1
XA-34	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1/2" long, round head	4		1
XD-7	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1" long, hexagon head	3		1
XD-17	SCREW, 5/16"-18 thread x 1" long, hexagon head	10		1
XD-30	SCREW, 3/8"-16 thread x 1-1/2" long, hexagon head	1		1
PA-341	ROLL PIN, 1/4" dia. x 1-1/8" long For shifter yoke to shaft. XH-26, No. 4 x 1-3/8" long, taper pin, replaced by PA-341.	2		1
XK-1	PLUG, 1/8" square head, pipe For oil level holes.	3		1
XK-3	PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe	3		1
	PA-289 PD-12 PE-4 PE-6 PE-46 PH-14 PH-30 PL-16 PL-50 PL-86 SA-58 XA-34 XD-7 XD-17 XD-30 PA-341	STANDARD HARDWARE  PA-289  TAPER PIN, 3/16" dia. x 5/8" long, half taper	STANDARD HARDWARE   TAPER PIN, 3/16" dia. x 5/8" long, half taper	STANDARD HARDWARE   TAPER PIN, 3/16" dia x 5/8" long, half taper   For cover to housing mounting.   PD-12   NUT, 7/16"-20 thread, hexagon   4   For housing to crankcase studs.   PE-4   LOCKWASHER, 5/16" Positive   7   For cover to housing above oil level.   PE-6   LOCKWASHER, 5/16" Positive   4   For housing to crankcase studs.   PE-46   LOCKWASHER, 5/16" external Everlock   1   For drive hub set screw.   PH-14   WASHER, 5/16" i.D. x 19/32" O.D. x   1/16" thick, plain copper   3   For cover to housing below oil level.   PH-30   WASHER, 1/4" I.D. x 7/16" O.D. x   1/16" thick, plain copper   7   4-for inspection hole cover   3-for bearing retainer plate.   PL-16   KEY, No. 11   Woodruff   1   For driver gear mounting.   PL-50   KEY, No. 16   Woodruff   1   For driven gear mounting.   PL-50   KEY, 1/4" square x 1" long   1   For shifter shaft hole.   XA-34   SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1/2" long, round head   For inspection hole cover (stamping). XA-35, 5/8" long, for cast iron cover.   XD-7   SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1" long, hexagon head   5-for clumping retainer plate.   XD-17   SCREW, 5/16"-18 thread x 1" long, hexagon head   1   For cover to housing mounting.   10   For clumping shifter lever.   PA-341   ROLL PIN, 1/4" dia. x 1-1/8" long, replaced by PA-341.   XK-1   PLUG, 1/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil level holes.   XK-3   PLUG, 3/8" square head, pipe   3   For oil s

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FOR MODEL AENL ENGINE

## CONTROL PANEL

## IGNITION TIMER





236	52	2

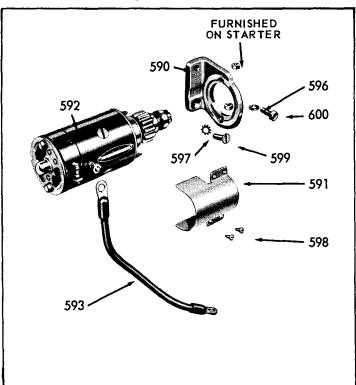
226	522	1

Ref.	Part	Description			Wt.	Ref.	Part	Description	No.	$\overline{}$	7
No.	Number	Description	Red	Lb	Oz	No.	Number	Description	Req	Lb	Oz
555	SD-109 VE-262-2	TAG for ignition switch	1		1 4	570	PG-556-2	BRACKET for mounting coil	1		4
556 557	YC-9-B	IGNITION SWITCH	1		2	571	TF-105	IGNITION TIMER ASSEMBLY	1	4	8
558	YC-10-C	STARTING SWITCHYC-10, replaced by YC-10-C.	1		4	572		BH-151B Cover (stamping) replaces cast iron cover BH-151 and QD-711			
559	YE-2	AMMETER	1		6	573		GD-114A Drive gear	1		8
560	YL-353-6	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY, starter switch to ammeter	1		1	574		GD-114, replaced by GD-114A.  PA-313 Pin for gear	1		1
561	YL-352-4	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY, ammeter to ignition switch	1		1	575 576 577		JK-59 'O' ring seal for adapter TB-116-1 Adapter	1 1	1	1 6
562	YL-352-19	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY, circuit breaker to commeter	1		2	578		YF-8-C Timer, Prestolite No.IGW-4408 (less cover) — replaces YF-8A, IGW-4405 and IGW-4179		2	3
565	PD-77	STANDARD HARDWARE  NUT, 1/4"-20 thread, hexagon steel  2-for control panel	4		1	579 580		(YF-8C-\$1 Timer Assembly with cover)  NOTE: See Prestolite illustration and parts list for Timer service parts, PE-3 Lockwasher for advance arm XD-4 Screw for advance arm	1 1		1 1
		2-for starting switch				581	YD-20-A	RUBBER NIPPLE for coil terminal	1	l	1
566	PE-3	LOCKWASHER, 1/4" Positive	4		1	582	YF-11 YF-5-B	IGNITION COIL (6 volt)	1	1	12
567	PE-72	2-for starting switch LOCKWASHER for ignition switch ter-	1			583	YL-352-11	ignition wire assembly, coil to ignition switch	1		1
		minal	2		1	584	YL-339-6	IGNITION CABLE, coil to spork plug	1		1
568	XA-34	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1/2" long, indented hexagon head	2		1	585	YL-352-21	YL-166, replaced by YL-339-6.  IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY, coil to	1		2
	XA-36	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 3/4" long, indented hexagon head	2		1						

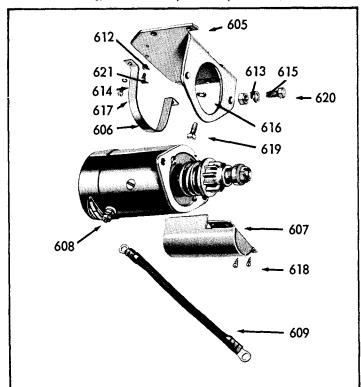
## **ELECTRIC STARTING MOTOR**

For Model AENL

3" Diameter, 6 and 12 Volt (EEA-105)



3-5/8" Diameter, 6 Volt (obsolete)



250735C

251438C

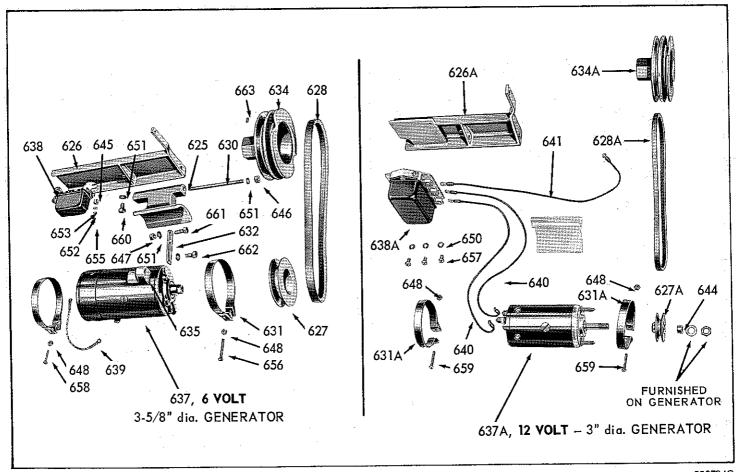
Ref.	Part	Description	No.			-1 1	·	Description	No. Req		
No.	Number		Req		_	1 —			, Key	1	52
590	B1-370 (See pg. 54a)	BRACKET for YA-50 (12 volt) starter Beginning with engine Serial No. 5,000,100	1	1	8	60		BRACKET for mounting starter	1	2	
	BI-347-2	Previous to Serial No. 5,000,100		1	8	60		STARTER SUPPORT STRAP	1		2
	BI-347	BRACKET for YA-29 (6 volt) starter	1	1	8	60	7 SE-165	COVER for starter Bendix	1		4
591	SE-165-A	COVER for starter Bendix	1		3	60	8 YA-5-B	STARTING MOTOR (6 volt) MAK-4008	1	10	12
592	Y A-50 (Repl'd by YA63) (See pg. 54a)	Used in conjunction with either BI-370	1	8				<b>NOTE:</b> For starting motor service parts, refer to separate illustration.			
	(See pg. 54a)	or <b>BI-347-2</b> Brackets. YA-27 (MDO-4102M) repl'd. by YA-50.				60	9 YL-356-11	STARTER CABLE, starter to switch	1		5
1	(Alternate)				•			STANDARD HARDWARE			
	YA-58	STARTING MOTOR (12 volt) with integral mounting bracket. Available on engines beg, with Serial No. 5,000,100.	1	9	8	61	2 PD-77-1	NUT, 1/4-20, hexagon steel (Jam nut) For starter bracket support screw.	ı		1
	YA-29	STARTING MOTOR (6 volt) MDH-4001M. Used with BI-347 bracket.	1	6		61	3 PD-79	NUT, 3/8"-16 thread, hexagon steel For starter mounting.	2		1
		NOTE: For starting motor service parts, refer to separate illustration.				61	4 PE-3	LOCKWASHER, 1/4" Positive	2		1
593	YL-356-11	STARTER CABLE starter to switch	l		5	61	5 PE-5	LOCKWASHER, 3/8" Positive	2		1
		STANDARD HARDWARE				1 )		For mounting starter.			
596	PE-4	LOCKWASHER, 5/16", spring lock For B1-347 type starter bracket mtg.	1		1	61	6 PH-14	PLAIN WASHER, 5/16" 1.D. copper For starter bracket mounting.	2		1
	PE-5	3/8" for BI=370 and YA=58 mounting.				61	7 XA-33	SCREW, 1/4"-20 x 3/8° long, round hd.	2	ļ	ı
597	PE-49	LOCKWASHER, 5/16, counter-sunk For Bl-347 type starter bracket mtg.	1		1			For starter support strap.			
598	XA-73	SCREW No. 7 x 3/8" long, self-tapping For starter Bendix cover.	4		1	61	8 XA-73	SCREW, No. 7 x 3/8*long, self-tapping, round head. For starter Bendix cover	4		1
599	XC-64	SCREW, 5/16*-18 thread x 1" long, flat hd. For BI-347 type starter bracket mtg.	1		1	61	9 XD-13	SCREW, 5/16~18 x 1/2" long, hex. hd. For starter bracket mounting.	2		1
600	XD-16	SCREW 5/16#-18 x 7/8# long, hex. hd. For BI-347 type starter bracket mtg.	1		1	62	0 XD-25	SCREW, 3/8-16 x 3/4 long, hex. hd. For mounting starter.	2		1
	XD-27	SCREW, 3/8-16 x 1" long, hex. hd For BI-370 and YA-58 mounting.	2		1	62	1 XE-36	SET SCREW, 1/4~20 x 1/2"long, sq. hd. For starter bracket support.	1		1

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

51

## GENERATOR MOUNTING FOR MODEL AENL ENGINE

12 VOLT 6 VOLT



NOTE: The cradle, stud and miscellaneous parts for mounting generator to support bracket are identical for both 6 and 12 volt generators, except where noted.

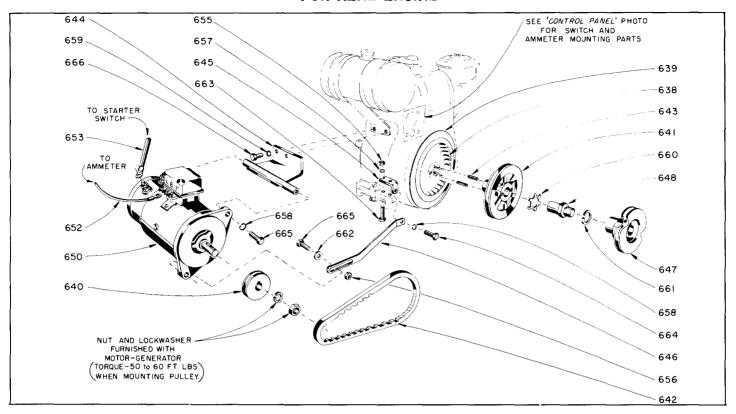
250734C

Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req		₩t.	Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req		
	B1-295	CRADLE for mounting generator	1	1	8	637	A YB-47-C	GENERATOR (12 volt-3" dianeg. grd.) PRESTOLITE No. GJG-4010M, for	1	8	
	BI-313 BI-313-B	BRACKET for mounting 6 volt generator BRACKET for mounting 12 volt generator		3	12			engines beginning with serial No. 3991018. YB-47-A (12 volt - positive ground)		8	
	MD-333 MD-370-1	PULLEY for 6 volt generatorPULLEY for 12 volt generator	1		14 8			Prestolite No. GJG-4001MP, for engines to and incl. serial No. 3991017. For re- placement use YB-47-C neg. grd. gen-			
	MH-142 MH-173	BELT for 6 volt generator, Gates #2300 BELT for 12 volt generator, 3/8" wide x 29" long endless, industrial.	1 1		5			erator and YJ-33-K neg. grd. regulator.  NOTE: See Prestolite illustrations and parts list for Generator service parts.			
630	PC-454	STUD for mounting generator cradle	1		2	638	YJ-5	CIRCUIT BREAKER (6 volt)			
	PG-117 APG-851	STRAP for mounting 6 volt generator STRAP for mounting 12 volt generator	2 2		2 2	638	 A YJ-33-K 	Prestolite No. CB-4008	1	2	6
632	PG-661	STRAP for generator belt adjustment	1		2			PRESTOLITE No. VBO-4201-Y1, used with YB-47-C Generator.			
	UC-133 A UC-133-12	SHEAVE for 6 volt generator drive SHEAVE for 12 volt generator drive	1	3	8			YJ-33-J (positive ground) Prestolite No. VBO-4201-Z1, used with YB-47-A Generator.		2	
635	VC-34	SUPPORT for generator adjusting strap	1		3			YJ-33-B, replaced by YJ-33-J.			
637	YB-6-A	GENERATOR (6 voit - 3-5/8" dia.) Prestolite No. GAS-4103-1 (pos. grd.)	1	11		639	YL-352-11	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY, circuit breaker to generator	1		1

# 6 VOLT AND 12 VOLT GENERATOR MOUNTING FOR MODEL AENL ENGINE

lef. No.	Part Number	Description	No. <u>R</u> eq	Net Lb	Wt.		Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Red	_	Oz
	YL-352-4	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY	2		1		660	XD-15	SCREW, 5/18"-18 thread x 3/4" long, hexagon head	2	ļ	1
41	YL-352-19	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLYFor regulator to ammeter.	1		2	:	661	XD-15-2	SCREW, 5/16"-18 thread x 3/4" long, 5/32" thick, hexagon head	1		1
	YL-355-10	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY (not illust.) Voltage regulator ground terminal to generator frame bolt.	1		1		662	XD-16	SCREW, 5/16"-18 thread x 7/8" long, hexagon head	1		1
		STANDARD HARDWARE					463	XE-55	SET SCREW, 5/16*-18 thread x 3/8*			Ì
644	HF-430	SPACER for 12 volt generator pulley, 15/32" I.D. x 9/16" O.D. x 5/16" long, steel	1		1			X = 33	long, Allen head	.   1		-
645	HF-481	SPACER, 3/16" I.D. x 7/16" O.D.x " long, steel	2		1							
646	PD-10	NUT, 5/16"-24 thread, hexagon steel For generator cradle stud.	2		1							
647	PD-78	NUT, 5/16"-18 thread, hexagon steel. For generator adjusting strap.	1		1					į		
648	PD-115.	NUT, No. 10-32 thread, hexagon steel For generator straps.	2		1							
650	PE-3	LOCKWASHER, 1/4" Positive	3		1							
651	PE-4	LOCKWASHER, 5/16" Positive	6		1							
652	PE-89	LOCKWASHER, No. 8 Positive For mounting circuit breaker.	2		1	.	:					
653	PH-86-B	PLAIN WASHER, 3/16" I.D. x 3/8" O.D. x 1/32" thick, steel	2	2	3	1						ŀ
655	XA-5	SCREW, No. 8-32 thread x ½" long, round head	2	2		1						
656	XA-11	SCREW, No. 10-32 thread x 1-1/2" long, round head		1		1						
657	XA-34	SCREW, 1/4"-20 thread x 1/2" long, indented hex. head		3		1						
658	X A-53	SCREW, No. 10-32 thread x 1" long, round head		ì		1		-				
659	XA-56 XA-11	SCREW, No. 10-32 thread x l-1/4" long round head	. ]	1	l l	1						ļ

## 12 VOLT MOTOR-GENERATOR EQUIPMENT FOR AENL ENGINE



Ref. No.	Part Number	Description			Wr.	Ref.	Port Number	Description	1	Net Lb	
	NC-143-6 SE-6-E	FLYWHEEL — replaces standard RIM — replaces standard screen	1	15	12 12	652	YL-352-11	IGNITION WIRE ASSEMBLY, ammeter to motor-generator, current-voltage reg	1		1
640	MD-367-B	DRIVEN PULLEY on motor-generator. Included with YB-37U-S1.	1		4	653	YL-356-11	STARTER CABLE ASSEMBLY	1		4
641	MD-375E-1	DRIVE PULLEY	1	2	3			STANDARD HARDWARE			
		MD-375, MD-375-1, replaced by MD-375E-1.				655	PD-77	NUT, 1/4*-20 thread, hexagon steel For adjusting strap bracket.	1		1
642	MH-179	GENERATOR BELT	1		7	656	PD-78	NUT, hexagon steel, 5/16#-18 thread	1		1
643	P A-341	MH-169, replaced by MH-179.  ROLL PIN, 1/4" dia. x 1-1/8" long  For generator drive pulley.	2		1	657	PE-3	For adjusting strap at motor-generator.  LOCKWASHER, 1/4" Positive  For adjusting strap bracket.	1		1
644	PG-856	SUPPORT BRACKET for motor-generator	1	3	2	658	PE-4	LOCKWASHER, 5/16* Positive	3		<u>l</u>
645	PG-858-A	BRACKET for adjusting strap	1		6	450	PE-5	2-for motor-generator to bracket.  1-for adjusting strap.  LOCKWASHER, 3/8* Positive	2		1
646	PG-859-A	PG-859, replaced by PG-859-A.	1		12		PE-100	For motor-generator bracket.  LOCKWASHER, 1-1/8 Star	1		1
647	UC-103-F-\$1	ROPE STARTER SHEAVE with PE-101 lockwasher (standard engine parts)	1	1	6		PE-101	For drive pulley nut.  LOCKWASHER, 7/8* for sheave	1		1
648	UC-173-E	<b>EXTENSION NUT</b> for pulley and sheave U-269 sheave and pulley assembly with	1		9	662	PH-209B	PLAIN WASHER, 5/16* I.D	1		1
	_	UC-173 ext. nut - replaced by UC-173-E and UC-103-F-S1.				663	XD-10-1	CAPSCREW, 1/4-20 thread x 1-3/4-long, hexagon head (full length thread) For adjusting strap bracket.	1		1
650	Y B±37U-\$1	MOTOR-GENERATOR, 12 volt-12 amp. DelcoRemy No. 1101872 (neg. ground), beginning with engine No. 3991018. (Was No. 1101999 with 1118984 reg.)	1	25		664	XD-14-A	CAPSCREW, 5/16*-18 thread x 5/8* long, hexagon head (heat treated) For adjusting strap to bracket.	1		1
rata pla Sta	TE: Motor gene- ors have been re- ced by Bendix rter plus fly- eel alternator	YB-37B-51 (positive ground), Delco- Remy No. 1101969 replaced by YB-37U-S1, but wire negative ground. NOTE: See Delco-Remy illustration for				665	XD-17-B	CAPSCREW, 5/16*-18 thread x 1*long, hexagon head (heat treated)	3		1
	production en-	motor-generator service parts.				666	XD-29	CAPSCREW, 3/8"-16 thread x 11/4" long, hex. head. For motor-generator bracket.	2		1

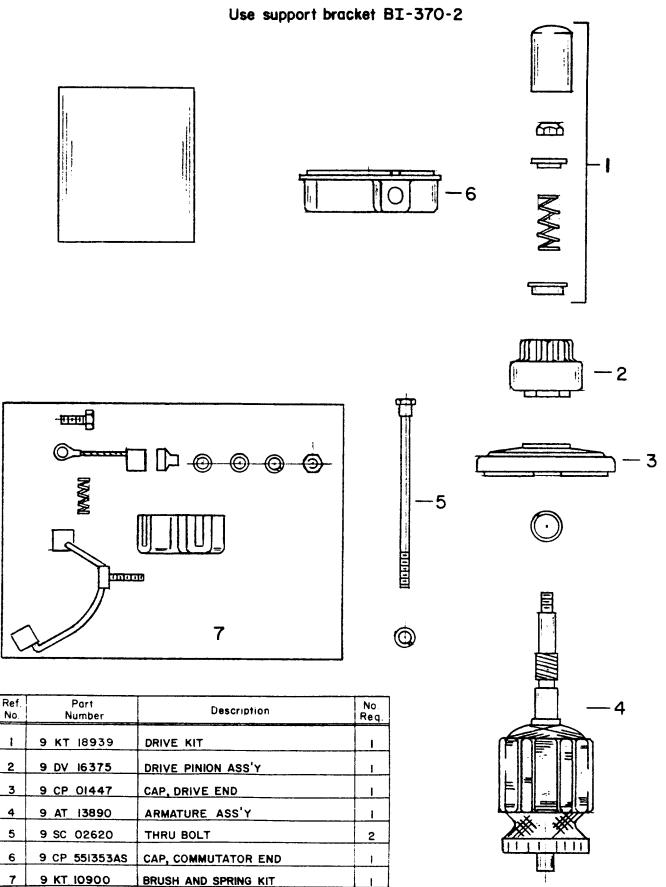
Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

MP-1273-2 54

## YA63 STARTING MOTOR

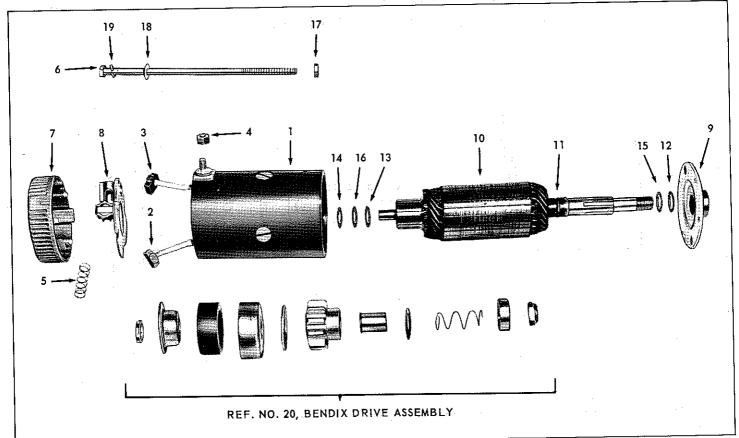
## American Bosch part number 02556-25-M030SM

Replaces YA50 Prestolite starting motor beginning with serial number 6073082



# YA-50 STARTING MOTOR - 12 Volt, 3-1/16" Diameter Prestolite MGD-4102A (was MGD-4002A)

(Replaced by YA63 beginning with engine serial number 6073082)

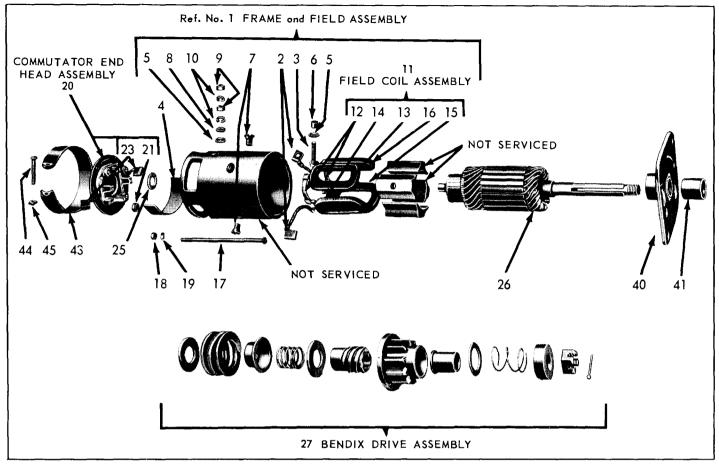


289709C

Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
1	28-MGD-2101S-2	FRAME and FIELD ASSEMBLY, complete 28-MGD-2101, replaced by 28-MGD-2101S-2 includes:	1
2	*	BRUSH	1
3	*	BRUSH and TERMINAL ASSEMBLY	1
4	*	NUT, 1/44-20 hex. lock, for terminal	1
5	28-MGD-18\$	SPRING SET for brushes	1
6	28-MGD-120S	THRU BOLT PACKAGE	1,
7	28-MGD-1002	HEAD ASSEMBLY, commutator end	1.
8	28-MGD-1033B	BRUSH PLATE and HOLDER ASSEMBLY 28-MGD-1033, replaced by 28-MGD-1033B	1
9	28-MGD-1103	HEAD ASSEMBLY, drive end	1
10	28-MGD-2106	ARMATURE	1
11	28-XA-1221	'O' RING SEAL for armature, 11/16" O.D. 28-HI-226, replaced by 28-XA-1221	1
12	**	THRUST WASHER, D.E., 1/32" thick	1
13	**	THRUST WASHER, C.E., .045" thick	1
14	**	THRUST WASHER, C.E., 1/32" thick (when required)	1

Ref.	Part Number	Decription	No. Req.
15	**	THRUST WASHER, D.E., .045" thick	1
16	**	THRUST WASHER, C.E., .023" thick	1
17		NUT, 1/4*-20 hex., for thru bolt	2
18		WASHER, 1/4" plain, for thru bolt	2
19		LOCKWASHER, 1/4" Skpf., for thru bolt	2
20	28-480175	BENDIX DRIVE ASSEMBLY	1
*		28-MGD-2032S BRUSH SET for SERVICE P90-259 ARMATURE THRUST WASHER PACKAGE NOTE: Parts less part number are not serviced separately.	

# STARTING MOTOR (Obsolete) - 6 VOLT, 3-5/8" DIAMETER WISCONSIN No. YA-5-B - PRESTOLITE No. MAK-4008



179860C

NOTE: Code number 28, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code as shown.

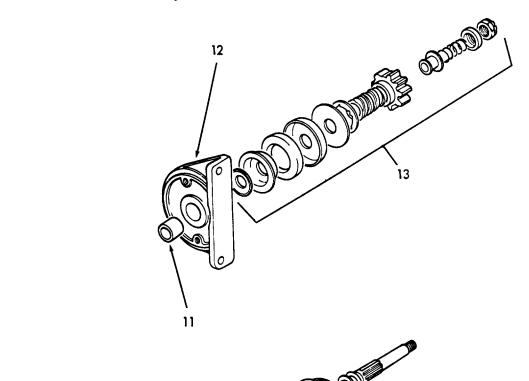
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.	Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
ī		FRAME and FIELD ASSEMBLY	1	24	**	THRUST WASHER for armature, drive end (not illustrated)	1
3	*	BRUSH TERMINAL STUD	2	25	**	THRUST WASHER for armature, com. end	1
4	***	INSULATION for field coilsINSULATING WASHER for terminal stud	1	26	28-MAK-2006	ARMATURE	1
6	***	INSULATING WASHER for terminal stud  INSULATING BUSHING for terminal stud  SCREW for pole shoe	2 1 4	27	28-480099	BENDIX DRIVE ASSEMBLY, replaces 28-A1535 and 28-EBA-10	1
8 9 10	***	PLAIN WASHER for terminal stud  NUT for terminal stud ¼	2 2	40 41	28-MAK-1048 28-MAK-39	DRIVE END HEAD ASSEMBLY — includes: BRONZE BEARING	1 1
11	28-MAK-3005S	FIELD COIL PACKAGE	1	42	28-X-386	<b>OILER</b> for bronze bearing (not illustrated)	1
12 13 14		Consisting of:  CONNECTOR for field coil  FIELD COIL, U.R  FIELD COIL, L.R	2 1 1	43	28-GAS-1024F	SCREW for cover band	1 1
15 16		FIELD COIL, L.L.	1 1	45		NUT for cover band	1
17 18 19	28-MAK-205	THRU BOLT PACKAGE — includes  NUT for thru bolt, No. 10-32 thread, hex  LOCKWASHER for thru bolt, No. 10	2 2 2		*	28-MAK-2012AS BRUSH SET	
20	28-MAK-3002	COMMUTATOR END HEAD ASSEMBLY				28-P90-294 THRUST WASHER PACKAGE	1
	00 ** * * * 104	Includes:			***	28-P90-459 TERMINAL STUD PACKAGE	
21 22 23	28-MAK-195 *	BRUSH SPRING SET FELT (not illustrated) GROUNDED BRUSH	1 1 2			NOTE: Parts less part number are not serviced separately.	

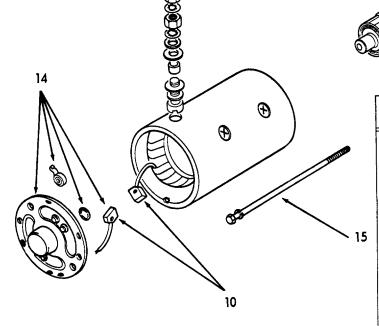
Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER**. **IMPORTANT**: Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

56

## YA-58 (12 Volt) STARTING MOTOR ASSEMBLY

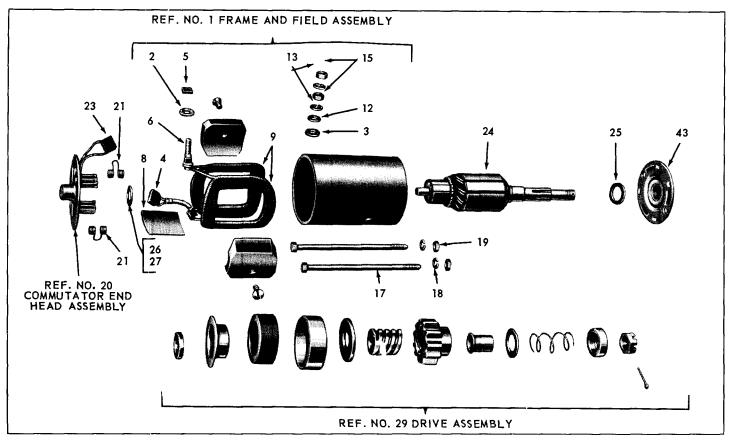
With integral mounting bracket





Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
10	YS-100	BRUSH SET for service	1
11	YS-101	BUSHING, drive end	1
12	YS-102	BRACKET and CAP assembly, drive end Includes: YS-101 Bushing	1
13	YS-103	DRIVE ASSEMBLY, complete	1
14	YS-104	END CAP ASSEMBLY, commutator end Includes: Bearing Brush (-) Brush spring Spacing ring	1
15	YS-105	THRU BOLT ASSEMBLY	2
16	YS-106	ARMATURE ASSEMBLY Includes: Spacing washers	I

16

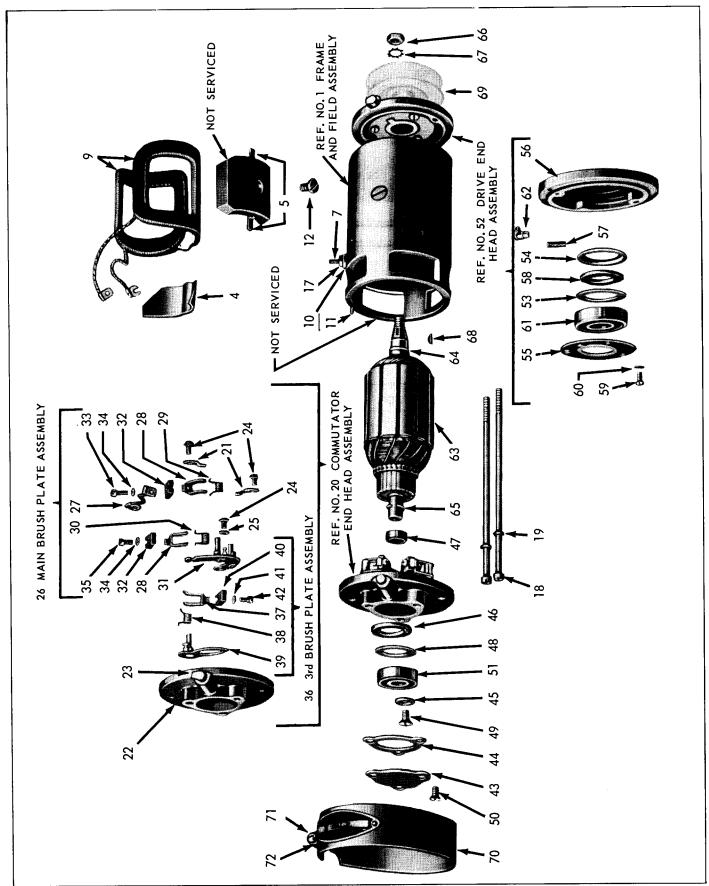


235805C

OTE: Code number 28, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code as shown.

Ref.	Part N	lumber		No.	Ref.	Part I	Number		No.
No.	YA-27 (12 Volt)	YA-29 (6 Volt)	Description	Req.	No.	YA-27 (12 Volt)	YA-29 (6 Volt)	Description	Req.
1	28-MDO-2001	28-MDH-3001	FRAME & FIELD ASSEMBLY Consisting of:	l	29		28-A3656	BENDIX DRIVE ASSEMBLY Was EBB-47A & 28-MDH-1061.	l
2 3 4 5	28-MDO-2012AS	*** *** 28-MDH-2012S	WASHER for term. stud, inner WASHER for term. stud, outer BRUSH SET	1 1 1 2		28-480175		BENDIX DRIVE ASSEMBLY Repl. MGD-1161A, MGD-1061, & EBB-56A, interchangeable	1
6 8 9		***	TERMINAL STUDINSULATION for field conn. FIELD COIL ASSEMBLY	1 1 1	43	28-MGD-1003	28-MDH-1003	and serviced as unit only.  DRIVE END ASSEMBLY	1
12 13 15		***	WASHER for terminal stud LOCKWASHER %"term. stud NUT for terminal stud, %"-20 thread, hex	1 2 2			28-MDH-1024	NOT ILLUSTRATED  COVER BAND	1
17 18 19	28-MDO-20S	28-MDH-20S	THRU BOLT PACKAGE Includes: WASHER, ¼*, for thru bolt NUT for thru bolt, ¼**-20 thread, hexagon	1 2 2				No. 10-32 x 1", round hd  NUT for cover band,  No. 10-32, square hd	1
20	28-MDW-1002	28-MDH-3002	COMMUTATOR END HEAD ASSEMBLY	1					
21 22 23	28-MDH-18S (Ref. 4)	28-MDH-18S (Ref. 4)	BRUSH SPRING SET FELT (not illustrated) GROUNDED BRUSH	2 1 2					
24	28-MDO-2206	28-MDH-2006	ARMATURE ASSEMBLY	1		** 28-F	' P90-259 THR	UST WASHER PACKAGE	
25 26	**	**	THRUST WASHERD.E. 1/32# THRUST WASHERC.E045#	1		*** 28-P	90-460 TER	MINAL STUD PACKAGE	
27	**	**	THRUST WASHERC.E. 1/32*	1		NOTE: Parts	less part numbe	er are not serviced separately.	

## PRESTOLITE GAS-4103-1 (6 V It) GENERATOR PARTS LIST WISCONSIN MOTOR PART NUMBER YB-6-A



179861C

NOTE: Code number 28, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code as shown.

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.	Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
1		FRAME and FIELD ASSEMBLY	1	43	28-P90-638	COVER PKG. for commutator end head	1
2	***	INSULATING WASHER for terminal stud,		44		GASKET for end cover	١,
		inner (not illustrated)	1	45		BEARING RETAINER WASHER	-
3	***	INSULATING BUSHING for terminal stud,		46		FELT WASHER	
		(not illustrated)	1	47		RETAINER for felt washer	
4		INSULATION for field coil connection	1				
5	***	HOLDER for field coil	4	48		FELT RETAINING WASHER	1
•	***	LEAD ASSEMBLY (not illustrated)	1				
7	***	Includes:		49		SCREW for bearing retainer	1
8		TERMINAL STUD TERMINAL (not illustrated)	1			No. 10-32 thread x 7/16 long, flat head.	
١		TERMINAL (not illustrated)	1	50		SCREW for any and the	
9	28-GAS-2005A	FIELD COIL ASSEMBLY complete		"		SCREW for cover mounting	3
10	***	INSULATING WASHER for terminal stud.	1 . 1			140. 0 32 aneda x 578 long, hat head.	
Ī		outer	1	51	28-X-293	BALL BEARING, S.A.E. No. 201, commutator	
11		DOWEL PIN	2			end	l 1
12		POLE SHOE SCREW	2				1
13		NUT for field ground screw	1	52	28-GAS-1075E	DRIVE END HEAD ASSEMBLY	1
, ,		No. 6-32 thread, hexagon (not illustrated).				Consisting of:	
14		WASHER for terminal stud	2	53		FLAT RETAINER for felt washer	1
15		Shakeproof No. 10 (not illustrated).		54		CUPPED RETAINER for felt washer	1
13		WASHER for ground screw	1	55 56		BEARING RETAINER	1
16		FIELD GROUND SCREW, No. 6-32 thread x		57		DRIVE END HEAD	1
		7/16" long, flat head (not illustrated)	1	58		FELT WICK	
17		NUT for terminal stud	2	59		FELT WASHERSCREW for bearing retainer	1 3
		No. 10-32 thread, hexagon.	_	"		No. 8-32 thread x 3/8" long, round head.	3
1				60		LOCKWASHER for retainer screw, No. 8	3
18	28-GAS-20AS	THRU BOLT PACKAGE - includes	2	61	28-X-294	BALL BEARING, S.A.E. 202, drive end	1
19		LOCKWASHER for thru bolt and terminal stud No. 10 Positive	3	62	28-X-489	OILER	1
20	28-GAS-2079C	COMMUTATOR END HEAD ASSEMBLY Consisting of:	1	63 64 65	28-GA S-2076	ARMATURE ASSEMBLY — includes	1 1 1
21		SPRING RETAINER for 3rd brush plate	2				
22	28-X-489	DRIVE END HEAD	1	66	28-P90-649	NUT PKG. for armature shaft	. 1
24	20-A-489	OILER	1	67		Includes:	
24		SCREW for brush plate mounting	3	0/		WASHER for armature shaft	1
25		LOCKWASHER for plate mounting, No. 8	1	68		KEY for drive pulley, No. 212 Woodruff	1
26	28-GAS-2021R	MAIN BRUSH PLATE ASSEMBLY	1	69		DRIVE PULLEY Supplied by Teledyne Wis-	
27		Consisting of:				consin Motor. Refer to Electrical Equipment	
28	** i	GROUND WIRE with terminals	1			in engine parts list for correct part number.	
29	**	SPRING for grounded brush	2	70	28-GAS-1024F	COVER BAND	,
30	**	SPRING for insulated brush	1	'	10-0AU-10Z4F	COVER DAND	1
31		MAIN BRUSH PLATE	1	71		SCREW for cover band	1
32	*	MAIN BRUSH	2			No. 10-32 thread x 11/2" long, round head.	1
33		SCREW for grounded brush	1			}	
_		No. 8-32 thread x ½" long, fillister head.		72		NUT for band cover, No. 10-32 thread, square	1
34		LOCKWASHER for brush screw, No. 8	2				
35		SCREW for insulated brush No. 8-32 thread x 7/16" long, binding head.	1				
36	28-GAS-2082RA	3rd BRUSH PLATE ASSEMBLY	1				
		Consisting of:		] [			
37	**	BRUSH HOLDER	1		* 28.CEM.20	12S BRUSH SET	
38	A #	BRUSH SPRING	1		20-GEM-20	ובש האטח שבו	
39 40	*	3rd BRUSH PLATE	1		** 28-P90-438	BRUSH HOLDER & SPRING PKG.	
41 42		LOCKWASHER for 3rd brush screw, No. 8 SCREW for 3rd brush	1 1		*** 28-P90-724	TERMINAL STUD & PARTS PKG.	
		No. 8-32 thread x 7/16 long, fillister head.			NOTE: Pa-	te lace part number are server.	
- 1					NOTE: Far	ts less part number are not serviced separately.	•

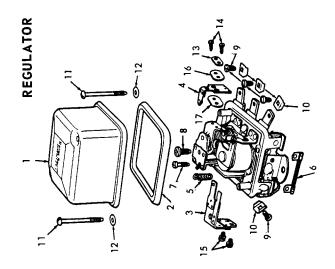
Order parts from nearest **SERVICE CENTER** shown in directory following parts list. **IMPORTANT**: Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

## 12 VOLT MOTOR-GENERATOR WITH REGULATOR

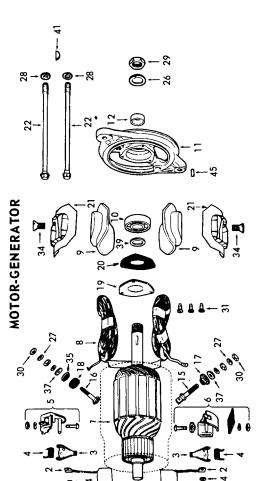
YB-37U-\$1 (Negative Ground) YB-37B-S1 (Positive Ground)

Delco-Remy No. 1101872 (was 1101999)

Delco-Remy No. 1101969



Ref.	Port		ģ
Š		Description	Req.
	18-1118983	REGULATOR(neg.grd.)for YB-37U-S1 (repl. 1118984 for 1101999 motor-gen.)	-
	18-1118985	REGULATOR(pos.grd.) for YB-37B-S1 For service repl. use 18-1118791.	
_	18-1927980	COVER	7
7	18-1953902	COVER GASKET	-
m	*18-1878780	ARMATURE, relay	_
4	18-1878493	CONTACT, regulator (For 1118983)	-
	18-1878517	CONTACT (For 1118985 reg.)	
2	18-1912176	SPRING, regulator armature	~
•	18-1910174	RESISTOR, "F" term. to ground	_
_	18-1944590	ADJUSTING SCREW, regulator arm.	-
<b>®</b>	18-1912159	ADJUSTING SCREW, relay armature	-
6	18-453418	TERMINAL SCREW	4
2	18-1868137	TERMINAL CLAMP	4
=	18-1927982	SCREW, cover mounting	8
12	18-1935031	WASHER, Ins., cover mounting	7
	18-1878505	LOCKWASHER, reg. contact mt'g	-
7	18-1878516	SCREW, regulator contact mounting	7
15	18-1924764	SCREW, (with L.W.), armature relay	2
2	18-1922599	WASHER, insulating (with bushing)	2
		For regulator contact mounting.	
17	18-1878507	WASHER, ins., reg. contact mt'g	_
.11	18-178451	SCREW, regulator mounting	2
140	18-138479	LOCKWASHER, regulator mounting	6
'n	18-1856056	PLAIN WASHER, regulator mounting	7
		* If date code on base is 8-K or above, use 18-1939646.	



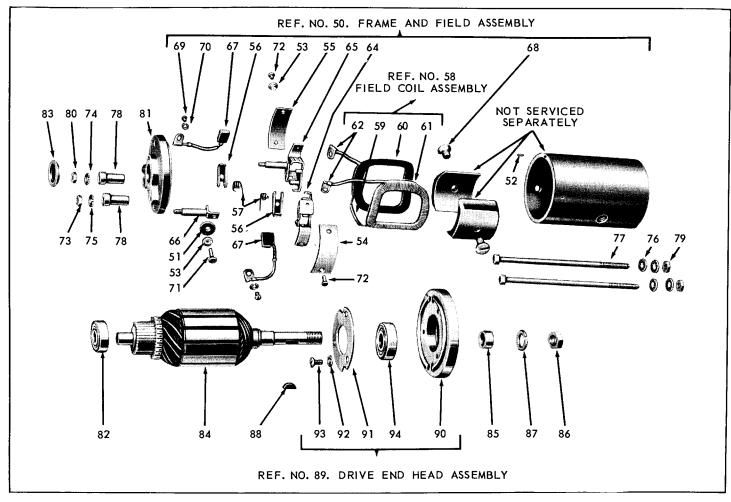
Part Number	Description	Req.	Ref.	Part Number	Description	Z Z o
18-1962414	FRAME, commutator end, includes:	-	20	18-1912008	GASKET, bearing retainer plate	_
	44, 48 and 18-1948326 brg. plug.		21	18-1912073	INSULATION, field coil	2
18-1946427	BRUSH	7	22	18-809763	THRU BOLT	2
18-1944373	BRUSH ARM	2	24	18-1914816	LOCKWASHER, brush lead screw	7
18-1908829	BRUSH SPRING	73	26	18-1915265	LOCKWASHER, shaft nut, D.E	_
18-1916324	(F or 1101969, 1101999). BRUSH SPRING (For 1101872)		27	18-1914579	LOCKWASHER, terminal stud	4
18-1940427			28	18-9421424	LOCKWASHER, thru bolt	2
18-1940422	INSULATED BRUSH PACKAGE		29	18-1915172	NUT, shaft, D.E	1
18-1939904	ARMATIIRE	_	30	18-121743	NUT, terminal stud	4
18-1039880			31	18-1914580	SCREW, bearing retainer plate	က
18-1020800			32	18-454329	SCREW, brush lead (6-32 x 5/16)	7
18 1020003		٠ ,	34	18-1913960	SCREW, pole shoe	2
10-1737702	FOLE SHOE (notched end)	7 .	35	18-1858753	WASHER, insulating, field term. stud	_
18-1911961	POLE SHOE (For 1101969)	7	37	18-826319	WASHER, plain, terminal stud	2
18-954378	BALL BEARING, D.E	<u></u>	39	18-1861591	WASHER, spacer, D.E., inside	_
18-1962417	FRAME, D.E.		4	18-124545	WOODRUFF KEY, D.E	-
18-1929991	COLLAR, D.E.	-	44	18-809062	DOWEL PIN, C.E.	-
18-1858749	STUD, armature terminal	-	45	18-809593	DOWEL PIN, D.E.	
18-1858749	STUD, field terminal	_	47	18-904751	BALL BEARING, C.E. (not ill.)	-
18-1921362	BUSHING, armature terminal		48	18-1929959	BEARING CLAMP, C.E. (not ill.)	-
18-1939894	BUSHING, arm. term., inside (not ill.)	-	•11	18-1914185	LEAD WIRE, arm. to regulator	-
	BUSHING, field term. (Incl. with stud)		l to	18-1917571	LEAD WIRE, fleld to regulator	-
18-1955494	PLATE, bearing retainer, D.E		'n	18-1947344	SLINGER, grease, D.E	-
		]				

10 11 12 15 16

Code number 18, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code os shown.

NOTE: Parts are interchangeable for both units, except where identified by motor-generator number.

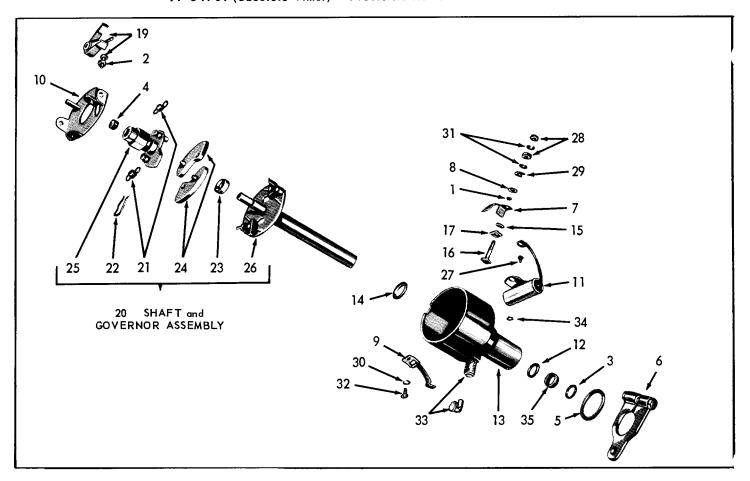
19



235806C

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.	Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
50	28-GJG-2101	FRAME and FIELD ASSEMBLY consisting of:	1	76		WASHER for thru bolt, 1/4" Shakeproof	4
51		INSULATING WASHER for field terminal	1	77	28-GJG-20S	THRU BOLT PACKAGE	2
52		DOWEL PIN	2	78	28-GJG-26	INSULATING BUSHING for terminal stud	2
53	**	INSULATING BUSHING for field terminal		79		NUT for terminal stud, 1/4-20 thread, hexagon	2
		and insulated brush holder	3	80			1 ~
54		SPACER for ground brush holder	1			NUT for armature terminal, #10-32 thread	2
55	**	INSULATION for brush holder	1	81	28-GJG-2	COMMUTATOR END HEAD	1
56	***	BRUSH ARM	2	82	28-GJG-45	BALL BEARING for commutator end head	
57	***	BRUSH SPRING	2	83	28-GAL-40C	BEARING COVER for commutator end head	1
58		FIELD COIL ASSEMBLY - ORDER COM-	1	84	28-GJG-2306S	ARMATURE ASSEMBLY	1
59		PLETE FRAME AND FIELD ASSEMBLY.		85	28-GJG-27	SPACER for armature shaft	1
60		INSULATING TUBE	1	86	28-P90-673	NUT, WASHER PKG. for armature shaft	1
61		FIELD COIL, left		87		LOCKWASHER for armature shaft, drive end	1
62		FIELD COIL, right	1 2	88		KEY for driven pulley, #2 Woodruff	,
64	*	HOLDER for ground brush	2	89	28-GJG-1003	DRIVE END HEAD ASSEMBLY (For YB-47-A)	1
65	**	INSULATED HOLDER for brush and arm term	1 1	67	28-GJG-1103		1 -
66	28-GJG-1038	FIELD TERMINAL			28-GJG-1103	DRIVE END HEAD ASSEMBLY (For YB-47-C) Consisting of:	1
67	28-GJG-2012S	BRUSH SET for service		90		DRIVE END HEAD	1
68		POLE SHOE SCREW		91		BEARING RETAINER	1
69		SCREW, brush lead, #6-32 x 3/16" rd. hd		92		LOCKWASHER for retainer screw, #10	3
70		LOCKWASHER for lead screw, No. 6	2	93		SCREW,brg. retainer, #10-32 x 5/16" bdg.hd.	'
71		FIELD TERMINAL RIVET	1	94	28-GJG-44	BEARING for drive end head	1
72	*	BRUSH HOLDER SCREW, #4-40 x 1/2"	4		* 28-P90-25	51 Gr. Brush Holder & Parts Package	
73		NUT for field terminal, #8-32 thread, hex	2		** 28-P90-2	52 Ins. Brush Holder & Ports Package	
74		PLAIN WASHER for armature terminal, #10	1			53 Brush Arm & Spring Package	
75		PLAIN WASHER for field terminal, #8	1		NOTE: P	arts less part number are not serviced.	1

## YF-8-C-S1 IGNITION TIMER — Prestolite No. IGW-4408 YF-8-A-S1 (Obsolete Timer) — Prestolite No's. IGW-4405 and IGW-4179



179858C-1

YF-8-C-S1 Ignition Timer (Prestolite No. IGW-4408) replaces YF-8-A-S1 (Prestolite No's. IGW-4405 and IGW-4179). Primary change is the addition of ar oil seal in the base replacing oil grooves in the drive shaft. Timers are interchangeable as a unit, as are most of the internal parts, with the exceptions being where the Prestolite Timer No's, are specified.

Code number 28, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering parts, please use number with code as shown.

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
1	**	INSULATING BUSHING for terminal stud	1
3	*	THRUST WASHER for drive shaft	1
4	28-IG-495	FELT WICK for comm sleeve	1
5	28-IG-816A	THRUST WASHER for advance arm	1
6	28-IG-1860A-6	ADVANCE ARM	1
7	**	INSULATION for terminal stud	1
8	**	INSULATING WASHER for terminal stud	1
9	28-IGB-1007S	CLAMP SPRING and HINGE PACKAGE	1
10	28-IGB-1010	BREAKER PLATE	1
11	28-IA T-3076-ES	CONDENSER PACKAGE	1
12	*	WASHER for shaft seal (IGW-4408)	1
13	*	BASE ASSEMBLYBase Assembly includes: BRONZE BEARING (not illustrated)	1 2
14	*	THRUST WASHER for drive shaft, upper	ו ו
15	**	INSULATING WASHER for terminal stud	1
16	**	TERMINAL STUD	1
17	**	WASHER for terminal stud	1
18	28-IGW-188	FELT WICK for oiler (not illustrated)	ı
19	28-IGW-3028YS	BREAKER CONTACT SET	1

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
20		SHAFT and GOVERNOR ASSEMBLY	1
21	28-IGB-3185	SPRING SET for governor weights	1
22	*	CAM RETAINING SPRING	1
23	*	CAM SPACER	1
24	28-IGW-1014LBS	GOVERNOR WEIGHT SET	
25	28-IGW-2100LAG	CAM and STOP PLATE	1
26	28-IGW-2113LA 28-IGW-2103L	DRIVE SHAFT (for IGW-4408L	1
27		SCREW for condenser mounting No. 8-32 thread x 3/16" long, round head.	1
28		NUT for terminal stud No. 10-32 thread, hexagon.	2
29		WASHER for terminal stud, No. 10 plain	1
30		LOCKWASHER for breaker plate, No. 8	3
31		LOCKWASHER for terminal stud, No. 10	2
32		SCREW for breaker plate mounting No. 8-32 thread x 5/16" long, round head.	3
33	28-X-2961	OILER (right angle)	1
34		WASHER for condenser mounting	1
35	*	SHAFT OIL SEAL (for IGW-4408)	1
	* 28-P90-713 D	ist. Shaft Bearing & Parts Pkg.	
	** 28-P90-330 T	erminal Stud & Parts Package	
	į.	less part number are not serviced separately	•

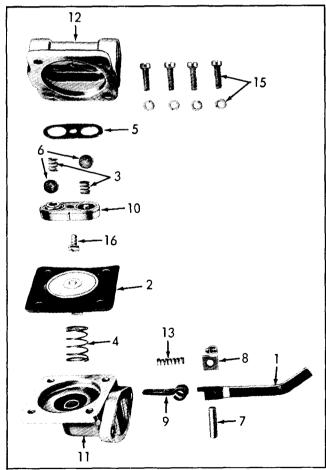
63

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF FUEL PUMP

PART NO.	ENGINE USED ON	PART NO.	ENGINE USED ON
LP-42-A	TF, TH, THD	LP-42-M	S-10D, S-12D
LP-42-B	ACN, BKN, AENL	LP-42-N	S-8D, HS-8D, TR-10D
LP-42-G	AGND		•
I P-42-1	S-7D HS-7D		

The efficiency of the fuel pump will gradually decrease any time after 500 hours of operation. This will be dictated by the engines faltering at high speeds or when heavy loads are suddenly applied. The pump can easily be restored to its normal efficiency by the installation of a Wisconsin Motor No. L Q-28 repair kit.

- Remove the fuel lines and the two mounting bolts which hold the pump to the engine. Take the pump to a work bench or suitable place.
- With file, make an indicating mark across a point at the union of castings (11 and 12). This is a positive location of the fuel line positions when reassembling. Remove four assembly screws (15) and remove fuel head.
- 3. Turn head (12) over and remove one screw (16). Remove (10, 3, 6 and 5) valve assemblies, noting their positions. Discard the above parts (3, 6 and 5).
- Clean fuel head thoroughly with gasoline and a fine wire brush.
- 5. Holding fuel head, (12) with diaphragm surface (containing four clearance holes) up, reassemble the valve spring (3) and valve (6) into the cavity from which they were removed. Now place new gasket (5) in position and reassemble the valve retainer (10) into position and lock it by inserting and tightening the fuel pump valve retainer screw (16).



- Place this fuel head assembly in a clean place and we are ready to rebuild the lower diaphragm section.
- 7. Using a screw driver, inserted into the coils of rocker arm spring (13), remove this spring and save.
- 8. Holding the mounting bracket (11) in the left hand with the rocker arm toward the body and the thumb nail on the end of the link (9) with the heel of the right hand on the diaphragm (2) compress the diaphragm spring (4) at the same time, turning in a clockwise position 90°. This will unhook the diaphragm from the link (9) so it can be removed.
- Clean the mounting bracket (11) with gasoline and fine wire brush.
- 10. Replace the new diaphragm operating spring (4), standing it into casting (11). Repeat in reverse step eight, using the new diaphragm. Replace rocker arm spring removed in step seven.
- 11. Mount this assembly back on the engine in the position from which it was removed, using the new mounting gasket which is the last piece of the repair kit.
- 12. Crank the engine over to a position where the diaphragm (2) is laying flat on the mounting bracket (11). Place the fuel head (12) back in position so that the indicating marks of step one are in line, and start the four assembly screws approximately three turns. Again, crank the engine over to a position where the diaphragm (2) is pulled down into (11) mounting bracket and tighten the four assembly screws (15) tightly.
- Connect the fuel lines and you have a completely rebuilt fuel pump.

NOTE: The LQ-28 Repair Kit and the parts included there-in, which are identified by an asterisk (\*), are the only parts of the fuel pump available for service.

Ref No	Description	No Req
1	ROCKER ARM	1
* 2	DIAPHRAGM	1
* 3	VALVE SPRING	2
* 4	DIAPHRAGM SPRING	l
* 5	VALVE GASKET	1
* 6	VALVE	2
7	ROCKER ARM PIN	1
8	SPRING CLIP for rocker arm	1
9	LINKAGE	1
10	VALVE PLATE and SEATS	1
11	MOUNTING BRACKET	l
12	HEAD	1
13	ROCKER ARM SPRING	1
15	ASSEM. SCREW and LOCKWASHER	4
16	VALVE PLATE SCREW and LOCKWASHER	1
*	MOUNTING FLANGE GASKET (not illustrated)	1

Order parts from nearest **WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR** or **SERVICE CENTER. IMPORTANT:** Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

176824C

#### RWS 109 RWS 110 RWS 111

## REWIND (Recoil) STARTER

For Wisconsin Engine Model AENL Beginning with Serial No. 5789735

## Operating Instructions — Repair — Parts List

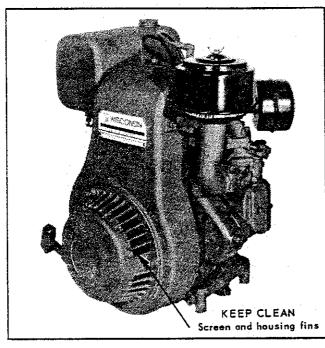


FIG. 1

### PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

A recoil spring, connecting the pulley to the housing, provides tension for actuating the starter, and it rewinds the rope on to the pulley whether the engine starts or not.

Three dogs (pawls) are mounted in a cluster to the starting pulley, around a dog cam attached to a shaft in the housing. As the rope handle is pulled to start the engine, the dogs are forced outward as they act against the contour of the stationary mounted cam. In this outward action the dogs engage with teeth in a flywheel mounted drive hub to turn the engine over.

When the engine starts and the 'T' handle returns, the dogs back out of the drive hub teeth, as the pulley rewinds in the opposite direction, and they revert back to an inactive position by means of the cam and individual dog return springs.

#### 'T' HANDLE LOCATION, Fig. 2

The starting handle can be located in any of three locations. The standard location is toward the left side of the engine, pulling from an approximate 10 o'clock position.

Either of the two optional locations can be obtained by simply removing the three mounting nuts and rotating the housing 120° in either direction. *Caution:* Before

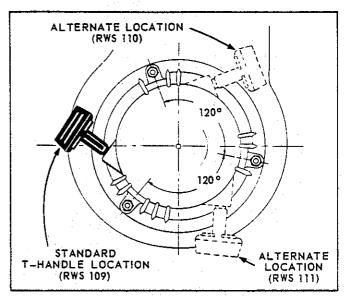


FIG. 2

tightening the mounting nuts the starter will have to be centered with the drive hub per Fig. 7, paragraph H on page 3.

#### **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

- To start engine; open fuel valve, close carburetor choke, set throttle about ½ open, disengage clutch if furnished. Pull engine over against compression and then let rope slowly rewind into starter. Pull firmly and rapidly to start engine. (Repeat procedure if necessary). After engine starts, open choke fully.
- Always maintain your hold on the starter handle and allow it to return slowly.
- 3. Pull the starter handle so that the rope remains in a straight line through the handle and guide.
- Do not jerk the cord out to its very end in an unnecessary rough manner. Use a smooth but forceful pull.
- Do not let go of starter handle allowing it to snap back against the starter.
- 6. Do not attempt to pre-load starter spring unnecessarily. Units are properly adjusted at the factory so that the outward pull of the starter is stopped by the end of the cable not the spring.

#### MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

Oil and dirt, if allowed to accumulate in and around the the starter, will cause wear and eventual failure of not only the starter parts, but engine parts as well. Do pot allow internal rotating screen and housing fins to become "clogged up" with dirt. Brush clean to allow proper air flow to reach the engine.

Inspect rope for wear - replace before it breaks at a critical time.

If engine does not turn over as rope is pulled out, starter dogs are not engaging with drive hub teeth.

If rope does not rewind; rope or pulley may be binding — insuffici nt spring tension — spring disengaged or broken.

To overhaul the rewind starter, follow the disassembly and assembly procedures in the following 'Repair Instructions'. Rope replacement can be accomplished without completely disassembling the starter. See paragraph D.

#### REPAIR INSTRUSTIONS

In order to do any repair work on the rewind starter, it is advisable to secure the starter housing either in a vise, or to a work bench by means of a 'C' clamp.

DISASSEMBLY

#### A. REMOVE HANDLE and ROPE, Fig. 3

Pull rope out about two feet and tie knot to prevent rope from rewinding into pulley. Extract metal handle reinforcement (129) from handle (128) and untie or cut off end knot. Remove handle and reinforcement from ope, and untie knot that kept the rope from rewinding into the pulley. PULL rope all the way out (about 6 feet) and at the same time hold the starter housing (127), with thumb pressing against pulley assembly (137) to prevent rewinding. Pull the rope knot (visable thru square opening in pulley) and the rope will slide out through rope bushing in housing and hole in the pulley.

Carefully release thumb pressure and the pulley will completely unwind. At this point the main recoil spring is in a relaxed position.

#### B. REMOVE PULLEY and SPRING, Fig. 3

Remove cam center screw (130), dog cam (135), brake spring (134) and washer (125).

Prevent recoil spring from escaping from housing by carefully lifting pulley about 1/2 inch and then detaching inside **spring hook** from pulley, with a screw driver. **Note:** If spring should escape, it can easily be replaced into cover by coiling in the turns. **See** Fig. 6, for proper direction of spring coiling. If it is necessary to remove spring, start with the inside loop and carefully pull out one loop at a time while holding back rest of turns. When replacing spring, note the position of **spring hooks** in Fig. 6. Engine rotation is clockwise, viewed from starter end.

#### C. REMOVAL of DOGS, Fig. 3

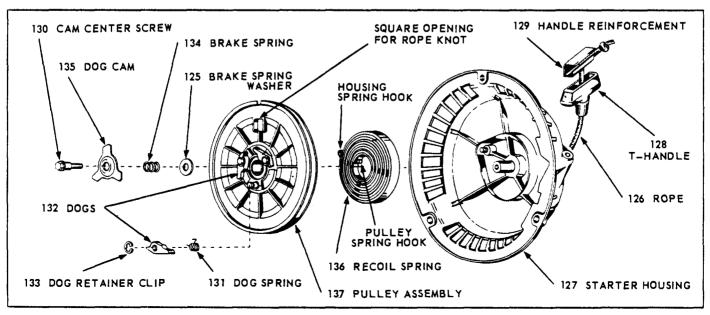
Remove dog retainer clips (133) using a screw driver or other pointed tool. The dogs (132) and springs (131) can then be lifted off the axis pins.

Dogs and springs can be removed and replaced without removing rope, recoil spring or cam retainer screw.

#### D. ROPE REPLACEMENT, Fig. 3, 4, 5

If it is only necessary to replace the rope, the starter need not be completely disassembled.

Assuming the rope has broken, remove what ever remains of the rope from the starter. Tie knot at end of new rope. To obtain the required amount of tension on the recoil spring, turn the pulley in starter counter clockwise until it stops (about 6-7 turns). Allow the pulley to rotate slightly in the opposite direction (clockwise) until the hole in the pulley is in line with the rope bushing in the housing. Lock sheave in this position by placing a screw driver between two of the housing support ribs and wedging the end of the screw driver under the dog cam and against the dog, see Fig. 4. Thread rope through hole in pulley and through rope bushing in housing. Pull rope completely through until the knot in end of rope (previously tied) can be



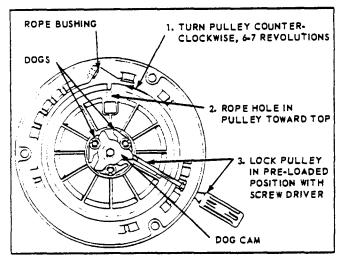


FIG. 4

tucked into the square pocket in the pulley, see Fig. 5. Allow the rope to recoil into the pulley about 2 feet, then tie a retaining knot in the rope to prevent it from being completely rewound into the pulley. Install the 'T' handle (128) on the rope, then the handle insert (129). Tie a knot at end of rope and tuck it into the handle insert, then assemble insert into the rubber 'T' handle. Remove the retaining knot and allow the rope to recoil completely.

#### E. RECOIL SPRING REPLACEMENT, Fig. 6

Spring holders furnished with replacement springs simplify the assembly procedure. Place recoil spring in proper position as shown in Fig. 6, with the outside loop hooked around the anchor post. Then press spring into housing cavity thus releasing the spring holder. A few drops of SAE 20 or 30 oil should be applied to spring and light grease on housing shaft.

### REASSEMBLY

## F. ASSEMBLY of PULLEY, Fig. 6

After recoil spring has been installed in housing, mount pulley. Push housing and pulley together with a twisting motion so that the hook on end of spring engages the notch in pulley. When this occurs, the pulley will seat properly in the housing.

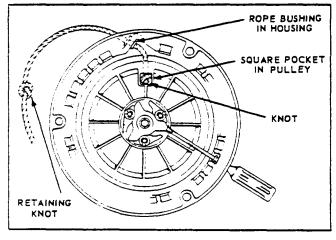


FIG. 5

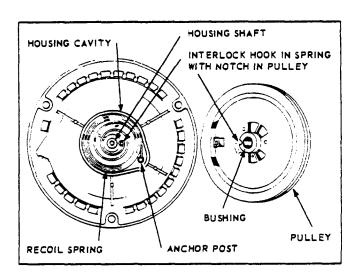


FIG. 6

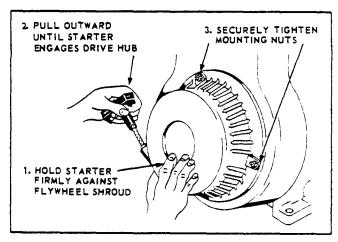
#### G. ASSEMBLY of DOG GROUP, Fig. 3

Assemble brake washer (125), brake spring (134), dog cam (135), cam and center screw (130). Torque center screw 115-130 inch pounds. Install three dog springs (131) over the axis pins on the pulley and seat in the pockets. Mount the three dogs (132) on the same pins on pulley. Make sure that the dog springs are actuated as the dogs are positioned — to insure that the dogs are held in against the cam plate (135). Install three new dog retainers (133). Note: Be sure there is sufficient recoil spring tension before mounting unit to engine. See 'Rope Replacement', paragraph D, page 2.

### H. REWIND STARTER ALIGNMENT, Fig. 7

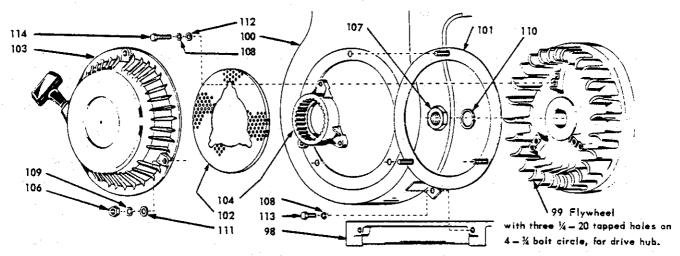
Mount rewind starter to support ring studs with 'T' handle in required starting position. Place the three plain washers, lockwashers and nuts on studs and hand tighten only — for alignment purposes.

Proper alignment of the starter is obtained by pulling out the 'T' handle until a substantial resistance, indicating starter engagement, is obtained. This automatically centers the starter to the drive hub. Hold starter in this position and securely tighten the three mounting nuts. The starter will become damaged if it is not centered properly. The engine is now ready to start.



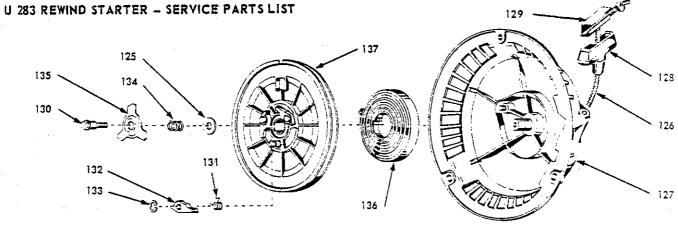
F1G. 7

RWS 109 REWIND STARTER ASSEMBLY — SERVICE PARTS LIST RWS 110, RWS 111 Same as RWS 109 except T — Handle in alternate locations, see Fig. 2.



Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
The	i following STA	DARD PARTS as of Serial No. 5789735.	
98	BB 128 A 5	ENGINE BASE	1
99	NC 215	FLYWHEEL	1
100	SE 339	SHROUD, flywheel	1
R 10	9, R110, R111	Assemblies consists of the following:	
101	PG 1300	SUPPORT RING	1
102	SE 334	SCREEN, rotating	l.
103	U 283	REWIND STARTER ASSEMBLY	1
104	UC 204	DRIVE HUB	1
}		STANDARD HARDWARE	
106	PD 78	NUT, 5/16-18 thread, hexagon steel For rewind starter mounting.	3
107	PD 142	NUT, 7/8-14 thread, 1¼" hexagon jam For flywheel mounting.	1

Ref.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
108	PE3	LOCKWASHER, i/4" spring lock	5
109	PE4	LOCKWASHER, 5/16" spring lock	3
110	PE 38	LOCKWASHER, 7/8* spring lock (light) For lywheel mounting.	1
111	PH 14D	WASHER, 5/16" x 19/32" O.D., plain steel. For rewind starter mounting.	3
112	PH 196	WASHER, 1/4" x 5/8" O.D., plain steel For drive hub to flywheel mounting.	;
113	XD 5	SCREW, 1/4" - 20 x 1/2" long, hexagon herd. For flywheel shroud to case mounting.	-
114	XD7	SCREW, 1/4" - 20 x i" long, hexagon head For drive hub to flywheel mounting.	3



Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
125	27-504-015-0	WASHER, broke spring	1
126	27-504-022-0	ROPE, No. 6 x 74° long	lι
127	27-504-116-0	HOUSING ASSEMBLY	1
128	27-508-008-0	T HANDLE	1
129	27-508-009-0	REINFORCEMENT, Thomadle	1
130	27-525-003-0	SCREW, com center	ı
131	27-525-007-0	DOG SPRING	3

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
132	27-525-008-0	DOG	3.
133	27-525-012-0	DOG RETAINER CLIP	3
134	27-525-013-0	BRAKE SPRING	1
135	27-526-001-0	DOG CAM	1
136	27-526-003-0	RECOIL SPRING	I
137	27-526-504-0	PULLEY and BEARING assembly	1

## LP-62 series FUEL PUMP

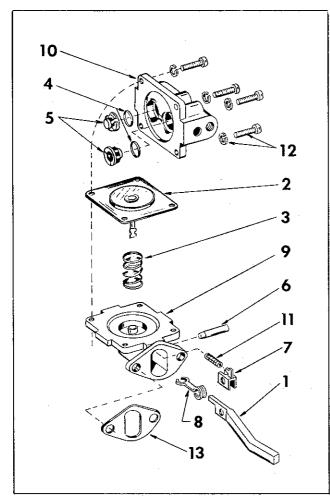
#### REPAIR INSTRUCTIONS

For single and two cylinder engine models

PART NO.	ENGINE USED ON
LP-62-A	THD, TJD
LP-62-B	ACN, BKN, AENL
LP-62-C	MTHD
LP-62-D	AGND
LP-62-E	S-7D
LP-62-F	S-10D, S-12D, S-14D
LP-62-G	S-8D, TRA-10D, TRA-12D

The fuel pump, like all other parts of the engine, is subject to wear and you will find that any time after 500 hours of use, its efficiency will gradually decrease. This is indictated by the engines faltering at high speeds or when heavy loads are suddenly applied. The pump can easily be restored to its normal efficiency by the installation of a Wisconsin LQ-51 Diaphragm Kit.

- Disconnect fuel lines from pump and remove fuel strainer if mounted to pump. Remove fuel pump from engine housing by taking out the two mounting screws.
- File a groove across a point at the union of castings (9 and 10). This is a positive location of the fuel INLET and OUTLET positions when reassembling. Remove four head to bracket screws (12) and remove fuel head (10).
- Turn fuelhead (10) over, remove and discard both valve assemblies, noting their positions.
- Clean fuel head thoroughly with kerosene or diesel fuel and a fine wire brush.



- 5. Hold fuel head (10), with diaphragm surface up, place two valve gaskets (4) into covities where valves were removed. Press valve assemblies (5) in evenly without distortion, and stake in place.
- Set fuel head assembly aside and proceed to rebuild lower diaphragm section.
- Insert the end of a small screw driver into the coils of rocker arm spring (11), remove and save.
- 8. Hold mounting bracket (9) in the left hand, with the rocker arm toward your body and the thumb nail on the end of link (8). With the heel of right hand on diaphragm (2), compress the diaphragm spring (3), and at the same time turn in a clockwise direction 90°. This will unhook the diaphragm from link (8) so it can be removed.
- Clean the mounting bracket (9) with kerosene or diesel fuel and a fine wire brush.
- 10. Place the new diaphragm operating spring (3) into bracket (9). Repeat in reverse order paragraph eight, using the new diaphragm. Replace rocker arm spring (11) removed in paragraph seven.
- 11. Mount this assembly back on the engine in the position from which it was removed, using the new flange gasket (13), which is the last piece of the repair kit.
- 12. Crank the engine over to a position where the diaphragm (2) is laying flat on the mounting bracket (9). Place the fuel head (10) back in position so that the indicating marks of step one are in line, and start the four head screws approximately three turns. Again, crank the e. gine over to a position where diaphragm (2) is pulled down into mounting bracket (9) to its lowest position. Securely tighten the four head screws (12).
- 13. Mount fuel strainer to fuel pump, if applicable, and

NOTE: The LQ-51 Diaphragm Kit and the parts included there-in, which are identified by an asterisk (\*), are the only parts of the fuel pump available for service.

Ref. No.	Description	No. Req.
1	ROCKER ARM	1
* 2	DIAPHRAGM ASSEMBLY	1
* 3	DIAPHRAGM SPRING	1
* 4	VALVE GASKETS	2
* 5	VALVE and CAGE ASSEMBLY	2
6	PIN for rocker ann	1
7	SPRING CLIP for rocker arm	1
8	LINK for diaphragm spring	1
.9	MOUNTING BRACKET	1
10	FUEL HEAD	1
11	SPRING for rocker ann	1
12	SCREW and WASHER for head mounting	4
*13	GASKET for mounting flunge	1

# FLYWHEEL ALTERNATOR



## with solid state regulation

12 Volt — 10 amp and 25 amp Systems For WISCONSIN Single, Two and Four Cylinder Engine Models

### **DESCRIPTION** of Change

Beginning with engine serial No. 5188288, a new two module flywheel alternator system replaces the previously furnished three module system, that included an isolation diode module, and the two unit system without the isolation diode.

The *isolation diode* module was incorporated into the old system to eliminate battery discharge problems during shut down, cranking and idling.

#### INTERCHANGEABILITY

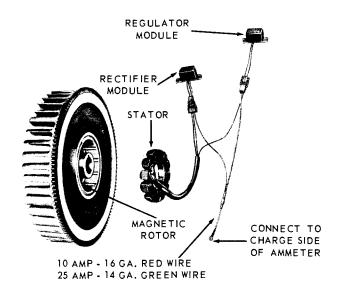
The Regulator module was not changed and is completely interchangeable between the new and old systems. The Rectifier module and Stator assembly have been modified to incorporate the advantages of an isolation diode without adding a third module. These new parts are not interchangeable with the old unless both rectifier and stator are replaced simultaneously. The new system has a three prong plug connector between the rectifier and stator — the old system has a two prong connector.

### **DESCRIPTION** and **OPERATION**

This flywheel alternator is of the permanent magnet type and has no brushes, commutator, belts or adjustments. A series of coils (stator) is mounted to the engine gear cover, and the magnetic flux is provided by a permanent magnet in the flywheel which rotates around these stationary coils. Only four components make up this light weight space saving system; a flywheel with magnetic rotor, stator, rectifier module and regulator module.

The center-tap rectifier arrangement prevents damage to the alternator system when arc welding, because the winding acts as a choke and its inductance prevents the transient voltage from damaging the diodes.

Since the physical appearance of both 10 amp and 25 amp alternator systems are very similar, the 25 amp



319423C-1

unit can be distinguished from the 10 amp unit by the ammeter calibrations, and by a 14 gage green wire in place of a 16 gage red wire, from the ammeter to the stator-regulator connector.

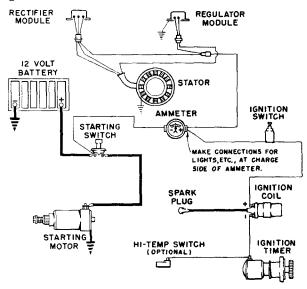
**PRECAUTIONS** to be exercised in the use of this flywheel alternator:

- 1. Do Not reverse battery connections. This is for a negative ground system only.
- 2. Connect booster batteries properly positive to positive and negative to negative.
- 3. Do Not polarize the alternator.
- Do Not ground any wires from stator or modules which terminate at connectors.
- Do Not operate engine with battery disconnected from system.
- 6. Disconnect at least one battery lead if a battery charger is used.

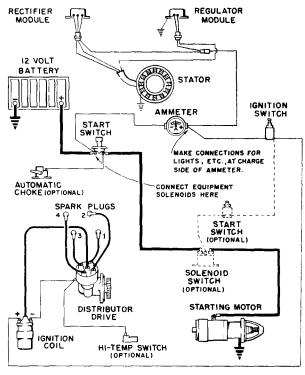
#### WIRING CIRCUIT

The fool-proof type connectors used prevent incorrect wiring from the stator to the rectifier and regulator modules. To disconnect plugs, squeeze outer ends of receptical and pull apart.

The rectifier is insulated from ground, but the stator and regulator module are grounded to the engine thru their mounting surface. The regulator module therefore should not be removed and mounted at some remote location. This is a negative ground circuit. Connect ground strap from negative post of battery to starting motor flange, or good clean grounding surface on engine.



WIRING DIAGRAM
For Single Cylinder Models



WIRING DIAGRAM
For Two and Four Cylinder Models

### SERVICE PROCEDURE:

Prior to electrical testing, a thorough visual inspection should be made to eliminate conditions that may be interpreted as a defected alternator. Examine leads for broken or loose connections, and make sure modules are securely mounted. The regulator module must be mounted to a metal surface for grounding purposes, while the rectifier module, although insulated from ground, should be securely mounted for heat dissipation. The mounting surfaces must be clean and free of contaminants, oil, grease, etc. When assured that the problem is with the alternator, follow the tests outlined in 'Trouble Shooting'.

### TROUBLE SHOOTING

10 and 25 amp Flywheel Alternator

Proble	em: Battery Overcharge	Possible Cause & Remedy
Test	1.0 With engine running at full RPM, check battery voltage w/ DC Voltmeter.	
	1.1 If voltage is over 15.0	1.1 Regulator not functioning properly. Replace module.
	1.2 If voltage is under 15	1.2 Alternator functioning properly. Check battery condition.

Prob	lem: Low/No Charge	Possible Cause & Remedy
Test	1.0 With engine running at full RPM, check battery voltage w/DC meter. If voltage is greater than 14 volts, place * load on battery to reduce voltage below 14 volts.	
	1.1 If the charge rate increases —	1.1 Alternator functioning properly. Battery was fully charged.
	1.2 If the charge rate does not increase—	1.2 Proceed with Test 2.0.

\* Place as many 12 volt light bulbs across battery as required to reduce voltage below 14 volts.

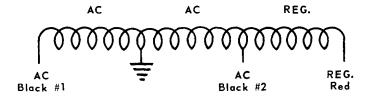
A carbon pile resistor may be used in place of bulbs.

Problem: Low/No Charge	Possible Cause & Remedy
Test 2.0 Conditions and procedure the same as Test 1.0 except the regulator module is disconnected.	
2.1 If the charge rate increases —	2.1 Regulator was at fault. Replace regulator module.
2.2 If the charge rate does not increase—	2.2 Regulator is not at fault. Continue with Test 3.0.
Test 3.0 Test conditions and procedure the same as 1.0 except with new rectifier module plugged in.	
3.1 If the charge rate increases —	3.1 Rectifier module at fault.  Permanently install new rectifier module,
3.2 If the charge rate does not increase—	3.2 Continue with Test 4.0.
Test 4.0 With engine stopped, unplug all connectors between modules and stator. Start engine and run at 2400 RPM. With AC voltmeter check voltage between each of the black stator leads and ground.	
4.1 If one of the two voltages is zero or they are over 10% apart -	4.1 The stator is faulty and should be replaced.

Further testing can be done on the component level with the engine stopped, and the stator and module connections including output lead uncoupled.

#### TO CHECK STATOR

Use an ohmmeter and check continuity as follows:



**NOTE:** Wire numbers indicated for probe connections are for convenience only and are not indicated on the connectors.

#### For 19 amp unit STATOR

METER PROBE CONNECTIONS + -	METER VALUE	REPLACE STATOR
Black #1 to Black #2 Black #1 to Eng. Gnd. Black #2 to Eng. Gnd. Black #1 to Red Elack #2 to Red	. •	0 Indicates Short Circuit. CO Indicates Open Circuit.

#### For 25 amp unit STATOR

METER PROBE	METER	REPLACE
CONNECTIONS	VALUE	STATOR
Black #1 to Black #2 Black #1 to Eng. Gnd. Black #2 to Eng. Gnd. Black #1 to Red Black #2 to Red		CO Indicates Open Circuit.

#### STATOR IDENTIFICATION:

10 amp -3/8" wide flange

25 amp - 5/8" wide flange

#### TO CHECK RECTIFIER MODULE, Part No. YJ-68

The same module is used for both the 10 amp and 25 amp systems. It can be distinguished from the regulator by the three lead wires instead of two and the identification decal. Use an ohmmeter and static check continuity as follows:

METER PROBE CONNECTIONS + ~	METER INDICATION
White lead to Black #1 Black #1 to White lead White lead to Black #2 Black #2 to White lead	No Continuity Continuity No Continuity Continuity

**Note:** Continuity shall be in one direction only. If readings are not as indicated, replace module.

#### TO CHECK REGULATOR MODULE, Part No. YJ-60

The same Regulator module is used for both the 10 amp and 25 amp systems. Use an Ohmmeter and static check as follows:

METER PROBE CONNECTIONS +	METER INDICATION	REPLACE MODULE	
Red to Eng. Gnd. Eng. Gnd. to Red Red to Black Black to Red Black to Eng. Gnd. Eng. Gnd. to Black	No Continuity  Continuity	Continuity  No Continuity	

#### AMP OUTPUT regulated by engine speed

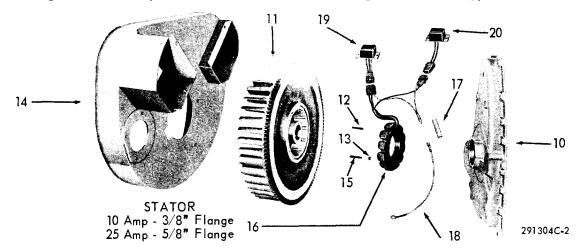
MODEL	MAXIMUM ENGINE SPEED	10 AMP SYSTEM	25 AMP SYSTEM
S-12D, S-14D AENL, TJD	3600 RPM	10 amps	25 amps
AGND	3200 RPM	10 amps	23 amps
VH4D	2800 RPM	9 amps	20 amps
VG4D	2400 RPM	8 amps	17 amps

### FLYWHEEL ALTERNATOR

### 12 VOLT - 10 AMP and 25 AMP Systems

### For Engines beginning with Serial Number 5188288

**SERVICE PARTS LIST:** The following items are in addition to, or replace similar parts found in the parts manual of each specific engine model. The parts illustration is for the **VG4D** engine, but can be applied to all models.



ſ	REF.		NO.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	PA	ART NUMBER PI	ER ENGINE M	ODEL	-
	ΝО.	DESCRIPTION	REQ.	AENL	AGND	S-10D, S-12D, S-14D	THD, TJD	VF4D, VH4D	VG4D
	10	GEAR COVER ASSEMBLY BEARING RETAINER PLATE — flywheel end	1	BG-344-51	BG-343-51	BG-350A-S1	BD-103J-S1	BD-100K-4-S1	BD-101B-S1
•	11	FLYWHEEL with rotor and ring gear For 10 amp alternator circuit For 25 amp alternator circuit	1	N-104-5 N-104-9	N-103-5 N-103-9	N-105-2 N-105A-3	N-102-5 N-102-9	N-101-6 N-101-10	N-100-5 N-100-9
	12	ROLL PIN - For 10 amp stator For 25 amp stator	2 2	PA-336 PA-362	PA-340 PA-340		PA-368 PA-340	PA-368 PA-340	PA-368 PA-340
	13	LOCKWASHER, No. 10, for stator mt'g.	4	PE-14	PE-14	PE-14	PE-14	PE-14	PE-14
•	14	FLYWHEEL SHROUD	1	SE-154-A	SE-217-H	SE-289-A w/ SE-301B-1 PI.	SE-135-AT	SE-74-YA	SE-124-AM
	15	SCREW - For 10 amp stator mt <sup>*</sup> g. For 25 amp stator mt <sup>*</sup> g.	4 4	XB-114 XB-110	XB-113 XB-106	XB-113 XB-106	XB-113 XB-106	XB-113 XB-106	XB-113 XB-106
	16	STATOR ASSEMBLY — For 10 amp circuit For 25 amp circuit	1	YB-81 YB-82	YB-81 YB-82	YB-81 YB-82	YB-81 YB-82	YB-81 YB-82	YB-81 YB-82
	17	INSULATOR — ammeter wire connector	1	YD-350	YD-350	YD-350	YD-350	YD-350	YD-350
	18	WIRE ASSEMBLY — stator plug to ammeter For 10 amp stator For 25 amp stator	1	YL-381-6 YL-380-6	YL-381-6 YL-380-6	Y∟-381-18 Y∟-380-18	YL-381-14 YL-380-14	YL-381-18 YL-380-18	YL-381-22 YL-380-22
	19	RECTIFIER MODULE - For 10 and 25 amp	1	YJ-68	Y J-68	Y J-68	YJ-68	A 7-68	Y J-68
	20	REGULATOR MODULE - For 10 amp and 25 amp circuit	1	Y J-60	YJ-60	YJ-60	YJ-60	A1-90	YJ-60

#### PARTS REQUIRED - NOT ILLUSTRATED

*	CRANKCASE	1	AA-91B-10	BA-54-20				
	ENGINE BASE	1	BB-128A-5					
	CLIP for stator wires	1	PG-630-1	PG-430		}		
	GROMMET for stator wires	1			PH-198B-1	}	Į	
	GASKET for bearing retainer plate	1	QD-833					
	NUT, #10-32, for mounting modules	4	PD-115	PD-115	PD-115	PD-115	PD-115	PD-115
	LOCKWASHER, #10 I.E.T., for mounting modules	4	PE-78-A	PE-78-A	PE-78-A	PE-78-A	PE-78-A	PE-78-A
	SCREW, #10-32, for mounting modules	4	X A-7	X A-7	X A-7	XA-8	XA-8	X A-8

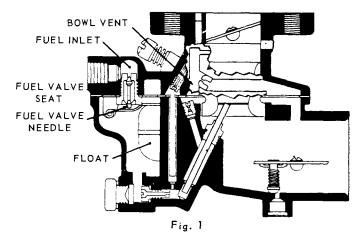
<sup>\*</sup> NOTE: Because of the available variations in Flywheels, Flywheel Shrouds and Crankcases — give Engine Model, Specification and Serial Numbers when ordering.

# CARBURETOR

#### ZENITH MODEL 68-7

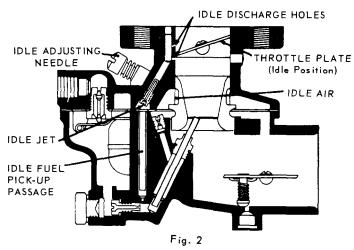
#### WISCONSIN L-63 SERIES

The Zenith 68-7 Series carburetor is of an up-draft single venturi design with a 1" S.A.E. barrel size and a 7/8" S.A.E. flange. The carburetors are made with selective fuel inlet, and with or without a main jet adjustment. These carburetors are "balanced" and "sealed", and the semi-concentric fuel bowl allows operation to quite extreme angles without flooding or starving.



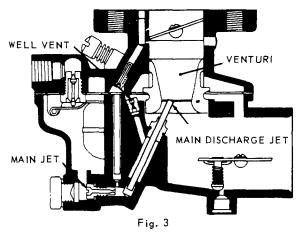
Fuel supply system, Fig. 1, is made up of a threaded fuel inlet, fuel valve seat, fuel valve needle, float and fuel bowl. Fuel travels through the fuel valve seat and passes around the fuel valve and into the fuel bowl. The level of the fuel in the fuel chamber is regulated by the float through its control of the fuel valve. The fuel valve does not open and close alternately but assumes an opening, regulated by the float, sufficient to maintain a proper level in the fuel chamber equal to the demand of the engine according to its speed and load.

The inside bowl vent as illustrated by the passage originating in the air intake and continuing through to the fuel bowl, is a method of venting the fuel bowl to maintain proper air fuel mixtures even though the air cleaner may become restricted. This balancing is frequently referred to as an "inside bowl vent".



Idle system, Fig. 2, consists of two idle discharge holes, idle air passage, idle adjusting needle, idle jet, and fuel pick-up passage. The fuel for idle is supplied through the main jet to a well directly below the main discharge jet. The pick-up passage is connected to this well by a restricted drilling at the bottom of this passage. The fuel travels through this channel to the idle jet calibration. The air for the idle mixture originates back of (or from behind) the main venturi. The position of the idle adjusting

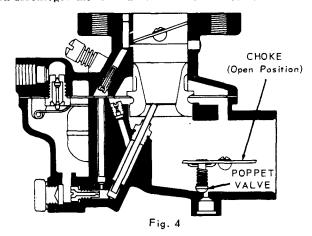
needle in this passage controls the suction on the idle jet and thereby the idle mixture. Turning the needle in closer to its seat results in a greater suction with a smaller amount of air and therefore a richer mixture. Turning the needle out away from its seat increases the amount of air and reduces the suction, and a leaner mixture is delivered. The fuel is atomized and mixed with the air in the passage leading to the discharge holes and enters the air stream at this point.



High speed system, Fig. 3, controls the fuel mixture at part throttle speeds and at wide open throttle. This system consists of a venturi, controlling the maximum volume of air admitted into the engine; the main jet, which regulates the flow of fuel from the float chamber to the main discharge jet; the well vent, which maintains uniform mixture ratio under changing suction and engine speeds; and a main discharge jet, which delivers the fuel into the air stream.

The main jet controls the fuel delivery during part throttle range from about one-quarter to full throttle opening. To maintain a proper mixture, a small amount of air is admitted through the well vent into the discharge jet through air bleed holes in the discharge jet at a point below the level of fuel in the metering well.

The passage of fuel through the high speed system is not a complicated process. The fuel flows from the fuel chamber through the main jet and into the main discharge jet where it is mixed with air admitted by the well vent, and the air-fuel mixture is then discharged into the air stream of the carburetor.



Choke system, Fig. 4, consists of a valve mounted on a shaft located in the air entrance and operated externally by a lever mounted on the shaft. The choke valve is used to restrict the air entering the carburetor. This increases the suction on the jets

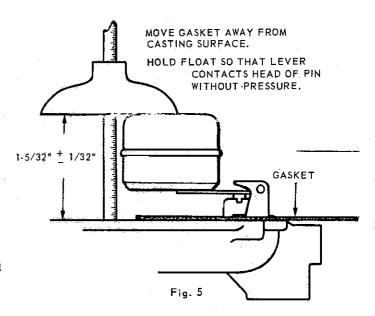
when starting the engine. The choke valve is of a "semi-automatic" type, having a poppet valve incorporated in its design, which is controlled by a spring. The poppet valve opens automatically when the engine starts and admits air to avoid over-choking or flooding of the engine. The mixture required for starting is considerably richer than that needed to develop power at normal temperatures. As the engine fires and speed and suction are increased, the mixture ratio must be rapidly reduced. This change is accomplished through adjustment of the choke valve and the automatic opening of the poppet valve to admit more air when the engine fires.

#### FLOAT SETTING, Fig. 5

If float position is not to the dimension shown, use a long nose pliers and bend lever close to float body, to obtain correct float setting.

#### FUEL LEVEL

The liquid level in float chamber is 17/32 to 19/32 inch below top of float bowl. This level was established with a #35 fuel valve seat at  $1\frac{1}{2}$  p.s.i. and a sight tube approximately 1/4 to 9/32 inch i.d.



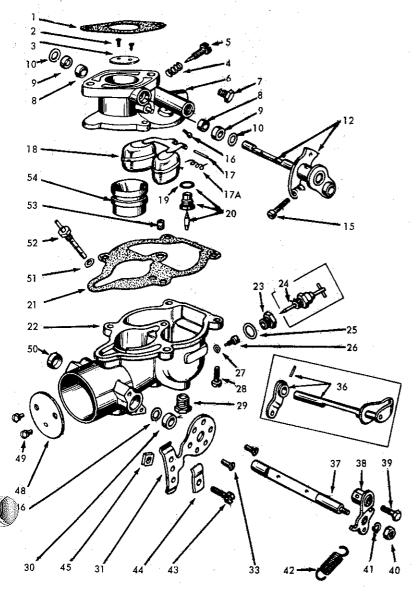
ZENITH NO.

WISCONSIN NO.

CARB. REF.

## SERVICE PARTS LIST

Parts are identified by reference number. See parts list for correct part number.



1	12098A	• L-63
2	12188G	• L-63-A
3	12158D	• L-63-C
4	12325	L-63-D
5	12199E	• L-63-E
6	12205A	● L-63-F
7	12235E	● L-63-G
-8	12236	L-63-H
9	12239C	● L-63-J
10	12234F	• L-63-K
. 11	12288C	• L-63-L
12	12300	L-63-M
13	12599D	• L-63-N
14	12375D	● L-63-R
15	12448D	● L-63-U
16	12449D	● L-63-V
17	12545C	• L-63-W
18	12543C	• L-63-Y
19	12546	L-63-Z
20	12647	L-63-AA
21	12253A	● LZ-63-2
22	12229D	<ul> <li>LZ-63-C</li> </ul>
23	12238D	<ul> <li>LZ-63C-2</li> </ul>
24	12744B	● L-63-AF
25	12982B	● L-63-AN
26	13201A	● L-63-AP
27	13238A	<ul> <li>L-63-AQ</li> </ul>
28	13405A	<ul> <li>L-63-AV</li> </ul>
29	13420A	● L-63-BC
30	13449A	● L-63-BD
31	13694	L-63-BL

NOTE: Beginning with this letter designation • bushings (Ref. 8) were discontinued.

### CARBURETOR PARTS LIST

### ZENITH MODEL 68-7

### WISCONSIN L-63 Series

Item No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.	Item No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
1	QC-71-A *	GASKET - flange, (Zenith No. C141-4-5)	1		93-C81-50-35 *	VALVE & SEAT, fuel (spring type) for 2, 3, 7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 26	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
2	93-T315S5-4 93-T315B5-4	SCREW & WASHER - throttle plate	2 2		93-C81-50-25*	For 17 and 19	1
3	93-C21-176	PLATE - throttle, for all except 5, 7, 8, 10,		21	93-C142-74 †*	GASKET - BOWL TO BODY	1
	93-C21-205	12, 14, 18	1	22	93-B3-121B-1 93-B3-121A-3	BOWL - FUEL, for 1, 6, 20, 21	1 1
4	93-C111-17	SPRING - idle needle	1		93-B3-121A-1	BOWL - FUEL, for 3, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 17, 19, 22, 24, 29, 31	1
5	93-C46-6 *	NEEDLE - idle adjusting	1		93-B3-121B-2 93-B3-121A-2	BOWL - FUEL, for 4	1
6		BODY — throttle, (Not available for service)			93-B3-121E-1 93-B3-121F-1	BOWL - FUEL, for 15, 23, 30	1 1
7	93-T91-3	1/8" PLUG - fuel inlet R.H	1		93-B3-121D-6 93-B3-121A-7	BOWL - FUEL, for 25	1
8	93-C9-75	BUSHING — throttle shaft (See Note)	2		93-B3-121A-8 93-B3-121B-3	BOWL - FUEL, for 28	1
9		SEAL - throttle shaft	2	23	93-C138-24	PLUG - MAIN JET PASSAGE, for 1, 3, 4, 8,	
10	93-T52-57 *	RETAINER - shaft seal (1 used for 28)	2	24	93-C71-21	10, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 31 ADJUSTMENT – MAIN JET, for 2, 5, 6, 7, 9,	1
,,	93-C131-38	CUP PLUG, for 28	1		70 071 21	11, 12, 13, 14, 17, 18, 25, 27	1
12	93-C29-491	<b>SHAFT &amp; STOP LEVER</b> – throttle, for 1, 3, 6, 9, 11, 17, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 29, 31	1	25	93-T56-23 †*	WASHER (fiber) - PLUG & ADJUSTMENT	1
	93-C29-1301	SHAFT & STOP LEVER - throttle, for 4	1	26	93-C52-7-22 93-C52-7-33	JET - MAIN, for 1, 4, 16, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30  JET - MAIN, for 2, 13, 25, 27	1
	93-C29-926	<b>SHAFT &amp; STOP LEVER –</b> throttle, for 5, 7, 8, 10, 14, 18	1		93-C52-7-26 93-C52-7-25 93-C52-7-19	JET - MAIN, for 5, 7, 11, 12, 14, 17, 18	1 1 1
	93-C29-1418	SHAFT & STOP LEVER - throttle, for 25, 27	1		93-C52-7-30 93-C52-7-21	JET - MAIN, for 9	1 1
	93-C29-1476	SHAFT & STOP LEVER -throttle, for 15, 16, 30	1		93-C52-7-23 93-C52-7-24	JET - MAIN, for 3, 15, 19, 22, 23, 24, 26  JET - MAIN, for 31	1
	93-C29-858	SHAFT & STOP LEVER - throttle, for 2, 13,		27	93-T56-24 †*	WASHER (fiber) - MAIN JET	1
		24	1	28		SCREWS - BOWL TO BODY ASSEMBLY	4
	93-C29-1475	SHAFT & STOP LEVER - throttle, for 12		29	93-T91-3	PLUG - BOWL DPAIN	1
	93-C29-1584	SHAFT & STOP LEVER throttle, for 26		30	93-C131-4X2 *	RETAINER - CHOKE SHAFT SEAL, for 1 thru 25, 27, 29, 30, 31	•
	93-C29-1607	SHAFT & STOP LEVER - throttle, for 28		31	93-T52-53 * 93-C109-60C	RETAINER - CHOKE SHAFT SEAL, for 26,28	
15		SCREW - THROTTLE STOP, for all except 25, 27, 30	1	31		BRACKET - CHOKE, for 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 14, 15, 16, 17, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 26, 29, 30, 31	1
16	93-T858-10-NP 93-C55-6-12	SCREW - THROTTLE STOP, for 25, 27, 30  JET - IDLE, for all except 25, 27, 29, 30			93-C109-60C-1	BRACKET - CHOKE, for 4, 13, 27	1 1
	93-C55-6-10 93-C55-22-11	JET - IDLE, for 29, 30	1	33	93-C140-58	SCREWS - CHOKE BRACKET ASSEMBLY	2
17	93-C120-4 *	AXLE - FLOAT	1		00.6100.000	For all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25.	
17A	93-C117-79	SPRING - FLOAT, for all except 1,6,16,21,28	1	36	93-C108-280 93-C108-279	SHAFT & FRICTION LEVER - CHOKE, for 2 SHAFT & FRICTION LEVER - CHOKE, for 5,	1
18	93-C85-103	FLOAT and HINGE ASSEMBLY	1		93-C108-277	SHAFT & FRICTION LEVER - CHOKE, for 25	1 1
19	93-T56-20 †*	Solid type fuel valve and seat.	1	37	93-C105-286	<b>SHAFT - CHOKE</b> , for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	ı
	93- <b>T</b> 56-70 †*	WASHER (.020" thick fiber) for 93-C81-50 Spring type fuel valve and seat.	1	38	93-C106-2	<b>LEVER – CHOKE,</b> for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	1
20	93-C81-17-35*	VALVE & SEAT, fuel (solid type) for 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 16, 21, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31		39	93-T8\$8-7	SCREW - CHOKE LEVER SWIVEL, for all	1
	93-C81-17-25*	For 18 and 20	. 1	40	93-T2258	NUT - CHOKE SHAFT, for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	1
						(Continued)	1

Order parts from nearest *WISCONSIN DISTRIBUTOR* or *SERVICE CENTER*. *IMPORTANT:* Always give Model, Specification and Serial Numbers as shown on name plate.

# CARBURETOR PARTS LIST

### ZENITH MODEL 68-7

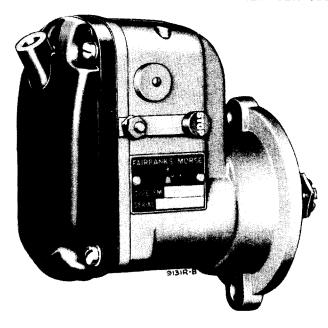
ltem No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
41	93-T41-10	LOCKWASHER – CHOKE SHAFT NUT, for all except 2, 5, 1°, 12, 18, 25	1
42	93-C112-6	SPRING - CHOKE LEVER RETURN, for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	1
43	93-T8\$8-8	SCREW - BRACKET CLIP, for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	1
44	93-C110-7	CLIP - BRACKET TUBE, for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	1
45	93-T2158	NUT CLAMP SCREW, for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18, 25	i
46	93-T57-4 * 93-T48-9 *	SEAL - CHOKE SHAFT, for all except 26, 28 SEAL - CHOKE SHAFT, for 26, 28	l i
48	93-C101-80 93-C101-85	PLATE - CHOKE, for all except 2,13,25,27 PLATE - CHOKE, for 2, 13, 25, 27	1 1
49	93-T315\$5-4	SCREW & WASHER CHOKE PLATE, for all	
	93-T315B5-4	SCREW & WASHER CHOKE PLATE, for 30	2 2
50	93-CR37-1X1 *	PLUG - CHOKE SHAFT HOLE, for all except 2, 5, 10, 12, 18	1
51	93-T56-48 †*	WASHER (fiber) - DISCHARGE JET	1
52	93-C66-114-60	JET - DISCHARGE, for 1, 4, 6, 16, 20, 21, 28	1
	93-C66-114-45 93-C66-114-50	JET - DISCHARGE, for 2, 13, 25, 27	1
)	93-C66-114-40	JET - DISCHARGE, for 3, 9, 11, 15, 17, 19, 22, 23, 24, 26, 29, 30, 31	1
53	93-C77-18-12	JET - WELL VENT, for 1, 4, 6, 16, 20, 21, 28	1
	93-C77-18-13 93-C77-18-22	JET - WELL VENT, for 2, 13, 25, 27	1
	93-C77-18-17	22, 23, 24, 26, 29, 30, 31	1 1
54	93-B38-74-18	VENTURI, for 1, 3, 4, 6, 9, 11, 15, 16, 17, 19,	
	93-B38-74-19	20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 28	1
	93-B38-74-17	VENTURI, for 2, 13, 25, 27, 29, 30, 31	1
	93-C2454AD1X	2 LEVER - THROTTLE CLAMP, for 15,16,30	1
Not Illust.	93-T8B10-9	SCREW - LEVER CLAMP, for 15, 16, 30	1
	93-T8B8-10	SCREW - LEVER SWIVEL, for 15, 16, 30	1
	93-C181-329	GASKET KIT	1
-	LQ-33	REPAIR PARTS KIT (with spring type fuel	
		valve and seat) for 2, 3, 7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 26	1
-	LQ-39	REPAIR PARTS KIT (with solid type fuel valve and seat) for 1, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13, 16, 21, 25, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31	1
-	93-K-2130	REPAIR PARTS KIT, for 17, 19	1
-	93/K-**	REPAIR PARTS KIT, for 18, 20	1
		* Parts in Repair Kit	
		† Parts in Gasket Set	
		* * Specify Zenith Corburetor Number	

#### Magnet Parts List 20 21 20 23 24 23 d WISCONSIN Y-117 Series Type FM-XD1B7U Specific magnetos listed below 51 52 NOTE: Code number 31, prefixed to the part number, is a vendor identification. When ordering, please use part number with code number as shown. NOT ILLUSTRATED GD-113 DRIVE GEAR Y-117B-S1 FMXD1B7U-2 Y-117C-51 FMXD1B7U-3 Y-117A-51 FMXD1B7U-1 Y-117D-S1 FMXD1B7U-4 Y-1178-51 FMXD1B7U-2 Y-117-51 FMXD1B7U Y-117C-S1 FMXD1B7U-Y-117D-S1 FMXD1B7U-YQ-8 KIT, Points and Condenser Y-117-51 FMXD1B7U Y-117A-S1 FMXD1B7U KIT, Overhaul YQ-9 Ref. Part Ref. Part Description Description No. Number No. Number 31-10512D SCREW, end cap ...... 16 31-856G SCREW, support ..... END CAP ..... 1 31-BZ2430 2 1 1 17 31-V4631 SUPPORT, bearing ...... 1 Ī 1 3 31-SX2430 END CAP..... 31-A5950A BEARING, com end ..... 1 1 18 1 1 31-WX2430 END CAP..... 19 31-N2514C SWITCH, assembly ...... 1 1 1 1 1 1 31-8N1 3 3 3 31-H2498 GASKET, end cap ......... 1 1 20 NUT, switch screw ...... 3 31-8LW5 LOCKWASHER, switch 1 1 31-C1498G SNAP RING, fulcrum pin 1 1 1 1 1 21 1 6 31-M2514 LEVER, insulated ....... 1 1 1 1 7 31-A2437A POINT SET ..... 1 1 1 22 1 31-C6018 WASHER, insulating .... 2 23 2 8 31-656Z TERMINAL SCREW ..... 1 1 1 31-K2457A BUSHING, insulating .... 1 1 - 1 1 SUPPORT SCREW ...... 9 31-8S6U 1 1 1 1 1 31-J2499A WIRE, assembly ..... 1 25 1 1 1 1 31-B5969 1 10 WASHER, support screw 1 1 1 1 26 31-8514N SCREW, switch ..... 1 31-G2788 CAM WICK ..... l 1 11 1 1 31-6S4U SCREW, clip ..... 1 1 27 1 31-855NA SCREW, condenser ....... l Ì 12 31-B6120 COIL CLIP ..... 31-AMXR2433 CONDENSER ..... 1 1 1 1 13 31-T2477C 29 COIL ..... 1 1 1 ı Ī 31-6S6U SCREW, support ..... l ı 1 1 31-DW2480 1 1 30 ROTOR ..... 1 1 1 31-D2458 WASHER, support screw 15 31-3K1 KEY, No. 3 Woodruff .... 31

Y-1	17 Series				<del></del>			1
Тур	e FM-XD1B	7U	17-51 D1B7U	7A-S1 1B7U-1	78-S1 1870-2	7C-S1 1B7U-3	7D-S1 1B7U-4	
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	FAX	Y-11	Y-117 FMXD1	Y-117	Y-117D	
32	31-B1498B	SNAP RING, bearing	1	1	1	1	l	
33	31-C5949	BEARING, drive end	1	l	1	1	1	
34	31-B1498D	SNAP RING, shaft	1	l l	1	1	1	l
35	31-KV2425	HOUSING	-	-	-	-	1	
36	31-RX2425	HOUSING	1	1	1	1	-	
37	31-N 195	NAME PLATE	ı	-	1	l	1	
38	31-A195	NAME PLATE	-	1	-	-	-	
39	31-315514A	SETSCREW, coil	2	2	2	2	2	
40	31-654U	SCREW, cover	2	2	2	2	2	
41	31-B6030A	VENT COVER	2	2	2	2	2	
42	31-C6032B	VENT SCREEN	2	2	2	2	2	
43	31-\$2568	PIN, pawl stop	1	1	1	1	1	
44	31-A2492C	WASHER, seal (inner)	1	1	1	1	1	

	* Specify 20° log angle			7A-S1 1B7U-1	78-S1 187U-2	7C-51 1B7U-3	17D-S1 D1 B7U-4
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	F.Y.	Y-11 FMXD	Y-11	Y-11	Y-11 FMXD
45	31-G3861	SEAL, shaft	1	1	1	1	1
46	31-A2492A	WASHER, seal (outer)	1	1	1	1	1
47	31-E2303	OIL SLINGER	1	1	1	1	1
48	31-29-45	SNAP RING, pawl	1	1	1	1	1
49	31-H2566	COUPLING PAWL	l	1	1	1	1
50	31-SV2563C*	COUPLING, complete	1	-	1	1	1
51	31-LV2563C*	COUPLING, complete	-	1	-	-	_
52	31-55963	PAWL SPRING	1	-	l	1	1
53	31-SZ2563 *	HUB, assembly	1	-	1	1	1
54	31-ZX2563 *	HUB, assembly	-	1	-	-	-
55	31-D2565	SPRING, coupling	l	1	1	1	1
56	31-ZX5957	SHELL, coupling	1	1	l	1	1
57	31-F2572	BUSHING, gear	1	1	1	1	1
58	31-M2570	NUT, coupling	1	1	1	1	1

#### FIELD SERVICE AND ADJUSTMENT



TYPICAL FMXD1B7U MAGNETO, EXCEPT GROUND SWITCH ON OPPOSITE SIDE

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The magneto gear rotates clockwise, when viewed from the drive end, and is fitted with a dependable single pawl impluse coupling, which facilitates starting by providing an intensified and retarded ignition spark at low engine speeds.

#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

Improper functioning of the magneto is often believed to be the cause of engine trouble arising from other sources. A brief engine inspection will often locate the trouble before the magneto is reached and prevent maladjustment of magneto parts in good condition. It is suggested that the magneto be opened only when it is certain that the ignition spark produced is unsatisfactory. This condition may be determined by an ignition spark test. See engine INSTRUCTION MANUAL.

#### SERVICING BREAKER POINTS

Remove the magneto end cap and inspect the breaker points for evidence of pitting or pyramiding. A small tungsten file or fine stone may be used to resurface the points. Badly worn or pitted points should be replaced. If it is necessary to resurface or replace the breaker points, it will also be necessary to adjust them to their proper clearance, which is 0.015 inch at full separation. Refer to engine INSTRUCTION MANUAL for breaker point adjustment procedure.

Printed in U.S.A. By Wis. Motor Corp.

#### SEALING MAGNETO

Opening the magneto for breaker point adjustment or other service, necessitates resealing the magneto upon reassembly. The surfaces between the magneto frame and the end cap should be thoroughly cleaned and a new gasket provided. Remove the vent hoods and clean the vent screens of all foreign material.

### FURTHER FIELD SERVICE NOT RECOMMENDED

The cam felt wick, if dry or hard, should be replaced by a new factory-impregnated wick. Other than this, these magnetos do not require field lubrication and any attempt to oil or grease the bearings is inadvisable. The lubricants should be renewed only during a complete overhaul of the magneto by a Factory-Authorized Service Station. Coil and condenser replacements are not recommended, unless test equipment is available.

#### DRIVE GEAR

To engage the slotted drive gear correctly with the drive lugs of the coupling, the magneto rotor should be turned by hand until the coupling pawl engages the stop pin in the flange. The coupling drive lugs will then be in the position shown by  $\bf A$  of Fig. 1. Mount drive gear to coupling shell so that the 'X' mark on the outer edge of the gear tooth is located as shown in view  $\bf B$ .

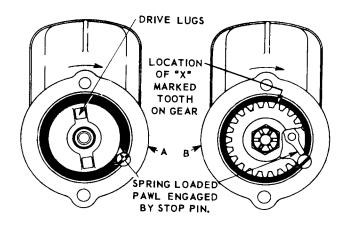


Fig. 1 DRIVE GEAR TIMING MARK ASSEMBLY

#### TIMING MAGNETO TO ENGINE

Refer to Magneto Timing instructions in the front section of ENGINE INSTRUCTION MANUAL, for proper mounting of magneto to crankcase, in order to obtain correct ignition timing.

# WICO MODEL XH-1 FLANGE MOUNTED MAGNETO

Wico Spec. No. XH-2504, Wisconsin Motor Part No. Y-118 for Engine Model AENL Wico Spec. No. XH-2523B, Wisconsin Motor Part No. Y-108B for Engine Model AGN (Wico XH-2523, Y-108A replaced by Wico XH-2523B, Y-108B for Engine Model AGN)

### INSTRUCTIONS

Y-108, 118 Series

#### TIMING

The magneto is properly timed to the engine at the factory. If it becomes necessary to retime the magneto to the engine, refer to the diagram and instructions in the engine instruction book.

#### LUBRICATION

The only lubricating point in the magneto is the cam wiper felt, (Ref. No. 19). This felt, which lubricates the breaker arm at point of contact with the cam, should be replaced whenever it is necessary to replace the breaker contacts.

#### **IMPORTANT**

Incorrectly adjusted spark plug gaps cause magneto failure more frequently than any other condition.

Spark plugs should be inspected at frequent intervals, the size of the gap should be carefully checked and adjusted and the plugs thoroughly cleaned.

All oil, grease, and dirt should frequently be wiped off the magneto, lead wires, and spark plug insulators. Keeping these parts clean and the spark plugs properly adjusted will improve the engine performance and at the same time will prolong the life of the ınagneto.

#### MAGNETO COVER

The magneto cover, (Ref. No. 50), can be removed by loosening the four screws (Ref. No. 36) which hold it in place. When replacing the cover be sure that the cover gasket (Ref. No. 35) is in its proper place.

#### BREAKER CONTACTS - REPLACEMENT AND ADJUSTMENT

The breaker contacts should be adjusted to .015" when fully opened. To adjust the contacts, loosen the two clamp screws (Ref. No. 40) enough so that the contact plate can be moved.

Insert the end of a small screw driver in the adjusting slot and open or close the contacts by moving the plate until the opening is .015", measuring with a feeler gauge of that thickness, tighten the two clamp

To replace the contacts remove the breaker spring clamp screw (Ref. No. 43), the breaker arm lock and

washer (Ref. No. 18) and (Ref. No. 14), then lift the breaker arm from its pivot. Remove the aligning washer, 5717, and the two fixed contact clamp screws (Ref. No. 40). The breaker plate can then be removed.

If the contacts need replacing it is recommended that both the fixed contact and the breaker arm be replaced at the same time, using replacement breaker set X5996 (Ref. No. 42).

After assembly the contacts should be adjusted as described above. The contacts should be kept clean at all times. Lacquer thinner is an ideal cleaner for this purpose. Use WICO tool S-5449, to adjust the alignment of the contacts so that both surfaces meet squarely.

#### CONDENSER

To remove the condenser (Ref. No. 34), first disconnect the condenser lead by removing the breaker arm spring screw (Ref. No. 43), then remove the two condenser clamp screws (Ref. No. 22) and the condenser clamp (Ref. No. 30). When replacing the condenser make sure it is properly placed and that the clamp screws are securely tightened.

#### COIL AND COIL CORE

The coil and coil core must be removed from the magneto housing as a unit. Disconnect the primary wire from the breaker arm spring terminal by removing screw (Ref. No. 43), take out the two coil core clamp screws (Ref. No. 21) and remove the clamps (Ref. No. 38). The coil and core can then be pulled from the housing. When replacing this group make sure that the bare primary wire is connected under the core clamp screw and that the insulated wire is connected to the breaker arm spring terminal.

#### REMOVAL OF COIL FROM CORE

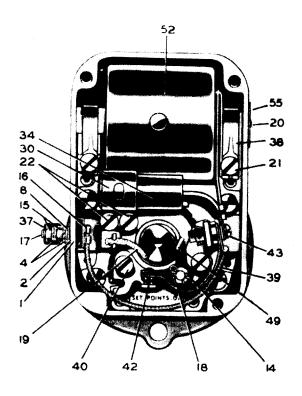
The coil (Ref. No. 52), is held tight on the core (Ref. No. 29) by two wedges, 10383. It will be necessary to press against the coil core with considerable force to remove it from the coil. The coil should be supported in such a way that there is no danger of the primary of the coil being pushed out of the secondary.

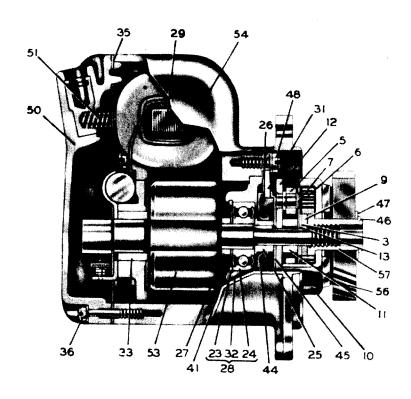
When replacing the coil on the coil core, slide it on then press in the two coil wedges, one on each end, until they are flush with the primary of the coil.

WICO ELECTRIC COMPANY WEST SPRINGFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS, U.S.A.

# Magneto Parts List

Y-118 For Engine Model AENL Wico Spec. No. XH-2504
Y-108-B For Engine Model AGND Wico Spec. No. XH-2523B
(Y-108-A, Wico XH-2523, replaced by Y-108-B for Engine Model AGN)





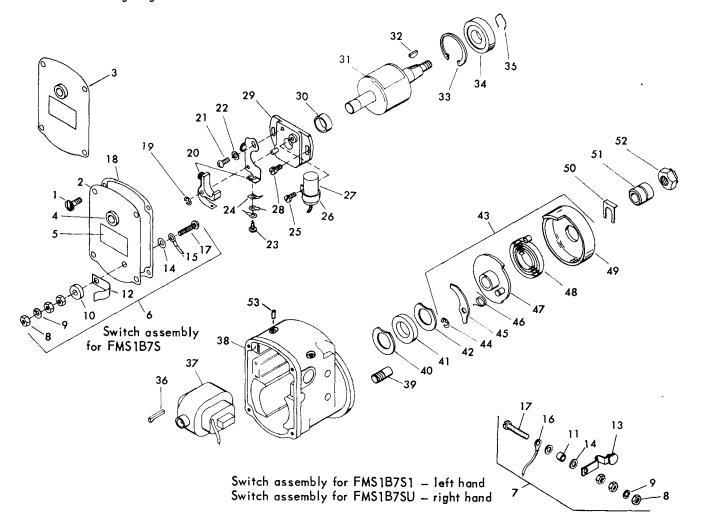
Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
2	YD-316	INSULATOR for ground stud	1
3	90-M-42XA	SPACING WASHER for driven flunge	l i l
4	90-M-55XA	LOCKWASHER for ground stud	2
5	90-11312	TRIP ARM for Y-118	ĺil
_	90-A-179X	TRIP ARM for Y-108A, Y-108B	i
6	90-15-186	DRIVE SPRING	l i l
7	90-6585	TRIP ARM SPRING for Y-118	l i l
-	90-6587	TRIP ARM SPRING for Y-108A, Y-108B	l i l
8	90-IXA-256	WASHER for ground stud (steel)	l i l
9	90-IVA-583	SPACING WASHER for drive cup	l i l
10	90-11472	DRIVE CUP for Y-118	ī
	90-11641	DRIVE CUP for Y-108A, Y-108B	l i l
11	90-2122	DRIVEN FLANGE SPACER	l i l
12	90-X6586	DRIVEN FLANGE GROUP for Y-118	l i l
	90-X6588	DRIVEN FLANGE GROUP for Y-108A, Y-108B	l i l
13	90-2288	RETAINER for drive spring	l i
14	90-3219	PIVOT WASHER for breaker arm	1
15	90-3230	NUT for ground stud	2
16	YD-324	INSULATING WASHER for ground stud	2
17	90-3945	GROUND STUD	1
18	90-4210	BREAKER ARM LOCK	1
19	90-5077	CAM WIPER FELT	1
20	90-5250	SCREW for name plate	2
21	90-5411	CLAMP SCREW for coil core (Sems)	2
22	90-5411	CLAMP SCREW for condenser (Sems)	2
23	90-5516	RETAINING RING for rotor bearing	1
24	90-5517	ROTOR BEARING	1
25	90-5518	IMPULSE SPACER	1
26	90-5519	GASKET for impulse stop	1
27	90-5520	SPACER for bearing cage group	1
28	90-X5521	BEARING CAGE GROUP	1
29	90-X5524	COIL CORE GROUP	1
80	90-6924	CONDENSER CLAMP	1
31	90-X5549	IMPULSE STOP GROUP	1
32	90-5567	BEARING CAGE	1
33	90-5610	BUSHING for breaker plate	1
34	90-X6916	CONDENSER ASSEMBLY	1

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	No. Req.
35	90-5618	COVER GASKET	1
36	90-5622	SCREW for distributor cap (Sems)	4
37	90-X5632	STOP BUTTON GROUP	1
38	90-5633	COIL CORE GROUP	2
39	90-X 57 57	GROUND LEAD GROUP	1
**	90-X 57 50	GROUND CONNECTION UNIT	1
		(Incl. Ref. Nos. 2, 4, 8, 15, 16, 17 & 39).	
**	90-5717	ALIGNING WASHER for breaker point	1
40	90-5900	CLAMP SCREW for fixed contact	2
41	90-5926	BALL BEARING SHIELD	1
42	90-X 5996	BREAKER CONTACT SET	1
43	90-5431	CLAMP SCREW for breaker spring	1
44	90-6199	OIL SEAL	1
45	90-6204	OIL SLINGER	1
46	90-6424	IMPULSE LOCK RING	1
47	90-6425	THRUST WASHER	1
**	90-X11473	IMPULSE COUPLING UNIT (Incl. Ref. Nos. 3, 5,	
		6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 46, 47 & 57) for Y-118	1
	90-X11572	IMPULSE COUPLING UNIT for Y-108A, Y-108B	1
48	90-6465	CLAMP SCREW for impulse stop (Sems)	4
49	90-6468	BREAKER ARM FELT	1
50	90-X6533	COVER UNIT	1
51	90-6732	COIL CONTACT SPRING	1
52	90-X5700C	COIL GROUP (Replaced X6762—Interchangeable)	1
**	90-10383	COIL WEDGE	2
53	90-Y 7569	ROTOR for Y-118	1
	90-Y 8538	<b>ROTOR</b> for Y-108A, Y-108B	1
54	90-X7265	MAIN HOUSING GROUP for Y-118	1
	90-X7262	MAIN HOUSING GROUP for Y-108A, Y-108B	1
55	90-5543	NAME PLATE for Y-118	1
**	90-8792	NAME PLATE for Y-108A, Y-108B	1
- 1	90-10407	BREAKER POINT ALIGNING WASHER (thin)	1
56	GD-113	DRIVE GEAR, for Y-118	1
	GD-125	DRIVE GEAR, for Y-108A, Y-108B	1
57	90-6412	IMPULSE LOCK NUT	1
		** (Not Illustrated)	

## **MAGNETO PARTS LIST**

WISCONSIN Y-135 Series
Type FM-S1B7
Specific magnetos listed below

Rotation CW Impulse Coupling UC Lag Angle 13°



Y-135-S1 (FMS1B7S), replaced by Y-135A-S1 (FMS1B7S1) for Std. ACN, BKN Engines — with GD-87-C Drive Gear. Y-135-S5 (FMS1B7S), replaced by Y-135A-S3 (FMS1B7S1) for 28° spark adv. ACN, BKN Engines — with GD-87-B Drive Gear. Y-135-S3 (FMS1B7S), replaced by Y-135B-S1 (FMS1B7SU) for AENL Engines — with GD-145 Drive Gear.

NOTE: Parts less part number are not sold separately.

Component parts are the same for all magnetos, except where noted.

YQ-19 Points and Condenser Kit

\* Parts included in Kit

YQ-20 Repair Kit

† Parts included in Kit

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
1	†	SCREW, end cap	4
2		END CAP for FMS1B7S	1
3		END CAP for FMS1B7S1, FMS1B7SU	1
4	PH-597	GROMMET, ignition wire	1
5		NAMEPLATE	1
6		SWITCH ASSEMBLY for FMS1B75	1
7		SWITCH ASSEMBLY for FMS1B7S1, SU	1
8		NUT, hex, 8-32	3
9		LOCKWASHER, No. 8	1
10		INSULATING BUSHING for FMS1B75	1
11		INSUL. BUSHING for FMS1B7S1, SU	1
12		GROUND SPRING for FMS1 B75	Ī
13		INSULATED LEVER for FMS1B7S1, SU	1
14		INSULATING WASHER	l
		1-used for FMS1B7S	
		2-used for FMS1B7S1, FMS1B7SU	

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
15		WIRE ASSEMBLY, ground for FMS1B75	1
16		WIRE ASSEMBLY, grd. for FMS1B7S1, SU	1
17		SCREW, ground switch, 8-32 x 7/8	1
18	QD-852 †	GASKET, end cap	1
19	†	SNAP RING, fulcrum pin	1
20	<b>†</b> *	POINT SET	1
21	†	SUPPORT SCREW	1
22		WASHER, support plate	7
23	† *	TERMINAL SCREW	1
24		TAB, terminal screw for FMS1B7S	1
25		CONDENSER SCREW, 8-32 x 3/8	1
26	† *	CONDENSER CLAMP	1
27	† *	CONDENSER	1
28		SCREW, bearing support 8-32 x 1/2 long	2
29		BEARING SUPPORT assembly	1
	L		[

Ref. No.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
30	†	BEARING, cam end	1
31	YM-4	ROTOR assembly	1
32	PL-21	KEY, woodruff	1
33	†	SNAP RING, bearing	1
34	ME-221	BEARING, drive end	1
35	†	SNAP RING, shaft	1
36		COIL WEDGE for FMS1B7S	2
37	YM-5	COIL	1
38		HOUSING	1
39		STOP PIN	1
40		WASHER, (inner) drive end	1
41	PH-598	SEAL, drive end	1

Ref.	Part Number	Description	Qty.
42		WASHER. (outer) drive end	1
43	YM-6	COUPLING assembly (13° lag angle)	1
44		SNAP RING	1
45		PAWL, impulse caupling	1
46		SPRING, impulse pawl	1
47		HUB assembly (13° lag angle)	1
48		IMPULSE SPRING	1
49		IMPULSE SHELL	1
50		WASHER, coupling plate	1
51		COUPLING BUSHING	1
52		IMPULSE NUT	1
53		SCREW, coil bridge for FMS1B7S1, SU	2

# Service and Adjustment

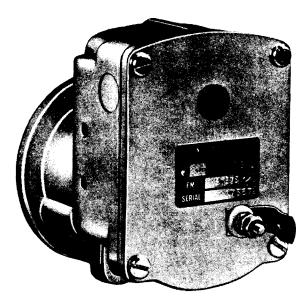


Fig. 1

#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

This one-cylinder magneto, built specifically for application on Wisconsin single cylinder engines, has a two-pole magnetic rotor and a single lobe cam, producing one ignition spark per revolution. It is fitted with a dependable, single-pawl impulse coupling which facilitates starting by providing an intensified and retarded ignition spark at low engine speeds.

#### SERVICE PROCEDURE

Improper functioning of the magneto is often believed to be the cause of much engine trouble arising from other sources, such as a flooded carburetor, an obstructed air intake, defective ignition connections, or corroded spark plug points. Since a brief engine inspection will often locate the trouble before the magneto is reached, it prevents maladjustment of magneto parts in good condition. It is suggested that the magneto be opened only when it is certain that the ignition spark produced is unsatisfactory. This condition may be determined by simple tests which are easily made in the field.

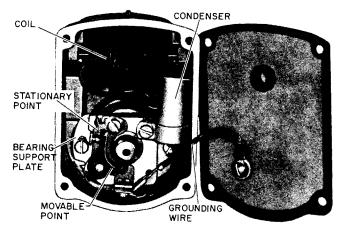


Fig. 2

#### TESTING THE IGNITION SPARK

With a properly adjusted spark plug in good condition, the ignition spark should be strong enough to bridge a short gap in addition to the actual spark plug discharge. This may be determined by holding the end of the ignition cable not more than 1/16 in. away from the spark plug terminal. The engine should not misfire when this is done. Ignition tests made while any part of the system is wet are useless.

#### TESTING THE MAGNETO SPARK

Remove the ignition cable from the end cap socket and insert a short piece of stiff wire. Bend this wire to within 1/8 in. of the engine block. Turn the engine over slowly and watch carefully for the spark which should occur at the instant the impulse coupling releases. If a strong spark is observed, it is recommended that the magneto be eliminated as the source of the difficulty and that the cable, terminals, and spark plug be thoroughly inspected.

#### DISASSEMBLY

#### END CAP

Remove the magneto end cap. The ground wire is attached to the end cap and the breaker points. Move the end cap to the side to gain access to the wire assembly at the points. This wire assembly has a

push-on type connector and may be pulled apart to disconnect the ground wire. Remove the terminal screw, releasing the coil ground contact (the coil wire on the condenser side of the magneto), the condenser lead, the grounding wire tab, and the breaker arm spring. Pull the connectors, not the wires, to prevent damage. See Fig. 2

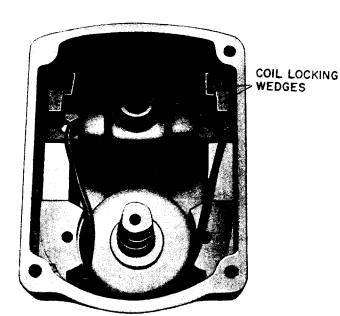


Fig. 3

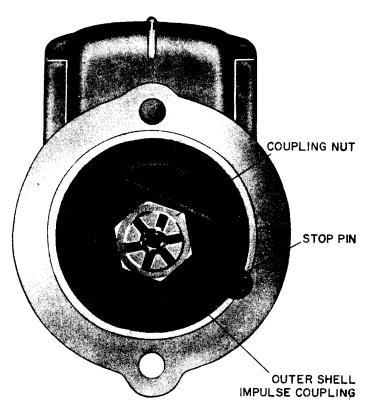


Fig. 4

#### BREAKER POINTS

Remove the fulcrum pin snap ring; lift the point set from the bearing plate. Inspect the points for pitting, oxidation or shorting. If the points are badly worn they should be replaced.

#### CONDENSER

Remove the condenser screw, which will also release the coil wire. Lift out the condenser and test for leakage, high resistance and correct capacity.

#### BEARING SUPPORT

Scribe a line to mark position of bearing plate in housing. The bearing support is the mounting plate for the breaker points and the condenser. Remove the two bearing support mounting screws and lift out the bearing support plate. Inspect the bearing for excessive wear.

#### COIL (Fig. 3)

With the bearing support removed, take out the two coil locking wedges with a blade type screw driver. Lift out the coil assembly. Test the coil for resistance in the primary and shorted secondary windings.

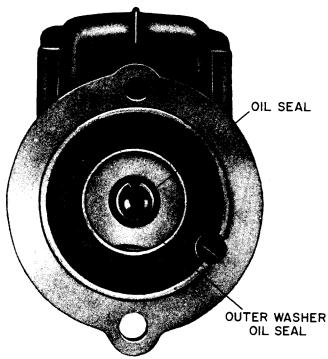


Fig. 5

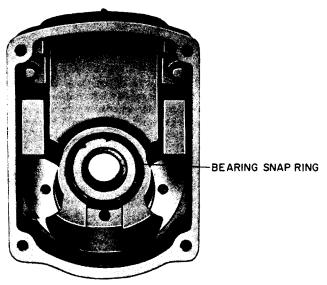


Fig. 6

#### IMPULSE COUPLING (Fig. 4)

Remove the coupling nut, bushing, plate washer, outer shell and spring assembly. Remove the coupling hub with a suitable puller. Inspect coupling pawls for excessive wear. Replace if necessary. Also remove stop pin with screwdriver and inspect for wear. Replace if necessary.

#### MAGNETIC ROTOR (Fig. 5)

Using a narrow screwdriver, remove the outer washer, oil seal, inner washer, and the shaft snap ring. Press the rotor out of the housing. Remove staking ridges from housing.

#### BEARING - DRIVE END (Fig. 6)

Remove the bearing snap ring. Using a socket or other suitable tool, press out the bearing; inspect the bearing for wear and rough operation. Replace if necessary.

#### BEARING SUPPORT ASSEMBLY BEARING

Place the bearing support assembly on the open jaws of a vise. Be sure the vise jaws are open only as far as is needed to allow the bearing to pass through. Using a flat punch, drive out the bearing.

#### REASSEMBLY

Before reassembly clean and inspect all parts. Replace all worn or defective parts.

#### BEARING - DRIVE END

If original bearing is being reused, pack bearing with IC9 bearing grease.

Using a socket or other suitable tool press the bearing into the housing until the bearing seats against the shoulder in the housing. Install the bearing snapring.

#### BEARING SUPPORT ASSEMBLY BEARING

Place the bearing support assembly on a firm flat surface. Using a socket for support, press the cam end bearing, carefully centered, into the support plate.

#### MAGNETIC ROTOR

The rotor magnets used in this magneto are made of a stable alnico material which retains its charge for long periods of time under normal conditions; therefore recharging should not be required.

Press the rotor into the drive end bearing until it seats against the bearing. Install shaft snap ring,

new inner washer, new oil seal and new outer washer. Stake in place.

#### IMPULSE COUPLING

Key the coupling assembly onto the rotor shaft. Replace the plate washer, bushing and coupling nut.

#### COIL

Position the coil in the housing with the coil leads and hi-tension connector outward. Install the coil wedges and seat by lightly tapping into place with a lightweight hammer.

#### BEARING SUPPORT PLATE

Position the bearing support plate, matching the lines which were scribed at disassembly. Tighten screws.

#### CONDENSER

Install the condenser with the ground wire from the coil; tighten the screw securely.

#### BREAKER POINTS

Connect the coil ground contact, condenser lead, shutdown wire, and the breaker arm spring to the stationary point with the terminal screw. Do not tighten at this time. Install the stationary and movable points over the fulcrum pin and onto the bearing support plate. Be sure the stationary point is correctly positioned to lay flat on the bearing support plate. Install the support screw into the bearing support plate. Install the fulcrum pin snap ring. Do not lubricate the fulcrum pin. Position the coil wire, condenser lead, shutdown wire tab and the breaker arm spring so they do not contact any metal parts, and tighten the terminal screw.

To adjust the points for correct clearance turn the rotor so that the highest point of the cam is under the rubbing block and the points are being held at their widest opening. Adjust this opening by moving the stationary point until a clearance of .015 if obtained. Tighten all screws securely. Rotate the cam several revolutions and recheck point opening. Lubricate the cam with a very light film of IC9 bearing grease. Avoid excessive greasing.

#### END CAP

Connect shutdown wire from end cap to tab at point assembly. Be sure not to contact any metal parts. The end cap gasket is all the seal required on this magneto. Install end cap and tighten the four screws.

Check operation of magneto on a magneto test bench following manufacturer's procedure.